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901

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National Association of Broadcasters

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NAB STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

Adopted by the BOARD, Aug. 7, 1945, Amended, Jan. 3, 1946

FOREWORD

BROADCASTING is dedicated to freedom of expression, limited only as prescribed by law and by considerations of decency and good taste.

The National Association of Broadcasters formulates and publishes the following Standards of Practice as a guide to assist the licensee in operating in the public interest.

Determination of what shall be broadcast rests entirely with the station licensee and this responsibility may not be delegated.

Public Questions

Station licensees should provide time for the presentation of public questions. Such time should be allotted with due regard to the value and interest of the subject to the public.

Treatment of Political and Public Question Broadcasts

Broadcasts designed for the presentation of political, economic, social or philosophic questions or the candidacy of any person for public office or a measure to be voted upon should be presented by straightforward statement appealing to intelligence and reason.

News

News should be presented with fairness and accuracy and the station licensee should be satisfied that the arrangements made for obtaining news insure this result. News should not be selected for the purpose of furthering or hindering either side of any public question nor should it be colored by the opinions or desires of the station management, the editor or others engaged in its preparation or the person actually delivering it over the air, or, in the case of sponsored news broadcasts, the advertiser.

The fundamental purpose of news dissemination in a democracy is to enable people to know what is happening and to understand the meaning of events so that they may form their own conclusions.

Children's Programs

Programs designed specifically for children reach impressionable minds and influence social attitudes, aptitudes and approaches and, therefore, they require the closest supervision of broadcasters in the selection and control of material, characterization and plot.

This does not mean that the vigor and vitality common to a child's imagination and love of adventure should be removed. It does mean that programs should be based upon sound social concepts and presented with a

National Association of Broadcasters

superior degree of craftsmanship; that these programs should reflect respect for parents, adult authority, law and order, clean living, high morals, fair play and honorable behavior. Such programs should not contain sequences involving horror or torture or use of the supernatural or superstitious or any other material which might reasonably be regarded as likely to over-stimulate the child listener, or be prejudicial to sound character development. No advertising appeal which would encourage activities of a dangerous social nature should be permitted.

To establish acceptable and improving standards for children's programs, the National Association of Broadcasters will continuously engage in studies and consultation with parent and child study groups. The results of these studies will be made available for application to all children's programs.

Education

While all radio programs possess some educative values, broadcasters should endeavor to assist specific educational efforts. In cooperation with educators and other appropriate groups, broadcasters should search for improving applications of radio as a medium of education.

Religion

Broadcasting, which reaches men of all creeds and races simultaneously, should not be used to convey attacks upon another's race or religion. Rather it should be the purpose of the religious broadcast to promote the spiritual harmony and understanding of mankind and to administer broadly to the varied religious needs of the community.

Commercial Programs and Length of Commercial Portion

Acceptance of programs and announcements should be limited to products and services offered by individuals and firms engaged in legitimate commerce; whose products, services, advertising, testimonials and other statements comply with pertinent legal requirements, fair trade practices and accepted standards of good taste.

Brief handling of commercial copy is recommended procedure at all times, with special consideration being given to the effect on the listener of the manner of presentation.

Member stations should hold the length of the commercial portion, including that devoted to contests and offers, to the following number of minutes and seconds:

Five minute programs
Five minute news programs
Ten minute programs
Fifteen minute programs
Twenty-five minute programs
Thirty minute programs
Sixty minute programs

National Association of Broadcasters

In participation programs, announcement programs, "Musical Clocks," shoppers guides and other programs of fifteen minutes or longer falling within these general classifications, the commercial portion should not exceed 20% of the total time utilized.

The 20% limitation does not apply when a fifteen minute or longer segment is sold to one sponsor. The commercial portion should then be the same as given in the table on page 905.

"Standards of Good Taste"

The following are deemed to be generally unacceptable under these Standards of Practice:

- 1. Unfair attacks upon competitors, competing products, or upon other industries, professions or institutions.
- 2. Misleading statements of price or value or misleading comparisons of price or value.
- 3. Continuity which describes repellently any functions or symptomatic results of disturbances, or relief granted such disturbances through use of any product.
- 4. Cures and products claiming to cure.
- 5. Advertising statements or claims member stations know to be false, deceptive or grossly exaggerated.
- 6. Any remedy or other product the sale of which or the method of sale of which constitutes a violation of law.
- 7. Any spirituous or "hard" liquor.
- 8. Any fortune-telling, mind-reading, or character-reading, by hand-writing, numerology, palm-reading, or astrology, or advertising related thereto.
- 9. Schools that offer questionable or untrue promises of employment as inducements for enrollment.
- 10. Matrimonial agencies.
- 11. Offers of "home work" except by firms of unquestioned responsibility.
- 12. Any "dopester," tip-sheet or race track publications.
- 13. All forms of speculative finance. Before member stations accept any financial advertising, it should be fully ascertained that such advertising and such advertised services comply with all pertinent federal, state and local laws.

RADIO GROUPS — UNIONS — ASSOCIATIONS PERSONNEL — GUILDS — ADDRESSES

Acoustical Society of America

120 S. LaSalle St., Chicago 3, III. Randolph 8460

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FUNCTIONS

The purpose of the society is to increase and diffuse the knowledge of acoustics and promote its practical applications.

Actors Equity Association

45 W. 47th St., New York 19, N. Y. BRyant 9-3550

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San Francisco: Theodore Hale, 315 Montgomery St. Hollywood: I. B. Kornblum, 6331 Hollywood Blvd. Chicago: Frank Dare, 720 Bittersweet Place. Phone, Wellington 6377.

Chorus Equity: 701 7th Ave., New York 19, N. Y.

Advertising Federation of America

330 West 42nd St., New York, N. Y. BRyant 9-0430

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FUNCTION

To provide a common forum and a central medium for cooperative effort on behalf of all individuals and groups interested in advertising.

To elevate the standards of advertising practice and to combat any unfair competitive methods in its sale.

To help increase the effectiveness of advertising as an instrument of distribution, with its resulting benefits to business and the general public.

To determine and disseminate more accurate knowledge of the functions of advertising in business, and its social and economic values.

To aid in raising the standards of education and training for advertising practitioners.

Advertising Research Foundation

11 West 42nd St., New York, N. Y. Circle 6-6106

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FUNCTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

Measurement of reading habits, qualitative analysis of media, general studies of advertising for equal interest to advertisers, agencies and media.

American Assn. of Adv. Agencies (AAAA)

420 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y. Lexington 2-7980

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FUNCTIONS

The American Association of Advertising Agencies was formed in 1917 by the amalgamation of the New England. New York, Philadelphia. Southern and Western Advertising Agency Associations—to promote the interests and raise the standards of advertising and of the advertising agency business.

It welcomes to membership any advertising agency qualified to aid in this puroose by reason of its ability to serve the cause of advertising, its financial soundness and its demonstrated desire to adhere to sound and ethical business practices.

The aims of the Association are partly ethical and partly economic. It is a professional body and also a trade association. It aims to raise standards, to improve technique, to ascertain values, to safeguard relations, and to cooperate with other organized effort in related fields.

One of the major aims of the Association is to keep advertising agency practice on a high level, in order that it may be most useful to the advertiser, most helpful to the publisher and respected by business men.

Early in its career the Association adopted for the guidance of its members two official statements. One is entitled "Agency Service Standards," in which agency service is defined, so that advertisers and publishers may know what to expect and agencies may know what should be required of them, thus discouraging the incompetent and encouraging those equipped to render effective service.

The other statement, entitled "Standards of Practice." deals with agency relations with media, clients and the public, with fair and ethical agency competition, and other professional ethics.

American Bar Association (Standing Committee on Communications)

Office of the Chairman: 1002 Hill Bldg. Washington, D. C. Republic 3833

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FUNCTIONS

To advance the science of jurisprudence, promote the administration of justice and uniformity of legislation and of judicial decision in the Nation, uphold the honor of the profession of the law.

American Communications Association (C. I. O.)

5 Beekman St., New York, N. Y. COrtlandt 7-1374

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744 Jackson Place, Washington 6, D. C. NAtional 5691

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American Federation of Musicians

570 Lexington Ave., New York 22, N. Y. PLaza 8-0600

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2 West 45th St., New York 19, N. Y. VAnderbilt 6-1810

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American Guild of Musical Artists, Inc. (A. F. L.)

2 W. 45th St., New York 19, N. Y. MUrray Hill 2-8407

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San Francisco: Theodore Hale, 315 Montgomery St. Phone, Exbrook 2770.

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FUNCTIONS

Labor union having jurisdiction over opera, concert, recital and ballet activities; branch of Associated Actors and Artistes of America, affiliated with American Federation of Labor. AGMA's purpose is to bar-gain collectively on behalf of its members and to deal with employers, contractors, managers, impresarios, agents and others whose activities affect its members.

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FUNCTIONS

American Marketing Association is an organization for the advancement of science in marketing.

American Newspaper Publishers Association

370 Lexington Ave., New York 17, N. Y. CAledonia 5-2000

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360 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, III.

FUNCTIONS

To foster and protect the business and business interests of daily newspapers.

American Radio Relay League, Inc.

38 LaSalle Road, West Hartford, Conn. Hartford 3-6269

OFFICERS

President		. George	W.	Bailey
Managing Se	ecretary	Cenneth	В.	Warner
Treasurer		David H	. Н	oughton
Communicat	ion Manager	Francis	Ε.	Handy

BRANCH OFFICE

225 Main St., Newington, Conn. Phone, 92140. F. E. Handy, Communications Manager.

FUNCTIONS

The American Radio Relay League is a non-commercial association of radio amateurs, bonded for the promotion of interest in amateur radio communication and experimentation, for the relaying of messages by radio, for the advancement of the radio art and of the public welfare, for the representation of the amateur in legislative matters, and for the maintenance of fraternalism and a high standard of conduct. The League publishes QST, a publication devoted solely to amateur radio, issued monthly. It also publishes The Radio Amateur's Handbook annually and other publications.

American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers

30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N. Y. COlumbus 5-7464

OFFICERS

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Vice-PresidentGustave Schirmer
Vice-PresidentOscar Hammerstein Il
SecretaryGeorge W. Meyer
Treasurer
Assistant SecretaryDonald Gray
Assistant TreasurerIrving Caesar

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Conoral Manager

Mid-Western

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ASCAP, 1100 Midland Bldg., 101 Prospect Ave.,
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E. W. Peterson, 912 Northwestern Bank Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn. Messrs, Grosner & Burak, 782-4 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

John C. Wooden, 7 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, III.

Southern

ASCAP, 603 Hibernia Bank Bldg., New Orleans, La. Samuel Feldman, 3910-11 Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Chas. McDowell, 1613-14 Tower Fetroleum Bldg., 1903 Elm St., Dallas, Texas. I. T. Cohen, 607 1st Nat'l Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Eastern

Samuel Berkett, 44 School St., Boston, Mass. Arthur L. Rothkranz, 1616 Baltimore Trust Bldg., Baltimore, Md. H. A. Brown, 1638 Lincoln Liberty Bldg., Philadelphia,

ra.
William J. O'Brien, 509 Grant Bldg., Pittsburgh Pa.
Lawrence B. Schlums, 1431 Lincoln Alliance Bldg.,
Rochester, N. Y.
Aaron Kane, National Newark Bldg., 744 Broad St.,
Newark, N. J.
Clarence Rubin, 30 Rockefeller Pl., New York, N. Y.

FUNCTIONS

ASCAP licenses public performance for profit of music copyrighted by its members and the members of many similar societies located in foreign countries.

American Television Society

2 W. 45th St., New York 19, N. Y. VAnderbilt 6-0600

OFFICERS

President	hupert
Vice-PresidentDavid Hale H	alpern
TreasurerDon M	cClure
SecretaryAlice Per	ntlarge

DIRECTORS

Prof. Edward C. Cole, John Flory, Dan D. Halpin, Charles H. Kleinman, Evelyn Peirce, Theodore Huston, Jr., Herbert E. Taylor, Jr.

FUNCTIONS

American Television Society is a non-profit group organized to foster the study, understanding and appreciation of television as a cultural, educational, entertainment and advertising medium. It provides its members with an intelligence center and clearing house for information pertaining to television and its development; a forum for the exchange of ideas and discussion of mutual problems relating to or affecting television; a television library; special meetings for the dissemination of television information; the opportunity to view and study television technique.

Associated Actors and Artistes of America

45 W. 47th St., New York, N. Y. BRYANT 9-3550

OFFICERS

PresidentPaul Dullzell
1st Vice-PresidentEmily Holt
2nd Vice-PresidentReuben Guskin
3rd Vice-PresidentMatt Shelvey
Executive SecretaryRuth Richmond
CounselPaul N. Turner

BRANCH OFFICES

Actors' Equity Association, 45 West 47th St., New York City (19). Paul Dullzell, Executive Secretary. American Federation of Radio Artists, 2 West 45th

St., New York City (19). Mrs. Emily Holt, Executive Secretary.

Secretary.

American Guild of Musical Artists, 2 West 45th St.,
New York City (19). Albert B. Gins.

American Guild of Variety Artists, 1697 Broadway,
New York City (19). Matt Shelvey. National Director.

Brother Artists Association, 44 West 60th St., New
York City (23). Thomas J. Phillips, President.

Chorus Equity Association, 701 Seventh Ave., New
York City (19). Miss Ruth Richmond, Executive Secre-

Hebrew Actors Union, 31 East 7th St., New York City (3). Mr. Reuben Guskin, Manager. Hebrew Chorus Union, 643 Rockaway Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y. (12). Miss Anne Saltzman, Secretary. Hungarian Actors and Artists Association, 266 East 78th St., New York City (21). Tibor Gathy, Executive Secretary.

Secretary.
Italian Actors Union, 106 West 52nd St., New York
City (19). Lawrence Rondine, Secretary-Treasurer.
Screen Actors Guild, 7046 Hollywood Blvd., Hollywood, California (28). John Dales, Jr., Executive
Secretary. Mrs. Florence Marston, Eastern Representative, 545 Fifth Ave., New York City (17).
Screen Extras Guild, 1526 N. Las Palmas Ave.,
Hollywood 28, California. Edd. X. Russell, President.

FUNCTIONS

To advance, promote, foster, and protect the welfare of players and entertainers of the entertainment world.

Assoc. of Canadian Advertisers, Inc.

303 Federal Building, 85 Richmond St., West, Toronto 1, Ontario. ADelaide 8047-8

OFFICERS

President: L. E. Phenner, Canadian Cellucotton Products Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont. Vice-Presidents: Neil B. Powter, Howard Smith Vice-Presidents: Neil B. Powter, Howard Smith Paper Mills Limited, Montreal, Que.; Harold J. C. Jackson, Chrysler Corporation of Canada, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.; George S. Bertram, Swift Canadian Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.; Lee Trenholm, Underwood Limited, Toronto, Ont.
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This association was incorporated in March 1917. For 31 years the Association of Canadian Advertisers has functioned as an organization of Canadian com-panies devoted to the interests and promotion of good advertising.

BUREAU OF BROADCAST MEASUREMENT

303 Federal Building, 85 Richmond Street West,

Toronto 1, Ontario
ADelaide 8047-8
President: L. E. Phenner,
Products Co. Limited, Toronto. Phenner, Canadian Cellucotton

Vice-President: Adrian Head, J. Walter Thompson Co. Ltd., Toronto.

Secretary-Treasurer: Athol McQuarrie, Association of Canadian Advertisers, Inc., Toronto.

DIRECTORS

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FUNCTIONS

A co-operative organization for the standardization and analysis of facts about radio.

Association for Education by Radio

226 N. LaSalle St., Chicago 1, III.

NATIONAL OFFICERS

1. Keith Tyler, president, director of radio education, Ohio State University.

Luke L. Roberts, first vice-president, educational director KOIN, Portland, Oregon.

Robert B. Hudson, second vice-president, supervisor of educational programs, Columbia Broadcasting

George Jennings, treasurer, acting director, Chicago Radio Council.

Kathleen N. Lardie, secretary, assistant Department of Radio Education, Detroit public schools.

REGIONAL PRESIDENTS

Robert B. Macdougall, Region I, director of edu-cational activities, WAAT, Newark, N. J. Sam H. Linch, Region II, supervisor of radio edu-

cation, Atlanta public schools.

Blanche Young, Region III, radio consultant, Indianapolis public schools.

R. Russell Porter, Region IV, director, radio office, Kansas State Teachers College, Emporia.
John W. Gunstream, Region V.
Mary E. Gilmore, Region VI, director, KBPS, Portland Oregion public schools.

land, Oregon, public schools.

Alpha Epsilon Rho: The association sponsors Alpha

Epsilon Rho, an undergraduate, professional fraternity in radio.

Sherman P. Lawton, executive secretary, University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.

Membership Committee: Kathleen N. Lardie, Chairman, department of radio education, Detroit public schools.

EDITORIAL BOARD

Helen Anderson, Lyman Bryson, Sarah Jones, Kath-leen N. Lardie, Watt Long, Robert Macdougall, Hazel Kenyon Markel, Ha:o:d B. McCarty, Tracy F. Tyler, chairman.

FUNCTIONS

Promotion of education by radio and the publication of a journal (Journal of the AER) monthly except June, July and August.

AER JOURNAL STAFF

Tracy F. Tyler, editor, University of Minnesota. George Jennings, business manager, acting director, Chicago Radio Council. James G. Hanlon, circulation manager, WGN, Chicago. John W. Brandstetter, Amo DeBernardis, Max J. Herzberg, Alice W. Manchester, Jennings Pierce, contributing editors.

Assn. of National Advertisers, Inc.

285 Madison Ave., New York 17, N. Y. MU 5-9167

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FUNCTIONS

The Association of National Advertisers is composed of the leading companies of the United States who use advertising. Its function is to represent them and further their interests as buyers of advertising.

Association of Radio News Analysts

Room 1207, 1540 Broadway, New York, N. Y. BRyant 9-7800, Extension 386.

OFFICERS

PresidentLowell Thomas
Chairman, Exec. CommitteeH. V. Kaltenborn
Vice-PresidentJohn W. Vandercook
Vice-President
SecretaryJohannes Steel
Treasurer Max Hill

FUNCTIONS

Membership consists of experienced news analysts devoting a major part of their time to radio work and not voicing their own commercials. The association's function is to improve quality and standards of radio news analysts.

The Authors' League of America

6 E. 39th St., New York, N. Y. MUrray Hill 5-6930

OFFICERS

PresidentRussel C	rouse
Vice-PresidentFannie	Hurst
Secretary	mour
Treasurer Arthur Schy	wartz

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FUNCTIONS

The Authors' League of America, Inc., is the national organization of authors, dramatists, screen writers and radio writers. It was organized in 1912 in order to procure adequate copyright legislation, both international and domestic; to protect the rights and property of all those who create copyrightable material of whatever kind or nature; to

advise and assist all such in business matters relating to the disposal of their productions and to obtain for them prompt remuneration therefor; to disseminate information among them as to their just rights and remedies. Its membership is approximately 4,200.

BMI Canada, Ltd.

2100 Victory Bldg., Toronto, Ont.

OFFICERS

PresidentSydn	iey Kaye
Vice-PresidentMerritt E. T	ompkins
Vice-President	edgwick
Vice-PresidentJoseph S	edgwick
Vice-PresidentGlen Ba	nnerman
Secretary-TreasurerT. Arthu	ır Evans

FUNCTIONS

BMI Canada, Ltd., was organized to buy and publish original music, to coordinate and license performing rights of music published under its own imprint and of music in the catalogs of affiliated publishers and performing right societies and to provide equal opportunity of recognition for all writers and composers.

The British Broadcasting Corporation

630 Fifth Ave., New York 20, N. Y. CIrcle 7-0656

OFFICERS

North American DirectorCharles H. Brewer
Asst. North American DirectorWilliam R. Reid
Special Asst. to N.A.D
Program Advisor
Research Department
Public Relations ManagerChristopher Cross
Chief EngineerArthur S. Toby
Program DirectorStephen Fry
Talks ProducerAnnette Ebsen
Productions ManagerRoy Lockwood

BRANCH OFFICES

Chicago: 430 N. Michigan Ave., Phone, Delaware 6881. William N. Newton, Middle West Representative. Washington: 1150 Connecticut Ave. Phone Executive 1465. Leonard Miall, Washington Correspondent.

FUNCTIONS

Activities of the North American offices of the British Broadcasting Corporation consist of two interrelated but separate operations. The first, Eastbound Operations, are concerned with the interpretation of
the American scene to British audiences. The other,
Westbound Operations, are concerned with making
available to independent radio stations and networks
regular and specially requested programs broadcast from
England in the BBC's North American Service.

Broadcast Music, Inc. (BMI)

580 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. PEnnsylvania 6-5466

OFFICERS

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Vice-President-General	CounselSydi	ney	M.	Kaye
Vice-President-General	ManagerM.	E.	Tom	p kins
Treasurer		E.	Law	rence

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ner, WCAE; Carl Haverlin, Mutual Broadcasting System; C. W. Myers, KOIN; J. Leonard Reinsch, WSB; Joseph McDonald, American Broadcasting Co., Inc.; Frank K. White, Columbia Broadcasting System.

BRANCH OFFICES

1549 North Vine St., Hollywood, Calif. Executive-in-ChargeEddie Janis

54 West Randolph St., Chicago, III. Executive-in-ChargeJames Cairns

FUNCTIONS

The functions of BMI are: (1) To buy and publish original music; (2) to coordinate and license the performing rights to music published under its own imprint and of music in the catalogs of affillated publishers and performing rights societies; (3) to provide equal opportunity of recognition for all writers and composers.

Canadian Assn. of Broadcasters

2100 Victory Bldg., Toronto, Ont. Canada

Elgin 5623

OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

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FUNCTIONS

The Canadian Association of Broadcasters is a trade association comprising 62 privately owned radio stations.

Composers, Authors and Publishers Assn. of Canada, Ltd.

(formerly Canadian Performing Rights Society)

1003 Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto, Canada Phone: Elgin 9219

OFFICERS

President-Managing Director...H. T. Jamieson, F.C.A.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Raiph Hawkes, Holmes Maddock, H. T. Jamieson, representing The Performing Right Society Limited, London, England, and John G. Paine, Gordon V. Thompson, W. S. Low, representing the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

Catholic Actors Guild of America, Inc.

Hotel Astor, New York 19, N. Y. Circle 6-5566

	OFFICEK2	
President		Gene Buck
1st Vice-President.		Pat O'Brien
2nd Vice-President		lav lostyn

Honorary Vice-Presidents:

Benevolent and social organization, founded to promote the best interests of the stage, screen and radio and the people of the theatrical profession.

Catholic Writers Guild of America

128 W. 71st St., New York, N. Y. ENdicott 2-0412

Spiritual Director. Rev. John B. Kelly
President James J. Munaz
Vice-President Richard Reid
Treasurer. Clarence E. Heller
Executive Secretary Eleanor M. Tucker
Corresponding Secretary Bernadette S. McCarty

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FUNCTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

The press, inclusive of the writer, editor and publisher of newspaper, magazine, screen and stage manuscripts, desiring a statement of the Catholic mind on Church issues or current national events, will find the Catholic Writers Guild of America ready to cooperate in directing inquiry to a source of authentic information.

Chicago Radio Management Club

230 N. Michigan Ave. Chicago, III

OFFICERS

President Harlow P. Roberts
Vice-President Margaret Wylie
Secretary Hildred Sanders
Treasurer John T. Carey

FUNCTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

The Chicago Radio Management Club is an organization consisting of members in executive capacities in advertising agencies and radio stations in Chicago, III. Meetings are held weekly wherein any and all problems relative to radio business can be discussed on common grounds, conclusion drawn and plans for the solution of particular problems authorized for action.

Committee on Consumer Relations In Advertising, Inc.

420 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y. MUrray Hill 5-7367

OFFICERS

Chairman.....John Benson
Executive Director.....Kenneth Dameron

FUNCTIONS

This committee engages in research in the economics of advertising and the economics of consumption; provides a meeting place where consumers and advertisers can discuss mutual problems; provides consultation service for advertising agencies and others interested in management problems arising from consumer movements.

The Dramatists' Guild

6 E. 39th St., New York, N. Y. MUrray Hill 5-6930

OFFICERS

President Richard Rodgers Vice-President George S. Kaufman SecretaryVictor Wolfson

COUNCIL

George Abbott, Robert Ardrey, Philip Barry, Edward Childs Carpenter, Edward Chodorov, Russel Crouse, Owen Davis, Howard Dietz, Philip Dunning, Dorothy Fields, Joseph Fields, Nancy Hamilton, Oscar Hamerstein, II, Lillian Hellman, F. Hugh Herbert, George S. Kaufman, Sidney Kingsley, Arthur Kober, Howard Lindsay, Ogden Nash, Elliott Nugent, Eugene O'Neill, Paul Ceber, John Patrick, Samen Paphaeleon, Elmer Paul Osborn, John Patrick, Samson Raphaelson, Elmer Rice, Arthur Schwartz, Robert E. Sherwood, Kurt Weill, and Victor Wolfson.

FUNCTIONS

The Dramatists' Guild is one of the guilds of the Authors' League of America, Inc. The guild is primarily a protective organization for playwrights.

Federal Communications Bar Assn.

Office of Secretary, 921 Tower Bldg., Washington, D. C. District 2141

OFFICERS

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1st Vice-President	Carl I. Wheat
2nd Vice-President	Reed T. Rollo
Secretary	William A. Porter
TreasurerArt	

FUNCTIONS

A national association of lawyers admitted to practice before the Federal Communications Commission.

Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Department of National Religious Radio

297 Fourth Ave., New York, N. Y. GRamercy 5-3475

OFFICERS

FUNCTIONS

The Department of National Religious Radio was organized in 1923 to promote the effective use of broadcasting in the field of religion. With a membership including representatives of the major protestant groups, the organization arranges and produces seventeen non-sectarian religious radio programs each week, as well as special programs, over national networks.

Federal Radio Education Committee (FREC)

Tempo 2, 19th and D Sts., N.W., Washington, D. C. Executive 6500, Extension 2565

OFFICERS.

Chairman J. W. Studebaker Vice-Chairman C. F. Klinefelter Vice-Chairman C. F. Klinefelter Secretary-Editor Gertrude G. Broderick

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George P. Adair, Chief Engineer, Federal Communications Commission.

Byron, Director of Education, Columbia Broadcasting System.
Clifford J. Durr, Commissioner, Federal Communica-

tions Commission.

John Elmer, President, Baltimore Broadcasting Corporation Willard E. Givens, Executive Secretary, National

Education Association.

Rev. Frederick G. Hochwalt, Director, Department of Education, National Catholic Welfare Conference. Edgar Kobak, President, Mutual Broadcasting System.

Eugar Robak, President, Mutual Broadcasting System.
Dabney S. Lancaster, State Superintendent of Public
Instruction (Va.) representing National Council of
Chief State School Officers.
Harold B. McCarty, Director, Station WHA, representing National Association of Educational Broad-

casters.

Bruce E. Mahan, Director of Extension, State University of Iowa, representing National University Extension Association.

Justin Miller, President, National Association of Broadcasters.

H. B. Summers, Manager of Public Service. The Blue Network.

Levering Tyson, President, Muhlenberg College. Judith C. Waller, Educational Director, Central Division, National Broadcasting Company.

FUNCTIONS

The Federal Radio Education Committee was appointed in 1935 by the Federal Communications Compointed in 1935 by the Federal Communications Commission with the recommendation at that time that the broadcaster, on one hand, and the educator, on the other, combine forces which would: (1) eliminate controversy and misunderstanding between groups of educators and between the industry and educators; (2) promote actual cooperative arrangements between educators and broadcasters on national, regional and local bases. Publications to date include regional and local bases. Publications to date include regional and local bases. Publications to date include Script Exchange Catalog, Forums on the Air, College Radio Workshop, The School Radio Sound System, Radio Program Production Aids, "Americans All-Immigrants All," a supplementary teaching aid in the use of recordings of program series of the same name, the FREC Service Bulletin, Suggested Standards for College Courses in Radio, a Directory of Schools and Colleges Offering Courses in Radio. and Colleges Offering Courses in Radio.

Federal Trade Commission

Pennsylvania Ave. at 6th St., N.W., Washington, D.C. EXecutive 6800

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Commissioner
Commissioner Ewin L. Davis
Commissioner
SecretaryOtis B. Johnson
Chief Counsel
Chief ExaminerJames A. Horton
Chief Economist
Dir. Trade Practice ConferencesHenry Miller
Director, Radio & Periodical DivisionP. B. Morehouse
Assistant Director, Radio & Periodical Division
William F. Davidson

FUNCTIONS

The Federal Trade Commission is a Governmental agency whose object is to prevent unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in commerce. For a description of the actual procedure and work of this body see articles appearing in other sections of this volume.

First Advertising Agency Group

734 Union Commerce Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio Main 5194

OFFICERS

PresidentLee E. Donnelley
Vice-PresidentNorman Lewis
Secretary-Treasurer

BRANCH OFFICES

Membership in this organization includes advertising agencies in the following cities: Albany, N. Y.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Des Moines, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Jackschville, Fla. Los Angeles, Calif.; Nashville, Tenn.; New York, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Richmond, Va.; San Francisco, Calif.; Salt Lake City, Utah; St. Louis, Mo.

FUNCTIONS

This organization is a cooperative group of independently owned advertising agencies using identical standards of agency procedure and acting as branch offices in the interest of each member.

The Institute for Education by Radio

Established 1930

Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio UNiversity 3148, Extension 708

OFFICERS

Honorary Director	.W.	W. CI	harters
Director	1.	Keith	Tyler
Executive SecretaryArdis	Hill	man W	heeler'

PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Howard Donahue, Program Director, WCOL; W. H. Ewing, Director, WOSU; T. C. Holy, Director, Bureau of of Educational Research, Ohio State University; Irwin A. Johnson, Director of Developmental Programs, WBNS; John Moses, Production Manager, WHKC; H. W. Nisonger, Chairman, University Radio Education Committee; I. Keith Tyler, Director of the Institute; W. Hayes Yeager, Chairman, Speech Department.

FUNCTIONS

This annual national conference was established in 1930 at the Ohio State University to provide for joint discussion, by broadcasters, educators and civic leaders, of the problems of educational broadcasting. The program is devoted chiefly to consideration of the prolicies and techniques of radio and is developed from the suggestions and recommendations of those attending the Institute in previous year. No resolutions are passed. The Institute also sponsors the American Exhibition and Citations of Educational Radio Programs which gives awards and honorable mentions to outstanding program series.

Institute of Radio Engineers, Inc.

330 West 42nd St., New York 18, N. Y. MEdallion 3-5661

OFFICERS

PresidentFr	ederick	В.	Lle	wellyn
Vice President	Edward	:М.	De	loraine
Treasurer	Will	iam	c.	White
Secretary	I	Hara	den	Pratt

FUNCTIONS

The Institute of Radio Engineers is a professional organization of engineers in radio and allied fields. It publishes a magazine entitled "Proceeding of the I. R. E." and conducts meetings in New York and various other cities in the United States, Canada, and Argentina.

Intercollegiate Broadcasting System, Inc.

507 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. VAnderbilt 6-6075

OFFICERS

ChairmanGeorge	Abraham
Technical ManagerDavid	W. Borst
Program ManagerDavi	d Linton
Station Relations ManagerSonia-Jar	ne Brown

BRANCH OFFICE

706 Sanders Ave., Schenectady 2, N. Y. Technical Manager............... David W. Borst

FUNCTIONS

Intercollegiate Broadcasting system is a non-profit association of college campus radio stations and has as its purpose the furtherance of education, entertainment and goodwill among its members. The IBS maintains for the benefit of its members program, business and technical departments. Member stations include the following: University of Alabama, Brigham Young University, Frown University, Fryn Mawr College, Bucknell University, Columbia University, Cornell University, Harvard University, Haverford College, Mac-Murray College, Mary Washington College, North Carolina State College, Ohio University, University of Pennsylvania, Princeton University, Radcliffe College, Russell Sage College, St. Lawrence University, University of South Carolina, Stephens College, Swarthmore College, Union College, Wellesley College, Wesleyan University, Williams College, Yale University.

Interdepartment Radio Advisory Committee (IRAC)

Chairman's Office: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS

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Vice-Chair	man
Secretary	M. H. Woodward
As sisttant	Secretary
Chairman,	Technical Subcommittee Lt. Comdr. A. L. Budlong

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Department of JusticeE. P. Coffey
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М.	A.	Price				 ٠.						FCC
Maj	or	Natha	niel	Whi	te.	 ٠.			٠ ١	War	Departr	nent
Dr.	E.	Dillon	Smi	th De	pt.	of	Con	nmerce,	WB
I. V	V. (Conrad	i			 		. D	ept	. of	lustice.	FBI

FUNCTIONS

This committee, composed of representative officials from the various government departments and agencies is charged with advising the President in regard to the assignment of frequencies to government station or classes of station. Little of the committee's work is divulged for public information because of its nature (e.g. National Defense), which is confidential. is confidential.

International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

1200 Fifteenth St., N.W., Washington 5, D. C. District 3764

OFFICERS

FUNCTIONS

The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers is an affiliate of the American Federation of Labor having jurisdiction over technicians, and engineers in radio broadcasting. IBEW unions of radio broadcast technicians and engineers have been established throughout the United States, and approximately 400 standard commercial broadcast stations have collective bargaining agreements with IBEW.

The Lambs

130 W. 44th St., New York 18, N. Y. BRyant 9-8020

OFFICERS

ShepherdRaymond Peck Boy Harold G. Hoffman
Corresponding SecretaryBobby Clark
Recording Secretary Jack Whiting
TreasurerJames E. Meighan
LibrarianJohn S. (Ole) Olson

DIRECTORS

Kenneth Webb, Earl Benham, John McManus, William P. Adams, Walter N. Greaza, Otto Harbach, Elliott Nugent, Joseph S. Buhler, Ward Wilson, Bruce Evans, William J. Kelly, Russ Brown, Frank Fay, John Alexander, Jay Jostyn, Otto Kreuger.

LIFE DIRECTORS: R. H. Burnside, William Gaxton,

Fred Waring, John Golden.

Market Research Council

New York 17, N. Y. c/o BBDD, 383 Madison Ave. ELdorado 5-5800 (ask for R. N. King)

OFFICERS

President			
Vice-PresidentEdw.	Ba	ttery,	Jr.
Secretary-TreasurerRo	bert	N.	King

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Ray Robinson, Edw. Battery, Jr., Robert N. King, D. B. Lucas, A. W. Lehman.

FUNCTIONS

This organization is a small informal group (limited membership) of leading market research men interested in general market research who meet monthly for a discussion of mutual problems.

Music Publishers' Protective Association, Inc.

45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N. Y. Clicle 6-3084

OFFICERS

Chairman of the Board	
President	Lester Santly
Vice-President	Jack Mills
Secretary	J. J. Bregman
Treasurer	Richard F. Murray
Agent and Trustee	Harry Fox

National Association of Broadcasters

1760 "N" Street, N.W., Washington 6, D. C. National 2080

OFFICERS

President Justin Miller
Executive Vice-President A. D. Willard, Jr.
Secretary-Treasurer C. E. Arney, Jr.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Director of Government Relations... Robert T. Bartley
Director of FM Department..... Robert T. Bartley
Director of Froadcast Advg...... Frank E. Pellegrin
Asst. Dir. of Broadcast Advg..... J. Alien Brown
Director of Engineering... Howard S. Frazier
Dir. of Promotion and Circulation... Arthur Stringer
Public Relations Consultant... Edward M. Kirby
Special Consultant... Willard D. Egolf
General Counsel... Inhn Morgan Davis

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Districts

1—Paul W. Morency, WTIC, Hartford, Connecticut

2—Kolin Hager, WGY, Schenectady, New York

3—George D. Coleman, WGBI, Scranton, Pa.

4—Campbell Arnoux, WTAR, Norfolk, Virginia

5—F. W. Borton, WQAM, Miami, Florida

6—Hoyt B. Wooten, WREC, Memphis, Tennessee

7—James D. Shouse, WLW, Cincinnati, Ohio

8—John E. Fetzer, WKZO, Kalamazoo, Michigan

9—Leslie C. Johnson, WHBF, Rock Island, Illinois

10—John J. Gillin, Jr., WOW, Omaha, Nebraska

11—E. L. Hayek, KATE, Albert Lea, Minnesota

12—William B. Way, KVOO, Tulsa, Oklahoma

13—Martin B. Campbell, WFAA, Dallas, Texas

14—Ugh B. Terry, KLZ, Denver, Colorado

15—William B. Smullin, KIEM, Eureka, California

16—William B. Ryan, KFI, Los Angeles, California

16—William B. Ryan, KFI, Los Angeles, California

17—Harry R. Spence, KXRO, Aberdeen, Washington

Directors-At-Large Districts Directors-At-Large

Directors-At-Large
Large Stations—J. Leonard Reinsch, WSB, Atlanta,
Georgia; J. Harold Ryan, WWVA, Wheeling, W. Va.
Medium Stations—T. A. M. Craven, WOL, Washington, D. C.; G. Richard Shafto, WIS, Columbia, S. C.
Small Stations—Matthew H. Bonebrake, KOCY, Oklahoma City, Okla.; Clair R. McCullough, WGAL, Lan-

caster, Pa. Network—CBS—Frank Stanton, New York, N. Y.; NBC—Frank M. Russell, Washington, D. C.

FUNCTIONS

The object of this Association shall be to foster and promote the development of the art of radio broad-casting; to protect its members in every lawful and proper manner from injustices and unjust exactions; to foster, encourage and promote laws, rules, regula-tions, customs and practices which will be for the best interest of the public and the radio industry.

National Assn. of Performing Artists

630 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. Circle 7-8194

OFFICERS

				Josef	
President.		 	 .	 .James J.	Walker
Vice-Presi	dent	 	 	 Fred	Waring

Vice-President......Meyer Davis
Vice-President.....Paul Whiteman

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Fred Waring, Chairman; Connie Boswell, Noel Coward, Bing Crosby, Meyer Davis, Mary Garden, Benny Goodman, Jascha Heifetz, Lewis James, Al Jolson, Arthur W. Levy, Guy Lombardo, John McCormack, Grace Moore, Ray Noble, Walter O'Keefe, Dick Powell, Fritz Reiner, Fabien Sevitsky, Nathaniel Shilkret, Lawrence Tibbett, Rudy Vallee, Don Voorhees, James J. Walker, Paul Whiteman, Victor Young, Efrem Zimbalist.

FUNCTIONS

The object of the Association is to protect the recordings of its members and the prevention of their unauthorized use primarily by broadcast stations. coin-operated machines, etc.

National Association of Educational Broadcasters

1010 S. Wright St., Urbana, Illinois Urbana 7-2616

OFFICERS

President	.Frank E. Schooley
Vice-President	
Treasurer	W. I. Griffith
Executive Secretary	A. James Abe

FUNCTIONS

To further the interests of educational broadcasting stations and educators broadcasting over commercial stations.

National Better Business Bureau, Inc.

405 Lexington Ave., New York 17, N. Y. MUrray Hill 6-3535

OFFICERS

President	R. P. Clayberger
Vice-President	Phillips Wyman
Secretary	.Warren C. Agry
Treasurer	
General Manager	

FUNCTIONS

This organization assists the public, advertisers and publishers to avoid false and deceptive advertising. It cooperate with law enforcement agencies in this work.

National Independent Broadcasters (NIB)

President's Office: 565 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. Plaza 3-1535
Washington Office: Edmonds Bldg., 917 Fifteenth St., N.W., Washington, D. C.
Phone, Republic 3607

OFFICERS

FUNCTIONS

This association was organized and is operated by independently owned and operated stations, as distinguished from national networks and stations owned or managed by national networks, to meet the need of special representation for such independently owned stations in handling the problems and activities peculiar to them as a group. All broadcast stations are eligible for membership except stations owned or managed by national networks

National Industrial Advertisers Association. Inc.

100 E. Ohio St., Chicago, III. Superior 8140

OFFICERS

Chairman, Board of Directors.. Schramm Inc., West Chester, Pa.

.W. Lane Witt President-General Manager N.I.A.A. Headquarters, 100 E. Ohio St., Chicago 11, III.

Secretary-Treasurer........Walter M. Yoger Bodine Electric Co., 2254 W. Ohio St., Chicago, III. .. Walter M. Yogerst

...J. A. Burgess

..... Ross M. Cunningham Vice-President...... Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Walter Kidde & Co., Inc., 140 Cedar St.,
New York, N. Y.
President Vice-President.

... Harry O. Heller Reed Roller Bit Co., Houston 1, Texas

LaPlant-Choate Mfg. Co., Cedar Rapids, Iowa

...C. N. Kirchner

ce-President Richard F. O'Ma Western Precipitation Corp., 1016 W. Ninth St., Los Angeles 15, Calif. Richard F. O'Mara Vice-President.

Vice-President......

Past-President..... resident.....James R. Kearn J. R. Kearney Corp., 4236 Clayton Ave., St. Louis 10, Mo. James R. Kearney, Jr.

FUNCTIONS

This organization is a trade association devoting its efforts exclusively to the advancement of industrial advertising and marketing technique and practice.

National Variety Artists, Inc.

223-5 W. 46th St., New York, N. Y. COlumbus 5-2638

OFFICERS

President		Louis Handin
First Vice-	-President	Jack Boyle
Second Vie	ce-President	Juliet Heath
Treasurer		Frank O'Connell

DIRECTORS

C. H. Preston, Leon E. Bendon, Bert Spencer, Joe Woods, James Mooney, Joe Verdi, Harry Jackson, Billy Gould, Lillian Weed, William Rich (alt.).

Phil Kelly, Bob Robbins, George Matthews, Hans Robert, Henry Lewinsohn, Joe Pastor.

FUNCTIONS

The function of National Variety Artists, Inc., is to promote Americanism and fraternal and welfare activities among the members of the theatrical profession.

Nebraska Broadcasters Association

Secretary's Office: c-o WJAG, Norfolk, Nebr.
Phone: 432
President Lumir Urban
Vice-President (KORN, Fremont)
Urban Watts
(KHAS, Hastings)

DIRECTORS

Gordon Gray, KOIL, Omaha; John Alexander, KODY, North Platte; John Gillin, Jr., WOW, Omaha.

MEMBER STATIONS

KBON, Omaha; KFAB, Lincoln; KFOR, Lincoln; KGFW. Kearney: KOKY, Scottsbluff; KODY, North Platte; KHAS, Hastings; KMMI, Grand Island; KORN, Fremont; KOWH, Omaha; KOIL, Omaha; WJAG, Norfolk; WOW, Omaha.

Northern California Broadcasters Association

c/o C. L. McCarthy, Secretary KQW San Francisco Studios 140 Jessie St., San Francisco, Calif.

OFFICERS

Fresident......Arthur Westlund
(KRE, Berkeley)

FUNCTIONS

The Northern California Broadcasters Assn. is an informal organization established to discuss and work out problems common to the broadcasting stations in the territory.

Ohio Association of Broadcasters

22 E. Gay St., Columbus, Ohio Phone, Adams 1101

OFFICERS

FUNCTIONS

Trade organization. The purpose to be of mutual benefit in all matters pertaining to the welfare of radio, in Ohio.

Pacific Advertising Association

Charles W. Collier, Managing Director Lola M. Huey, Executive Secretary 337 Monadneck Building San Francisco, Calif. Garfield 6868

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

President—Charles A. Storke, Asst. Publisher, News-Press, operators of Radio Station KTMS, Santa Barbara, Calif.

Senior Vice-President—Vernon Churchill, Assistant to Publisher, The Oregon Journal, Portland, Oregon.

Secretary-Treasurer—George A. Moore, Vice-President, Prudential Federal Savings & Loan Association, 125 South Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Vice-President at Large—Helen O'Neil, Manager Oakland Office, Fielder Sorenson & Davis, Latham Square Building, Oakland, Calif. Vice-President Dist. No. 1—Harvey A. Brassard, Account Executive, Syverson-Kelley, Inc., Mohawk Building, Spokane, Washington.

Vice-President Dist. No. 2—Gilbert L. Stanton, Dir. of Adv. and Public Relations, Idaho Power Company, Boise, Ilaho.

Vice-President Dist. No. 3-H. Quenton Cox, Asst. Manager, Station KGW, Portland, Oregon.

Vice-President Dist. No. 4—Wilmot P. Rogers, Advertising Director, California Packing Corporation, 101 California St., San Francisco, Calif.

Vice-President Dist. No. 5—Harwood H. Fawcett, Transit Advertising Company, Union Biulding, San Diego, California.

Past President—George Weber, MacWilkins, Cole & Weber, Republic Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

Chairman; Finance Committee—Howard Willoughby, Vice-President and General Manager, Lane Publishing Co., 576 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Calif.

Chairman, Club Service Committee—Benot Hanau, Advertising Counselors of Arizona, 707 Security Building, Phoenix, Arizona.

Chairman, Advancement of Business Committee— Don Belding, Chairfan of the Board of Foote, Cone & Belding, 601 5th St., Los Angeles, Calif.

Chairman, Senior Advisory Committee, Junior Division—Claire Drew Forbes, Adv. Manager, Rhodes Dept. Sttore, Seattle, Washington.

Chairman, Pacific Coast Advertising Commission— George W. Kleiser, President, Foster & Kleiser Co., 1675 Eddy St., San Francisco, Calif.

FUNCTIONS

The Pacific Advertising Association, now in its 43rd year, is organized for the purpose of achieving a better understanding of advertising in our American life. The Association, through its 2,800 members, has energetically pursued this purpose in all of its many divisions of work; in the Advertising Clubs, in annual conferences, and in its aggressive Advancement of Business Program.

Pennsylvania Broadcasters Assn.

P. O. Box 11, Harrisburg, Pa.

OFFICERS

PresidentGeorge	B. Co	leman
(WGBI, Scranton)		
Vice-PresidentRoy	Thor	mpson
(WFBG, Altoona)		
TreasurerDr. (WCAU, Philadelphia)	Leon	Levy
(WCAU, Philadelphia)		•
Secretary	G.	Moss
(WKBO, Harrisburg)		

FUNCTIONS

This organization is a mutual association of the broadcasting stations of Pennsylvania, formed for the purpose of conducting business negotiations concerning matters of interest to the radio broadcasting stations of the state. Its membership is active on the part of practically every station in the state.

Professional Music Men, Inc.

1270 Sixth Ave., New York, N. Y. COlumbus 5-7362

OFFICERS

01114-115	
PresidentRocco Vocc	0
First Vice-PresidentJoseph Santle	y
Second Vice-PresidentCharles Warren	п
Third Vice-PresidentPhil Kornheise	r
TreasurerIrving Tan:	z
Financial SecretaryMichael L. Schlos	\$
Recording SecretaryLouis E. Schwart:	z
Sergeant-at-ArmsDavid Ken	ŧ
Executive DirectorBob Mille	r

BRANCH OFFICES

19 S. La Salle St., Chicago, III. Regional Director . Danny Engel 433 Little Building, Boston, Mass.

FUNCTIONS

Charitable and Benevolent Organization.

The Radio Club of America, Inc.

11 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y. LOngacre 5-6622

OFFICERS

PresidentF	. A. Klingenschmitt
Vice-President	O. James Morelock
Treasurer	
Corresponding Secretary	M. B. Sleeper
Recording Secretary	H. Bose

DIRECTORS

Ernest V. Amy, Edwin H. Armstrong, R. M. Akin, Jr., R. R. Batcher, George E. Burghard, John L. Callahan, F. E. Canavaciol, Alan Hazeltine, L. C. F. Horle, H. W. Houck, Jerry Minter, Harry Sadenwafer, Paul Ware.

FUNCTIONS

Object of the club is the promotion of cooperation among those interested in scientific investigation and amateur operation in the art of radio communication. Meetings are held monthly from September through June at Columbia University. Proceedings are published approximately six times a year (see listing under publications contained in this volume).

Radio Council—WBEZ (FM)

Chicago Public Schools 228 N. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill. Dearborn 7801

PERSONNEL

Director	Col. Har	old W	. Kent
Associate Director	Geoi	ge Je	nnings
Program DirectorEl	izabeth	E. M	arshall
Production Head			
Engineer	E.	H. An	dresen

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE SCHOOL BROADCAST CONFERENCE

Dean Douglass, RCA, Chicago; Robert Hansen, Criterion Transcription, Chicago; David Heffernan, Assistant Superintendent of Schools, Cook County Schools, Chicago; Colonel Harold W. Kent, Radio Council, Chicago Public Schools, Chairman; Elisabeth E. Marshall, Program Director, Radio Council, Chicago; Public Schools; William Newton, BBC, Chicago; Myrtle Stahl, WGN-MBS, Chicago; E. Jerry Walker, WBKB, Chicago; Judith Waller, NBC, Chicago; J. Oren Weaver, WBBM-CBS, Chicago.

FUNCTIONS

The Radio Council of the Chicago Public Schools operates a non-commercial FM station and is a producing group primarily interested in presenting in-school broadcasts for classroom use. The Council also produces many out-of-school programs over standard Chicago stations of a public service or adult education nature.

The School Broadcast Conference will hold its 10th annual meeting in 1946, and is a permanent national meeting to discuss the use of radio in education.

An advisory committee, made up of some 50 educators and radio executives throughout the nation assist the executive committee in preparation of the annual program. The Conference, in connection with its annual meeting, holds an exhibit of new equipment for school use, and serves as a clearing house for information about equipment, classroom use of radio, availability of scripts and such other information for schools throughout the year.

Radio Directors Guild

The Gladstone 114 E. 52nd St., New York, N. Y. PLaza 3-4300

OFFICERS

New York Chapter

President	William	N.	Robson
Vice-President			
Secretary			
Treasurer	Robert	1	Shavon

MEMBERS

MEMBERS

Wendell Adams, Wylie Adams, Alton Alexander, Robert Allison, Martin Andrews, Cyril E. Armbrister, Ira Ashley, Martha Atwell, Ira Avery, Oliver Barbour, Lt. Howard G. Barnes, Andre Baruch, Leonard L. Bass, John Becker, Joseph Bell, Tom Bennett, Gertrude Berg, Lawrence Berns, Frederick Bethel, Roger Bower, Marguerite H. Bowman, William Brennan, Stuart Buchanan, John Buckwalter, Edward A. Byron, Ward Byron, John M. Carney, Hubert V. Chain, Lou Chapin, Dick Charles, Jay Clark, John Cleary, Lee Cooley, Captain Ted Corday, Norman Corwin, George Creamer, Joseph M. Daly, Oliver Daniel, Carlo De Angelo, Clay B. Daniel, Stanley Davis, Guy della-Cioppa, Jerry Devine, Henry W. Dick, John Dietz, William S. Doughten, Edward Ray Downes, Allen H. Ducovny, Edwin Duerr, Paul Dumont, Edwin L. Dunham, Carl Eastman, Gene Eubanks, DeVere Engelbach, James H. Fassett, Ross Filion, Charles S. Freed, Theo. Gannon, Garnet Garrison, William Gernannt, Aldo J. Chisalbert, Don Gillis, Paul Girard, Wesley B. Goodman, Mark Goodson, Mitchell Grayson, Axel Gruenberg, Walter Hackett, Laurence Hammond, Arthur Hanna, Jay Hanna, Charles T. Harrell, Leslie T. Harris, James Haupt, Robert P. Heller, Jack Hill, Garrett Hollihan, Ir., Harry Ingram, Elinor F. Inman, Lt. Clinton G. King, Paul Knight, Raymond Knight, Howard T. Keegin, Ray H. Kremer, Alan Kent, G. Bennett Larson, Anton M. Leader, Herb J. Leder, Alexander Leftwich, Ir., Virginia Lee, Derrick R. Leighton, Winifred Lenihan, Richard Leonard, Lt. David Levy, Richard Lewis, Roy Lockwood, Marks Loeb, Basil Loughrane, John W. Loveton, Rupert Lucas, John Macdonnell, Lindsay MacHarris, Kenneth W. MacGregor, Sherman A. MacGregor, Nila Mack, Martin Magner, Joseph Mansfield, William Marshall, Don Martin, Jessica Maxwell, Peggy S. Mayer, George Maynard, Harold McGee, Earle L. McGill, John T. Mitchell, Brewster Morgan, Herbert M. Moss, Oliver Nicholl, Robert Nolan, Ace Ochs, Lester O'Keefe, Eldridge Packham, William R. Paddock, Frank Papp, Eric S. Pinker, Edward Pola, Herbert S. Polesie, Charles H

neth Webb, Tex Weiner, Pvt. Robert Welch, Orson Welles, John Wellington, James Whipple, Margaret D. Whittemore, George Weist, Howard Williams, Pete Witt, Theodora Yates, Lt. George J. Zachary.

FUNCTIONS

A voluntary association to advance, foster, promote and benefit the interests of directors of radio programs and to protect secure their rights in their professional activities.

Radio Executives Club of New York

630 Fifth Ave., New York 20, N. Y. Circle 6-1750

OFFICERS

President																							
Vice-Presi	d	e	n	t					 							,			Craig	La	w	rence	à
Secretary	•	•	•							•	•			•	•			•	<u></u> . Ho	elei	n_ '	Wood	1
Treasurer													 						·Claud	1e	Ва	arrere	ş

FUNCTIONS

The major functions of the Radio Executives Club are: (1) to promote and encourage the use of radio broadcasting as an advertising medium; (2) to create a lasting fraternity of persons engaged in the business of radio; (3) to promote a better understanding of radio broadcasting and its attending problems; (4) to maintain a central bureau of employment for members of the club; (5) to provide a common meeting place for all persons engaged in the business of radio. Meetings are held twice monthly from October to May and membership is open to anyone engaged in the business of radio, subject to approval of the membership committee.

Radio Manufacturers Association

1317 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. National 4901 **OFFICERS**

President	٧e
Executive Vice-President-SecretaryBond Gedd	es
TreasurerLeslie F. Mut	er
General Counsel	en
Vice-PresidentE. A. Nichol	as
(Farnsworth Television & Radio Corp.)	

George Lewis (Federal Telephone & Radio Corp.)M. F. Balcom Vice-President... (Sylvania Electric Products, Inc.)

Vice-President..... ... Robert C. Sprague (Sprague Electric Company)

DIRECTORS

Ben Abrams, Emerson Radio & Phonograph Corp.; E. Alschuler, Sentinel Radio Corp.; Dr. W. R. G. Baker, General Electric Co.; John Ballantyne, Philco Corp.; Herbert A. Bell, Packard-Bell Co.; F. C. Best, Chicago Telephone Supply Co.; P. S. Billings, Belmont Radio Corp.; A. Blumenkrantz, General Instrument Corp.; R. E. Carlson, Tung-Sol Lamp Works, Inc.; Monte Cohen, F. W. Sickles Co.; S. I. Cole, Aerovox Corp.; Walter Evans, Westinghouse Electric Corp.; Frank M. Folsom, RCA-Victor Division of RCA; C. Richard Fryling, Erie Resistor Corp.; Paul V. Galvin, Galvin Mfg. Corp.; A. H. Gardner, Colonial Radio Corp.; Joseph Gerl, Sonora Radio & Television Corp.; F. A. Hiter, Stewart-Warner Corp.; H. J. Hoffman, Machlett Laboratories, Inc.; J. J. Kahn, Standard Transformer Corp.; F. R. Lack, Western Electric Co., Inc.; Dr. Ray H. Manson, Stromberg-Carlson Co.; J. J. Nance, Zenith Radio Corp.; David T. Schultz, Raytheon Mfg. Co.; Ernest Searing, International Resistance Co.; Ray F. Sparrow, P. R. Mallory & Co., Inc.; Glenn W. Thompson, Noblit-Sparks Industries, Inc.; A. S. Wells, Wells-Gardner & Co. Wells, Wells-Gardner & Co.

FUNCTIONS

Non-profit, co-operative trade association for the promotion of all radio interests and special services to radio and electronic manufacturers.

Radio Manufacturers Assn. of Canada

159 Bay St., Toronto, Ont., Canada Adelaide 1531

OFFICERS

President	. R.	М.	Brophy
Vice-President		S. L.	Capell
Executive Secretary	. S.	D. B	rownlee
Chairman of Parts Division			
Chairman of Engineering Committee		.A. B	. Oxley
Chairman of Service Committee	\	₩. A.	White

FUNCTIONS

This association is a non-profit and co-operative organization founded in 1926 to promote the interests of the radio manufacturing industry in Canada.

Radio Script & Transcription Exchange, Federal Radio Education Committee

U. S. Office of Education, Washington, D. C. Republic 1820. Extension 2225

OFFICERS

Acting Director	F.	Klinefelter
Assistant DirectorGertrude	C	. Broderick
Radio Education SpecialityR.	R.	Lowdermilk

FUNCTIONS

The exchange is designed to promote more effective local broadcasting by educational and civic organizations and radio stations by serving as a clearing house for selected educational radio scripts, transcriptions and production aids, and as a source of all kinds of information pertaining to the field of educational radio.

Radio Technical Planning Board

55 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y. LOngacre 3-3279

									Haraden Pratt
									. Howard S. Frazier
									Will Baltin
Secretary.	 		 	 			 		William H. Crew

FUNCTIONS

The RTPB formulates plans for the technical future of the radio industry and services, including frequency allocations and systems standardization, in accordance with the public interest and the technical facts. The Planning Board advises government, in-dustry and the public of its recommendations. Such planning is restricted to engineering considerations.

The Radio Writers' Guild of the Authors' League of America, Inc.

6 E. 39th Street, New York, N. Y. MUrray Hill 5-6930

OFFICERS

National PresidentS	
Vice-Presidents: Eastern Region	Peter Lyon
Midwestern Region	
Western RegionMil	ton Merlin
National SecretaryDoro	thy Bryant

BRANCH OFFICES

Chicago: 203 N. Wabash Ave., Phone, Andover 5458. Hollywood: 1655 N. Cherokee Ave., Phone, Hollywood 3601

FUNCTIONS

For the business protection of men and women earning their living as radio writers.

Rocky Mountain Radio Council, Inc.

21 East 18th Ave., Denver 2, Colo. KEystone 5306

OFFICERS

President	. W.	D. 1	Arme	ntrout
Secretary		. Roy	M.	Green
Treasurer	M	alcolr	n G.	Wyer

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

A. Helen Anderson, Ben M. Cherrington, H. M. Crain, Robert L. Stearns.

FUNCTIONS

The Rocky Mountain Radio Council is a non-profit corporation of 30 organizations formed to give prosensional aid to educational organization in planning, preparing and producing their radio broadcasts. In 1944, it produced 361 programs for 16 organizations, which were re-broadcast 1,536 times from 19 commercial radio stations in the Rocky Mountain region. Recording studio facilities available for commercial work.

SESAC. Inc.

475 Fifth Ave., New York 17, N. Y. MUrray Hill 5-5365.

OFFICERS

President	 Heinecke
Treasurer	 Heinecke

FUNCTIONS

Licensing use of copyright music, transcription library, syndicated transcribed tailor-made programs for advertisers.

Society of Jewish Composers, Publishers and Song Writers

152 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y. LOngacre 5-9124

OFFICERS

President	Sholom Secunda
Vice-PresidentRev.	Pinchus Jassinowsky
Treasurer	. Alexander Olshanetsky
Secretary	Henry Lefkowitch
General Manager	Salom J. Perlmutter

FUNCTIONS

This association licenses public performance rights of music copyrighted by its members and on which they collect royalties. Association owns approximately 95 percent of the Jewish compositions.

Society of Motion Picture Engineers

Hotel Pennsylvania, New York, N. Y. PEnnsylvania 6-0620

OFFICERS (As of Jan. 1, 1946)

President	. D.	E.	Ну	ndman
Past President		Herbe	rt	Griffin
Executive Vice-President		Loren	L.	Ryder
Engineering Vice-President	.	J.	A.	Maver
Editorial Vice-President		. A. C). D	ownes
Financial Vice-President	М.	Rich	ard	Bover

Convention	Vice-P	resident	 . W. C.	Kunzmann
Secretary			 Clvde	R. Keith
Treasurer			 Earl	I. Sponable
Executive Se	cretary		 Harry	Smith, Jr.

GOVERNORS

Frank E. Carlson, J. I. Crabtree, Alan W. Cook, Paul J. Larsen, Reeve Strock, Charles R. Daily, Wesley C. Miller, John G. Frayne, Peter Mole, W. A. Mueller.

FUNCTIONS

In addition to its motion picture activities, this association is actively interested in television. It publishes a monthly organ in which various subjects are discussed by men in the industry.

Song Writers' Protective Association (SPA)

1250 Sixth Ave., New York 20, N. Y. COlumbus 5-3758

OFFICERS

PresidentSigmund Romberg
Vice-President
Second Vice-PresidentMilton Drake
SecretarySam H. Stept
TreasurerAbel Baer
CounselJohn Schulman
Executive SecretarySayre Marder

FUNCTIONS

Song Writers' Protective Association aims to foster the interests of all persons engaged in writing musical compositions. By cooperative effort it seeks to eliminate inequitable conditions and harmful practices and to assist members when disputes arise over enforcement of contracts or the collection of royal-ties

Southern California Broadcasters' Association, Inc.

542 S. Broadway, Los Angeles 13, Calif. Michigan 8654

OFFICERS

President....Robert O. Reynolds, KMPC, Los Angeles Secretary-Treasurer...Lee Wynee, KGER, Los Angeles

FUNCTIONS

Membership of the Southern California Broadcasters' Association is composed of 30 southern California stations and 4 networks, represented in each case by its manager or senior executive. Meetings are devoted to discussion of industry problems, such as ASCAP, BMI, labor, engineering, code of ethics, agency recognition, coordination with governmental agencies, civic activities, etc.

Sports Broadcasters Association (New York Chapter)

c/o Hank Viscardi, 1440 Broadway, New York, N. Y. ₽Ennsylvania 6-9600

OFFICERS

President			 	Bill Slater
Vice-Pres	ident		 	Red Barber
Vice-Pres	ident		 	Bud Watson
Treasurer			 .	Jimmy Dolan
National	Secre	tarv.	 	George Schreier

FUNCTIONS

It is the object of the Sports Broadcasters Association to promote the standard of the profession of sports broadcasting among its members and to disseminate sports information to its members through a regular weekly luncheon. Membership is restricted to any male person who is actively engaged in the profession of sports broadcasting whether as an announcer, commentator or writer.

Television Associates, Inc.

190 N. State St., Chicago, Ill.

OFFICERS

PresidentCha	rle	s C	oilette
Vice-PresidentChester (C.	W٥٠	olridge
Secretary-Treasurer	Ε.	C.	Upton

FUNCTIONS

Television Associates, Inc., was formed for the purpose of being a service organization to the television industry. Television apparatus developed from the Bill Eddy patents will be put on the market from time to time.

Television Broadcasters' Assn., Inc.

500 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y. LAckawanna 4-4788

OFFICERS

PresidentJack R. Poppele
Vice-PresidentF. J. Bingley
Secretary-Treasurer
Assistant Secretary-TreasuryO. B. Hanson

DIRECTORS

Dr. Allen B. DuMont, Allen B. DuMont Laboratories, Inc.; F. J. Bingley, Philico Corp.; Curtis W. Mason, Earle C. Anthony, Inc.; E. A. Hayes, Hughes Productions; Jack R. Poppele, WOR, New York; O. B. Hanson, National Broadcasting Co., Inc.; Paul Raibourn, Television Productions, Inc.; Ernest I. Vogel, Farnsworth Television & Radio Corp.; G. Emerson Markham, General Electric Company.

FUNCTIONS

Founded January, 1944, as a non-profit organization of television broadcasters and others engaged in any business directly connected with television broadcasting. Objects are to foster and promote the development of the art of television broadcasting; to protect its members in every lawful and proper manner; to foster, encourage and promote laws, rules, regulations, customs and practices which will be in the best interest of the public; to protect the interests of the members of the Association by opposing the enactment of adoption of any laws, rules, regulations, customs or practices which would discriminate against or in any way injure the members of this Association.

Television Press Club of New York

c-o Miss Elizabeth Forsling Radio Editor, Newsweek 152 West 42nd St., New York, N. Y.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Chairman, Stanley Kempner, Retailing Home Furnishings; Vice-Chairman, Lewis Winner, Communications; Secretary, Elizabeth Forsling, Newsweek; Treasurer, Clifford E. Denton, Daily News; Committee Chairmen: Publicity, T. R. Kennedy, Jr., New York Times; Membership, Ben Kaufman, Television Magazine. Other Members: M. H. Shapiro, Radio Daily; Bruce Robertson, Broadcasting; Patricia Murray, TV.

FUNCTIONS

A non-profit, unsponsored organization, this informal group was formed in 1944. Membership is limited to the professional television press-writers covering tele for newspapers, magazines, the trade press, books, films and radio. Purpose is to fosten the sound development of television by serving as a focal point for members of the tele press to meet regularly and discuss current trends. Prominent figures in television are invited as guest speakers for the luncheon meetings.

Twenty Year Club

167 East 64th St., New York, N. Y. REgent 4-3344

Founder H. V. Kaltenborn

FUNCTIONS

The Twenty Year Club is an Honor Roll of men and women who have been associated with radio broadcasting for 20 years, and whose association antedates April 4, 1925. There are no dues, fees, officers, regular meetings, or other obligations. Three year books have been published. Much historic material on the beginnings of broadcasting has been placed in the club files.

United States Department of Agriculture

Office of Information Radio Service Washington 25, D. C. Republic 4142—Extension 5163.

OFFICERS

FUNCTIONS

Prepares and voices Department of Agriculture programs on the networks, including the National Farm and Home Hour, The American Farmer and Consumer Time, Produces radio transcriptions for national distribution on agricultural subject, issues weekly information letters and background material for farm and women's program directors.

PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADM.

Information Service Washington 25, D. C. Republic 4142—Extension 3285

OFFICERS

BRANCH OFFICES

New York: 150 Broadway. Chicago: 5 S. Wabash Ave.; Walter W. John, In Charge.

San Francisco: 821 Market St.; J. Don Walsh, In Charge. Dallas: 425 Wilson Bldg.; Meno Schoenbach, In

Charge.
Atlanta: Western Union Bldg.; Arthur Susott, In Charge.

FUNCTIONS

The Production and Marketing Administration is generally responsible for production, adjustment, loan, purchase, subsidy, diversion, export, surplus disposal programs, supply estimates, allocation recommendations, market news, standardization, inspection and grading, agricultural marketing agreements and other activities and programs.

United States Department of Interior— Radio Section

Interior Department Radio Studios, Washington, D. C. Republic 1820

PERSONNEL

FUNCTIONS

The Radio Section of the Interior Department operates studios and a transcription service available to all agencies of the Federal Covernment, and acts as a radio production and informaticn center for the bureaus and divisions of the Interior Department in keeping broadcasters and radio advertisers informed about such matters as fish and wildlife conservation, the national parks, land reclamation and utilization, hydroelectric pewer and irrigation projects, natural resources, Indian affairs, the U. S. Territories and island possessions, geological survey, grazing service, etc.

The Advertising Council, Inc.

11 West 42nd St., New York, N. Y. BRyant 9-3641

OFFICERS

Chairman	. James W. Young
Vice-Chairman	
Vice-Chairman	.Kerwin H. Fulton
Vice-Chairman	
Secretary-TreasurerF	rederic R. Gamble
Executive Director	eodore S. Repplier

BRANCH OFFICE

1010 Vermont Ave., Washington 5, D. C. Theodore S. Reppl'er, Executive Director Phone: District 9043

To provide a means for marshalling the forces of advertising so that they may be of maximum aid in the successful prosecution of the war.

Washington State Association of Broadcasters

Tom Olsen, Olympia, Wash. Olympia 6636

OFFICERS

President	.Tom Olsen
Vice-President	Studebaker
Secretary-Treasurer	bert Priebe

FUNCTIONS

The Washington State Association of Broadcasters is an organization formed for the mutual protection, the exchange of commercial ideas and the education of its members in matters pertaining to radio.

Western Association of Broadcasters

109 C. P. R. Building Edmonton, Alberta, Canada Te:ephone 22101

OFFICERS

PresidentG. R. A. Rice (CFRN, Edmonton, Alberta)

DIRECTORS

R. H. Elphicke, A. M. Cairns, L. Moffatt.

FUNCTIONS

To promote Goodwill and mutual protection amongst the broadcasting stations of Western Canada. To make recommendations to the Canadian Assocation of Broadcasters; to raise the standard of ethics of the operations of commercial broadcasting stations in Western Canada. Cenerally, the objects of the Canadian Association of Broadcasters.

Writers' Board

147 W. 42nd St., N. Y. BRyant 9-6937

MEMBERS

Carl Cramer, Russel Crouse, Jerry Devine, Clifton Fadiman, Thomas K. Finletter, Jack Goodman, Samuel Grafton, Alan Green, Oscar Hammerstein II, Morrison Hobe, Christopher La Farge, Robert Landry, Margaret Leech, Jean Ellis Poletti, Henry Pringle, Luise Sillcox.

FUNCTIONS

To work with writers, editors, radio stations, etc., to further the production of constructive material dealing with racial and religious tolerance, the eradication of native fascism and promotion of world government, in our time.

Woman's National Radio Committee

113 West 57th St., New York 19, N. Y. Circle 7-4110

OFFICERS

Chairman	.Mme. Yolanda Mero-Irion
Vice-Chairman	Mrs. Marion M. Miller
Secretary	Miss Helen Havener
Treasurer	Mrs. M. D. Jackson
Executive Secretary	Mrs. Rosalie Wolf
Members-At-Large Mrs. Mary F. Larkin, Mrs Bader. Mrs. Bettina Gunc	. Emory Ross, Mrs. Jesse M.

FUNCTIONS

This committee has for its purpose to raise the standard of radio programs for adults, young people and children by: (1) retaining on the air the finer type of program; (2) removing objectionable features: (3) improving advertising content of broadcasts; (4) encouraging the production and presentation of more fine programs, worthwhile from the educational, cultural and entertainment viewpoint. Also publish "Radio Review."

Non-Commercial Educational Outlets

As Listed By The Federal Communications Commission, Dec. 31, 1945

Licensee and Location	Call Letters	Frequency	(Mc)	Powe r Emission
Board of Education, City of Buffalo, Buffalo, N. Y	WCAH	42.9	1 kw	Special (C. P. only)
Board of Education, City of Chicago, Chicago, Ill	WBEZ	42.5	1 kw	Special
Board of Education, City of New York, Brooklyn, N. Y	WNYE	42.1	1 kw	Special
The Board of Education of Newark in the County of Essex Newark, N. J	WBGO	To be assigned by Commission pursuant to proceedings in Docket No. 6651	1 kw	Special for FM (C. P. only)
Board of Education of the San Francisco Unified School District, San Francisco, Calif	KALW	42.1	1 kw	Special for FM (C. P. only)
(Charles H. Lake, Superintendent) Cleveland, Ohio	WBOE	42.5	1 kw	Special
The Regents of University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich	WATX	42.1	50 kw	Special
T-Dexter Twp., near Dexter, Mich. School District of Kansas City, Mo. Kansas City, Mo. The State University of Iowa Iowa City, Iowa		To be assigned by Chief Engineer		Special (C. P. only)
iowa City, iowa	RBOI	42.1	1 KW	Special for FM (C. P. only)
University of llinois, Urbana, Ill	WIUC	42.9	250 w	Special
University of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky	WBKY	42.9	500 w	Special
University of Southern California, Los Angeles, Calif	KUSC	42.9	1 kw	Special (C. P. only)

FCC Regulations Non-Profit Stations

Rule In Effect For Non-Profit Educational Outlets

The term "non-commercial educational broadcast station" means a station licensed to an organized non-profit educational agency for the advancement of its educational work and for the transmission of educational and entertainment programs to the general public.

Operation and Service

The operation of, and the service furnished by, non-commercial educational broadcast stations shall be governed by the following regulations:

- (a) A non-commercial educational broadcast station will be licensed only to an organized non-profit educational agency and upon a showing that the station will be used for the advancement of the agency's educational program particularly with regard to use in an educational system consisting of several units.
- (b) Each station may transmit programs directed to specific schools in the system for use in connection with the regular courses as well as routine and administrative material pertaining to the school system and may transmit educational and entertainment programs to the general public.
- (c) Each station shall furnish a non-profit and non-commercial broadcast service. No sponsored or commercial program shall be transmitted nor shall commercial announcements of any character be made. A station shall not transmit the programs of other classes of broadcast stations unless all commercial announcements and commercial references in the continuity are eliminated.

Power Requirements

The operating power of non-commercial education broadcast stations shall be not less than 100 watts or greater than 1000 watts unless a definite need for greater power is shown.

The transmitter of each non-commercial educational broadcast station shall be equipped with automatic frequency control apparatus so designed and constructed that it is capable of maintaining the operating frequency within plus or minus 0.01 percent of the assigned frequency.

Non-commercial educational broadcast stations are not required to operate on any definite schedule or minimum hours.

The transmitting equipment, installation, and operation as well as the location of the transmitter shall be in conformity with the requirements of good engineering practice as released from time to time by the Commission.

Frequencies Allotted

The following frequencies are allotted for assignment to non-commercial educational broadcast stations:

42,100 kc. 42,300 kc. 42,500 42,700 42,900

Stations serving the same area will not be assigned adjacent frequencies.

Frequency modulation shall be employed exclusively unless it is shown that there is a special need for the use of amplitude modulation.

Only one frequency will be assigned to a station.

BRITISH GUIANA RADIO STATION ZFY

For reaching the British West Indian population, short-wave station ZFY located in Georgetown, British Guiana, is a "MUST." Owned and operated by THE BRITISH GUIANA UNITED BROADCASTING COMPANY... this station...THE VOICE OF GUIANA... is the only English-speaking station working a commercial schedule in the Caribbean area.

HAITI

At the crossroads of the Americas is Haiti's most powerful radio station . . .

HHGM HHBM HHCM 1473 kc 9660 kc 6165 kc

1000 watts 2000 watts 1000 watts

located in the capital city of Port-au-Prince under the ownership and operation of MAGLOIRE BROADCASTING CIRCUIT. These three outlets transmitting simultaneously on long and short wave, give not only excellent local, but international coverage as well.



For further information in connection with the above markets, please consult . . .

PAN-AMERICAN BROADCASTING COMPANY

330 Madison Avenue

New York, N. Y.

Murray Hill 2-0811-0810

INTERNATIONAL

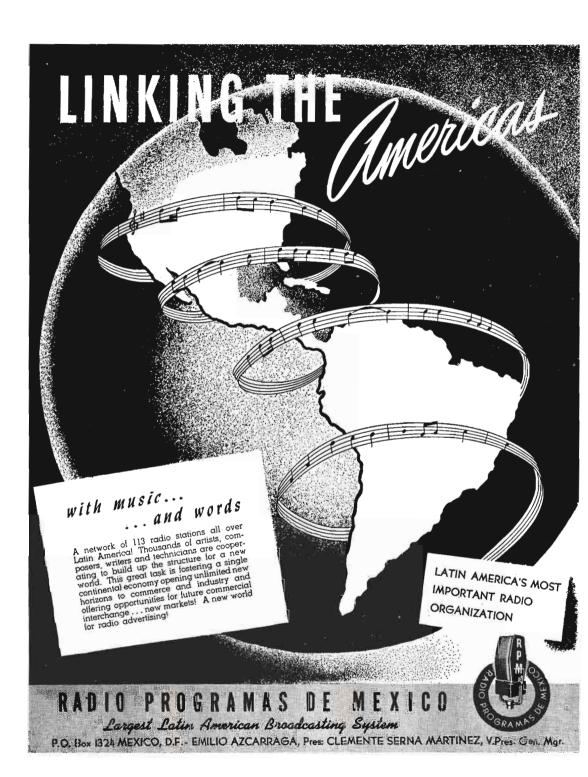
International Broadcast Stations
Of The United States

CBS and NBC Latin-American Networks

Mexico

South America

Central America



INTERNATIONAL BROADCAST STATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

	• —		
Licensee and Location	Call Letters	Frequency (Kc)	Power
The Associated Broadcasters, Inc. San Francisco, CalifK	CWID	6060, 7230, 9570, 11870, 15290, 17760, 71610	100 kw
The Associated Broadcasters, Inc. San Francisco, Calif	x ıwı	6060, 7230, 957 0 , 11870, 1529 0 , 17 760 , 216 10	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Brentwood, L. I	VCBX	6060, 6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570, S.A. 9490, S.A. 9590, SSA 11145 and 9750	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Brentwood, L. I	VCRC	6060, 6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570, S.A. 9490, S.A. 9590, SSA 11145 and 9750	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Brentwood, L. I		6060, 6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570, S.A. 15267 in lieu of 15,270 S.A. 9490, S.A. 9590, SSA 11145 and 9750	10 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Brentwood, L. I	VCBN	6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Wayne, N. J	vooc	6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Wayne, N. J	woow	6120, 6170, 9650, 11830, 15270, 17830, 21520, 21570	50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.	CODD	6170, 7575, 9750, 11145,	50 kw
Delano, Calif		Freq. To Be Determined Freq. To Be Determined	200 kw 50 kw
Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. Delano, Calif		Freq. To Be Determined	30 K W
The Crosley Corp. Mason, Ohio		6080, 9590, 11710, 15250, 17800, 21650 SSA 9795	75 kw
The Crosley Corp. Mason, Ohio	vLWK	6080, 9590, 11710, 15250, 17800, 21650,	5 0 kw
The Crosley Corp. Mason, Ohio	VLWL	6080, 9590, 11710, 15250, 17800, 21650	200 kw
The Crosley Corp. Mason, Ohio	vLws	6080, 9590, 11710, 15250, 17800, 21650	200 kw CP only
The Crosley Corp. Mason, Ohio	VLWR	6080, 9590, 11710, 15250, 17800, 21650	200 kw
General Electric Company South Schenectady, N. Y	/GEA	6190, 7000, 9530, 9550, 11847.5, 15330, 21500, 21,590, SSA 17,880, SA 9530	50 kw

LA PRIMERA CADENA ECUATORIANA DE RADIODIFUSION...

consisting of:

La Voz de Imbabura of Ibarra
Radio Comercial of Quito
Emisoras Splendid of Quito
Radio Ambato of Ambato
La Voz de Tomebamba of Cuenca

Through its powerful long and short wave outlets you receive complete coverage of the Ecuadorean market.

CUBA RADIOEMISORA CMKS

Operating on 900 kc.

GUANTANAMO, CUBA



Administrative-Director

CANDIDO SUAREZ SAVON

"MUST" for EL SALVADOR RADIODIFUSORA YSO

LA VOZ DE LA DEMOCRACIA

Located in San Salvador

Long Wave

1,500 watts Short Wave

1.000 walts

QUALITY IN MEDELLIN

Discriminating advertisers use

LA VOZ DE ANTIOQUIA for

quaranteed results.

RADIO STATIONS HJDE-HJDK

For further information in connection with the above markets, please consult . . .

PAN-AMERICAN BROADCASTING COMPANY

330 Madison Avenue

New York, N. Y.

MUrray Hill 2-0811-0810

• • • INTERNATIONAL BROADCAST STATIONS IN THE U.S. • • •

6190, 7000, 9530, 9650, 11847.5, 15330, SSA 955 0 and 17880	100 kw
6190, 7250, 9530, 9550, 11730, 15210, 15330,	50 kw
Freq. To Be Assigned	25 kw
6100, 9670, 11890, 15150, 15190, 17780, 21630, SSA 11870 Kc and SA 11893 (50 to 100 ky	50 kw v on 9670)
	as WRCA
6100, 9670, 11890, 15150,	50 k w
Same as above	5 0 kw
Same as above	5 0 kw
Same as above	50 kw
Freq. To Be Assigned	5 0 k w
Same as above	50 kw
Same as above	50 kw
Same as above	50 kw
6140, 9570, 11870, 15210, 17780, 21540, SSO 7250, 78525	50 kw
6040, 11730, 11790, 15130, 15350, 17750, 21460, 592, 7805	50 kw
6040, 9700, 11730, 15350, 17750, 2146, SSA 614 0 7575, 8590, 9750, 11145, 11790, 15130	50 kw
11730, 15130, 25600, 11790, 15350, 17750, 9700, SSA 6040, 7805	20 kw
6040, 9700, 11730, 15350, 17750, 21460	50 kw
SSA 7575, 7805, 5290	7 kw
Freq. To Be Assigned	100 kw
	11847.5, 15330, SSA 9550 and 17880 6190, 7250, 9530, 9550, 11730, 15210, 15330, SSA 11790, 15130 and 17880 Freq. To Be Assigned 6100, 9670, 11890, 15150, 15190, 17780, 21630, SSA 11893 (50 to 100 kw Same as WRCA Same 6100, 9670, 11890, 15150, 15090, 21630 Same as above Same as above Freq. To Be Assigned Same as above Same as above Same as above Same as above 6140, 9570, 11870, 15210, 17780, 21540, SSO 7250, 78525 6040, 11730, 11790, 15130, 15350, 17750, 21460, 592, 7805 6040, 9700, 11730, 15350, 17750, 2146, SSA 6140 7575, 8590, 9750, 11145, 11790, 15130 11730, 15130, 25600, 11790, 15350, 17750, 9700, SSA 6040, 7805 6040, 9700, 11730, 15350, 17750, 21460 SSA 7575, 7805, 5290

La Cadena De Las Americas (The Network of the Americas) of

—— P E R S O N N E L ——

THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM

Director of Latin American Affairs and Shortwave Broadcasting	Edmund Chester
Assistant Director of Shortwave Broadcasting	John Hundley
Director of Shortwave News Division	Lawrence Haas
Music Director and Arranger	Terig Tucci
Assistant Director of Latin American Relations	Roberto Unanue
Manager of Press Information for Latin American Network	Margaret Kennedy
Assistant in Charge of Public Relations for Latin America	. Carlos Garcia Palacios

ARGENTINA -

Call Letters Sto	tion Name and/or Owner	Location	Frequency Kilocucles	Power Watts
	Belgrano			50000
LRYRadio	Belgrano	.Buenos Aires	9460	50000
LRY1			6090	50000
-Rac	lio Belgrano Network—			
LU2Radio	Bahia Blanca	. Bahia Blanca	900	5000
LV2Radio	Central	. Cordoba	960	5000
	Corrientes			10000
LT8Radio	Rosario	. Rosario	840	3000
LV1Radio	Colon	. San Juan	560	10000
LV4Radio	San Rafael	Mendoza	690	50 0 0
LV11Radio	del Norte	.Santiago del I	Estero 1170	500
LT14Radio	General Urquiza	.Parana		
LT15Radio	Concordia	.Concordia		
LV12Radio	Aconquija	.Tucuman	580	15000
LV14Radio	La Rioja	. La Rioja	1330	50 0 0
LV10Radio	Cuyo	. Mendoza	1210	10000
LV13Radio	San Luis	San Luis	1250	5000
ZP5Radio	Encarnacion	.Encarnacion, 3	Para-	
		guay	920	5000
ZPA5Radio	Encarnacion	· Encarnacion,	Para-	
		guay		3000
CXA8Radio	Real de San Carlos	.Colonia, Urug	uay 9620	20000
CXA14Radio	Real de San Carlos	.Colonia, Urug	uay11820	1000
	Ovidio Lagos			10000
LRRIRadio	Ovidio Lagos	. Rosario	,,	10000

BOLIVIA-

CP4Radio	Illimani	La Paz	1020	250
CP5Radio	Illimani	La Paz	6200	250

CHILE-

CB57Radio	Sociedad	Nacional	đe	Agricultura. Santiago de Chile	570	6000
CB1180Radio	Sociedad	Nacional	de	Agricultura. Santiago de Chile113	800	1000
CB90Radio	Sociedad	Nacional	de	Agricultura. Valparaiso 9	900	1000

CBS LATIN-AMERICAN NETWORK

H.A.H. Emisora Atlantico	COLOM	BIA ————	
HJAG		Frequency Location Kilocycles	
HJAH	HJAG Emisora Atlantico		
HJCS		4905	1000
H.F.B. La Voz del Valle Cali 1150 100 100			1000
H.F.D. La Voz del Valle Cali 4825 100 H.F.B. Radio Manizales Manizales 6105 6006 H.F.D. Radio Manizales Manizales 1390 1006 H.F.D. Radio Nutibara Medellin 1150 500 H.F.D. Ondas del Otun Pereira 1350 1000 H.F.F. La Voz Amiga Pereira 6097 2500 H.F.F. La Voz de Santa Marta Santa Marta 1370 1200 COSTA RICA TIPG La Voz de la Victor San Jose 625 5000 T.F.D. La Voz de la Victor San Jose 9615 2500 CUBA CUBA CUBA CUBA CUBA			
HJFB			
HJFD			
HJDT			
HJFF			
HJFK			
COSTA RICA COSTA RICA TIPG			
CUBA			1200
CUBA	COSTA R	RICA	
CUBA	TIPGLa Voz de la Victor	San Jose 625	5000
CMJN RHC Cadena Azul Camaguey 740 100 CMCY RHC Cadena Azul Havana 590 1500 COCY RHC Cadena Azul Holguin 600 100 CMKY RHC Cadena Azul Pinar del Rio 1300 100 CMAN RHC Cadena Azul Santa Clara 570 1500 CMHI RHC Cadena Azul Santa Clara 6450 500 CMKN RHC Cadena Azul Santiago de Cuba 930 100 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC HIZ Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 6312 500 HIZ Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 1350 250 ECUADOR HC2AJ Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 1050 100 HC2AK Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100			2500
CMCY	CUB	4	
CMCY	CMJNRHC Cadena Azul	Camaguev 740	1000
COCY			15000
CMKY RHC Cadena Azul Holguin 600 100 CMAN RHC Cadena Azul Pinar del Rio 1300 100 CMHI RHC Cadena Azul Santa Clara 6450 500 CMKN RHC Cadena Azul Santiago de Cuba 930 100 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC HIIZ Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 6312 500 HIZ Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 1350 250 ECUADOR FCUADOR ECUADOR HC2AJ Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 1050 100 HC2AK Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100 HCQR Radio Quito Quito 1340 25 HCQRX Radio Bolivar Quito 5970 25 HCBS Radio Bolivar Quito 9355 25 <td>COCYRHC Cadena Azul</td> <td>Havana</td> <td>1000</td>	COCYRHC Cadena Azul	Havana	1000
CMHI. RHC Cadena Azul Santa Clara 570 1500 COHI. RHC Cadena Azul Santa Clara 6450 500 CMKN. RHC Cadena Azul Santiago de Cuba 930 100 DOMINICAN REPUBLIC HIZ. Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 6312 500 HIZ. Broadcasting Nacional Ciudad Trujillo 1350 250 ECUADOR HC2AJ. Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 1050 100 HC2AK. Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100 HC2R. Radio Quito Quito 1340 25 HCQR. Radio Quito Quito 5970 25 HCBS. Radio Bolivar Quito 9355 25 HCBT. La Voz de la Libertad Quito 1304 25 EL SALVADOR YSP. La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 760 25 YSP. La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 780 11	CMKYRHC Cadena Azul	Holguin 600	1000
COHI			1000
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC			15000
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	COHIRHC Cadena Azul	Santa Clara 6450	
HIIZ	CMKNRHC Cadena Azul	Santiago de Cuba 930	1000
### ECUADOR ###################################	————DOMINICAN R	REPUBLIC———	
### ECUADOR ###################################	HIIZBroadcasting Nacional	Ciudad Trujillo 6312	500
HC2AJ Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 1050 100 HC2AK Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100 HCQR Radio Quito Quito 1340 250 HCQRX Radio Quito Quito 5970 250 HCBS Radio Bolivar Quito 9355 250 HCBT La Voz de la Libertad Quito 1304 250 250 CT CT CT CT CT CT CT C			250
HC2AJ Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 1050 100 HC2AK Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100 HCQR Radio Quito Quito 1340 250 HCQRX Radio Quito Quito 5970 250 HCBS Radio Bolivar Quito 9355 250 HCBT La Voz de la Libertad Quito 1304 250	ECHAD	ΛR	
HC2AK Compania del Ecuador Guayaquil 9310 100 HCQR Radio Quito Quito 1340 25 HCQRX Radio Quito Quito 5970 25 HCBS Radio Bolivar Quito 9355 25 HCBT La Voz de la Libertad Quito 1304 25 YSP La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 760			
HCQR	HC2AJCompania del Ecuador	Guayaquil 1050	1000
HCQRX			
HCBS			
EL SALVADOR			
YSPLa Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 760 25 YSP1 La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 780 11 YSPA La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 9575	HCBT La Voz de la Libertad	Quito 1304	
YSPLa Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 760 25 YSP1La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 780 11 YSPALa Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 9575	1051au voi ue iu inscriuu	2002	200
YSP1La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 780 11 YSPALa Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 9575	———EL SALVA	ADOR ———	
YSP1La Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 780 11 YSPALa Voz de Cuscatlan San Salvador 9575	YSPLa Voz de Cuscatlan	San Salvador 760	250
YSPALa Voz de Cuscatlan	YSP1La Voz de Cuscatlan	San Salvador 780	115
			350

Call	Prequency	Powe
Letters Station Name and/or Owner	Location Kilocycles	Watta 1000
GWLa Voz de Guatemala		
GWALa Voz de Guatemala		1000
	15170	
GWBLa Voz de Guatemala		100
CGWCLa Voz de Guatemala	Guatemala City 1520	100
HATTI		
HHWStation de Radiofifusion		15
HH3WStation de Radiofifusion	Port-au-Prince 9890	25
TOSIDIU		
HRNLa Voz de Honduras	ASTegucipalpa 5875	75
MEXIC	0	
KEQ Radio Pan Americana, S.A	Mexico City 940	5000
KEQQRadio Pan Americana, S.A	Mexico City 9680	100
EA	Campeche, Cam 1370	100
KEBU	Chihuahua, Chih 1260	50
KEBL La Voz del Noroeste	Culiacan, Sin 1260	50
KEHL	Guadalajara, Jal 1370	50
KEHQ		30
KEDS	Mazatlan, Sin 1420	50
KEFCLa Voz de Yucatan	Merida. Yuc 1340	25
XEMREnrique Serna Martinez	•	50
XELQ Radio Comercial		25
XEAXAlvaro Rodriguez A		50
KEHRManuel R. Canalo	*	25
KEBM	,	15
KETUJuan Perez Cardonas		100
KEDNAlejandro O. Stevenson, Jr.		25
KEHVJuan A. Palavicini		100
KENC	,	25
KEAG	-	25
KEJT		25
KEWE.		10
KEFM		
KEPP		1(18
KEDE		15
CEDE	Sattilio 1400	1;
NICARAG	SUA	
YNOWLa Voz de la America Central	Managua 6850	80
	T A	
HOCCadena Panamena de Radio Difusion .		100

CBS LATIN-AMERICAN NETWORK

————PARAG	UAY		
Call Letters Station Name and/or Owner	Location	Frequency Kilocycles	Power Watt
ZP3Radio Teleco			12000
ZPA3Radio Teleco			1200
PER			
OAX6CRadio Continental			300
OAX6DRadio Continental			25
OAX6ERadio Continental			30
OAX4ARadio Nacional del Peru			1000
OAXAL Radio Nacional del Peru			1400
OAXAV			100
OAX4VRadio AmericaOAX4WRadio America			50
OAX4WRadio America	Lima	9440	50
———PUERTO			
WKAQ	San Juan	620	500
URUGI	11 4 V		
CX16Radio Carve			5000
CX24La Voz del Aire			500
CXA8Short Wave			2000
CXA14Short Wave			100
-Radio Carve Network			100
CW1Radio Popular	Colonia	550	450
CW31Salta Broadcasting	Salta	1120	25
CW39La Voz de Paysandu			10
CW41Broadcasting San Jose	San Jose	1360	05
CW43BRadio Internacional			75
CW51Radio Maldonado			50
CW53Radio Cerro Largo			25
CX52 Radio Litoral Soriano	Mercedes	1570	50
VENEZU	JELA		
YV5RGOndas Populares	Caracas	1010	100
YV5RUOndas Populares	Caracas	6070	223
YV6RAEcos Del Orinoco	Ciudad Boliva	r 1400	75
YV6RUEcos Del Orinoco	Ciudad Boliva	r 4790	100
YV7RARadio Sucre	Cumana	1220	40
YV7RBRadio Sucre			78
YVIRAEcos Del Zulia			20
YVIRVEcos Del Zulia			30
YV4RERadio Valencia			100
YV4RPRadio Valencia	Valencia	3460	100

La Cadena Panamericana (The Pan American Network) of the NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY

----PERSONNEL----

Manager of International Division	Fred B. Bate
Radio Facilities Engineer	ymond F. Guy
Director, Latin American Programs	
Chief, Spanish-language Section	
Chief, Portuguese-language SectionJam	
Continuity Acceptance	
Production Manager	
Production Manager	Ary Moli
Assistant Production Manager	
Musical DirectorEm	
Director of Station Relations	
Chief of Traffic Section	rles Mangano
ARGENTINA	
Call Frequence	y Power
Letters Station Name and/or Owner Location Kilocycle	
LR4Radio Splendid	
LRSRadio SplendidBuenos Aires 931 LRS1Radio SplendidBuenos Aires 598	
Radio Splendid Network (Red Argentina de Emisoras Splendid S. A.)	10000
LW1de la Red Splendid	20000
LT2de la Red Splendid	
LU3de la Red Splendid	0 10000
LT4de la Red Splendid	
LV6de la Red Splendid	
LW7de la Red Splendid	
LU5de la Red Splendid	
LW8de la Red SplendidJujuy	
LU8de la Red SplendidBariloche125 LU4Comodoro RivadaviaC. Vivadavia64	
LU12Rio Gallegos	
	1300
BOLIVIA———	
CP20Radio El CondorLa Paz93	0 1000
CP15Radio El CondorLa Paz 588	
CP18Radio El Condor	
CP1Radio Chuquisaca	
CP41 Radio Chuquisaca Sucre 132 CP28 Radio Central Cochabamba 136	
CP40. Radio Central	
CP22 Radio Internacional Potosi 613	
CP24Radio InternacionalPotosi	
CHILE -	
	0 50000
CB114Corporacion Chilena de BroadcastingSantiago	
CB84Radio Cristobal Colon	
CC117Radio Simon Bolivar	
	'O 1000
CA108Radio La SerenaLa Serena	0 1500

NBC LATIN-AMERICAN NETWORK

	A —		
Call Letters Station Name and/or Owner	Location	Frequency Kilocycles	Power Watt s
HJCCLa Voz de Bogota	.Bogota		5000
HJCELa Voz de Bogota	. Bogota	1000	1500
HJCFLa Voz de Bogota	.Bogota	6240	1000
HJCRRadiodifusora Nacional			5000
HJCTRadiodifusora Nacional			2500
HJANEmisoras Unidas	.Barranquilla	1190	1000
HJABEmisoras Unidas			3000
HJDKLa Voz de Antioquia	.Medellin	1250	500
HJDELa Voz de Antioquia			5000
HJGKRadio Santander	.Bucaramanga	1280	1000
HJGB Radio Santander	.Bucaramanga	4775	2500
HJFELa Voz de Pereira			500
HJFALa Voz de Pereira	.Pereira	6054.3	1500
HJAFEmisoras Fuentes	.Cartagena	1240	1000
HJAEEmisoras Fuentes	.Cartagena	4965	1000
——————COSTA RIC	1 A		
TIPGLa Voz de la Victor			5000
TIPGLa Voz de la Victor	.San Jose	9615	2500
TINBC La Voz de la Democracia	.San Jose	1070	4000
CUBA_			
	TT 1	200	05000
CMQ Circuito CMQ			25000
COCQ Circuito CMQ			5000
CMBZ Radio Salas			1000
COBZRadio Salas		9030	1000
CMQ Network (Circuito CMQdel Circuito CMQ		670	10000
CMJL del Circuito CMQ	Companie	670	10000
CMKJdel Circuito CMQ	Lolovin	920 730	10000
CMKUdel Circuito CMQ	Contingo	070	10000
CMAQdel Circuito CMQ	Dinon del Die	970	1000
CMAQdel Circuito CMQ	.Pinar dei Rio	840	100 0
———— DOMINICAN RE	PUBLIC-		
HIIX Radiodifusora Oficial	Ciudad Truiillo	6350	1000
HI1X Radiodifusora Oficial	Santiago	6383	400
		0000	400
ECUADOI	<u> </u>	-	
HCJBLa Voz de los Andes	.Quito	974	1000
HCJBLa Voz de los Andes	Quito	4108	200
HCJBLa Voz de los Andes	Quito	9958	1000
HCJBLa Voz de los Andes	Quito	12455	10000
HC2GIRadio El Telegrafo	.Guavaquil	1160	300
HC2ETRadio El Telegrafo	.Guayaquil	9200	500
		5250	
————EL SALVAD			
YSSAlma Cuscatleca	.San Salvador	638	500
HUB Alma Cuscatleca	.San Salvador	4780	300
YSDAlma Cuscatleca	.San Salvador	7894	500
GUATEMA	LA		
TGWLa Voz de Guatemala		640	10000
TGWALa Voz de Guatemala	Customala City	640	
TGWBLa Voz de Guatemala	Guatemala City .	6840	10000
TGWCLa Voz de Guatemala	Guatamala City .	1520	1000
	.Guatemala City .	1020	1000
037			

HATTI	
HHGMMagloire Broadcasting Circuit	1000
HHBM Magloire Broadcasting Circuit Port-au-Prince 9660	1000
HHCM Magloire Broadcasting Circuit Port-au-Prince 6165	1000
HONDURAS 5975	500
HRNLa Voz de Honduras	300
MEXICO	
XEWLa Voz de la America Latina Mexico City 900 desde Mexico	100000
XEWWLa Voz de la America Latina Mexico City 9500 15160	10000 10000
XEW Network (Radio Programas de Mexico)	10000
XEKJ Refugio A. de ValdiviesoAcapulco, Gro 1400	250
XEBIPedro C. RivasAguascalientes 1360	250
XEALuis A. Maury	250
XEFQPedro Lopez Diaz	500
XENCEl Heraldo del BajioCelaya	250
XEQZRamon Zamora Manjarrez	250
XEFIDavid C. Mireles	1000
XEBAJose D. Gonzalez	250
XEPEsteban Parra	500
XETR Antonio Pozo L	
XEBJFernando Elizalde	100
XERL J. Roberto Levy	250
XESA Modesto Roberto Perez	500
XEE Jose Valenzuela	250
XEHL Radio Anunciadora Kist	
XEDRModesto Ortega	100
XEBHJose Remigio Agraz	
XEBO Alfonso Martinez	500
XEKL Carlos Ferraez Matos Jalapa, Ver. 550 XERZ Rafael C. Navarro Leon, Gto. 1240	100
XECF Francisco Perez, Jr. Los Mochis, Sin 1410	250 1000
XEAM	250
XERJ Rafael Elizalde Mazatlan, Sin 1320	
XEMEPerfecto Villamil CMerida, Yuc1270	
XECLArmando MaldonadoMexicali, B.C. 990	
XEDWAngel LagardaMinatitlan, Ver 1260	
XEFB Jesus Quintanilla Monterrey, N.L. 630	
XEITiburcio Ponce	
XEGLFausto M. Gomez	500
XEHF. Gaston Mascarenas Nogales, Son. 1370	1000
XEFER. Tijerina Carranza	250
XEAXA. Marquez Gonzales	
XETQ Francisco Campos H., Sucs Orizaba, Ver 1370	250
XEATSucs. Jorge Perez	250
XEMUAlfonso L. Bres	
XEHRRoberto Canedo	250
XEJXRadioemisora QueretanaQueretaro, Qro 1450	250
XERTIgnacio Magallon V	250
XEBXSucs. Miguel B. RodriguezSabinas, Coah 610	250
XEDE Emilio Tamargo	150
XECZZeferino Jimenez	1000
XETUImpulsora Moderna del RadioTampico1460	1000
XETS Wadelay Dominguez	100
XERKTomas Mondragon	100
XECLuis Enrique EncisoTijuana, B.C 1310	
XECHRodolfo Llamas	250
XEBPA. O. Stevenson	2 50
XETL Calixto Almazan	
XEUFIgnacio Navarro Q	
XEUFernando Pasos SosaVeracruz, Ver 960	
XEDH Vicente Hernandez	
XELKJose M. AcevedoZacatecas, Zac 1280	100

NBC LATIN-AMERICAN NETWORK

NICARAG	UA	
Call Letters Station Name and/or Owner YNPS La Voz de Nicaragua	Location Frequency KilocyclesManagua 6760	Power Watts 1000
YNDSLa Voz de Nicaragua	Managua 6240	750
————PANAM	A	
HOARadio Panamericana HP5GRadio Panamericana	Panama City11780	400 600
HOKLa Voz de la Victor	Colon	250 250
PARAGU	AV	
ZP9Radio La Capital	Asuncion 970	1500
PERU		
OAX4ARadio Nacional del Peru		10000
OAX4ZRadio Nacional del Peru	Lima 6082	14000
OAX4TRadio Nacional del Peru	Lima 9652	12000
OAX6ARadio Arequipa	Arequipa 6042	200
OAX1ARadio Delcar		300
OAX1BRadio Piura		300
OAX4P Radio Huancayo		250
OAX7A Radio Cuzco	Cuzco 6128	2 50
PIJERTO R	RICO	
WNELThe Link of the Americas		5000
		0000
URUGUA	Y	
CX14 Radio El Espectador	Montevideo 810	15000
CXA19 Radio El Espectador	Montevideo11835	5000
CX18Radio Libertad		5000
El Espectador Network (La Cadena Uri	uguaya de Radiodifusión)	2000
CW1 Radio Popular		3000 50
CW23Radio Cultural		500
CW33Radio Culturar	Florida 1200	75
CW35Radio Paysandu	Paysandu 1240	750
CW43Radio Lavalleja	Minas	300
CW45Difusora Treinta y tres	Treinta v tres 1390	250
CW46AZorrilla de San Martin	Tacuarembo 1400	1200
CW47ARadio Welcome	San Jose 1510	100
	NT A	
————VENEZU	_	
YV5RARadio Caracas		10000
YV5RNRadio Caracas	Caracas 4920	5000
YV1RKRadio Popular	Maracaibo 1250	300
YV1RLRadio Popular YV2RBLa Voz del Tachira	Maracaibo 4810	300 500
YV2RNLa Voz del Tachira		2000
YV4RALa Voz de Carabobo		1000
YV4ROLa Voz de Carabobo		1000
YV1RWRadio Coro		200
YV1RY Radio Coro	Coro 4770	300
YV6REEmisoras Unidas		500
YV6RCEmisoras Unidas		1500
YV2RCLa Voz de la Sierra		500
YV1RORadio Trujillo		800
YV3RERadio Barquisimeto		1500 2 00 0
T VOILITItaulo Darquisillelo	barquisiniew 0120	200€

STATIONS OF MEXICO

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Y	Call	Frequency	Power	Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Acapulco, Gro.		1400	0.25	
Agua Prieta, Son		1190	50.	Data G. Di a
Aguascalientes		1360	0.25	Pedro C. Rivas
Aguascalientes	XELY	1490	0.15	Rafael Leal Camarena
Cajoncita de B. C	XBQA	9200	8.0	Comision Nacional de Irri- gacion
Campeche	XEA	1370	0.25	Luis A. Maruy
Cananea, Son		980	0.5	Pedro L. Diaz
Cananea, Son	XESY	1320	0.2	J. Tato Amante
Casas Grandes		1400	0.1	
Celaya, Guan	XEJT	1600	0.1	
		1090		
		1190		
Chetumal de Q. R	XACD	3050	40.05	Cia. Mexicana de Aviacion
Chihuahua	XEFI	1440	1.	Ramiro G. Urganga
Chihuahua		1280	0.6	Angel Mara T.
Chihuahua	XEM	1390	0.5	Pedro Menessee, Jr.
Chihuahua	XEBU	1260	0.1	Feliciano Lopez
Chihuahua		1340	0.1	
Ciudad Guzman, Jal	XEGT	1270	.25	Xavier Velasco
Ciudad Guzman, Jal		1490	0.1	
Ciudad Juarez	XEBA	800	150.	
Ciudad Juarez		970	5.	P. Meneses, Laredo
Ciudad Juarez		1300	0.5	Esteban Parra
Ciudad Juarez		1460	1.	
Ciudad Juarez		1420	0.25	Gilberto Gil
Ciudad Juarez		1270	.25	Dario Cordaba
Ciudad Madero, Tams		1490	0.1	Cesar Trijillo Badillo
Ciudad Obregon, Son	XEAP	1290	0.1	Emilio Manzanilla
Ciudad Valles, San Luis		10.40	0.1	
Potosi		1340	0.1	71
Ciudad Victoria		1450	0.1	Fernando Elizalde
Coatzacoalcos		1340 1280	$0.25 \\ 0.25$	Pedro E. Rocher
Colima, Col		1340	0.25	J. Roberto Levy Juan Sedas M.
Cordoba de Veracruz	XEAG	1280	0.25	Diodoro Zuniga
Cuernavaca, Morelos		1420	0.25	Diodoro Zuniga
Culiacan, Sin		1360	0.15	Pablos Elizalde, S. de R. L.
Culiacan, Sin.		1260	0.23	Ignacio L. Said
Culiacan, Sin.		1300	0.1	Ignacio D. Daid
				A1 1 T. St. T.
Durango		1280	0.25	Alejandro Stevenson, Jr.
Durango		1400		
Ensenada, B. C	XEPF	1400	0.2	
Fresnillo, Zac		1340	0.1	Jose Ma. Acesado Moya
Gomez Palacio, Dur		1310	0.25	
Gomez Palacio, Dur		1490	0.1	
Guadalajara, Jal		1010	5.	Govierno del Estado de J.
Guadalajara, Jal		1250	0.5	Salvador Vazquez T.
Guadalajara, Jal		680	1.	Cia. Radiofonografica
Cuadalaiana Tal	XEDQ	1070	0.1	
Guadalajara, Jal	ALHL	1370	0.5	
		940		

STATIONS OF MEXICO

Teaching	Call		Power	Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Guadalajara, Jal		1340	0.25	Salvador Galindo de la Torre
Guadalajara, Jal		960	.25	Carmen Vilasenor
Guadalajara, Jal		580	0.05	Alfredo Vasquez
Guadalajara, Jal		1310	0.25	
Guadalajara, Jal		1400	0.25	
Guanajuata, Guan		570	0.1	
Guaymas, Son	XEDR	1490	0.1	Modesto Ortega
Hermosillo, Son	XEBH	920	1.	
	XEBR	11820 sw.	0.15	
Hermosillo, Son		1250	.5	
Hermosillo, Son.		590	0.3	Sr. C. Serna Martinez
Hermosillo, Son.		960	0.5	Si. C. Seilla Martinez
Hermosillo, Son.		1300	.25	
Hermosillo, Son.		1540	5.	
Parral, Chih		1150	0.5	
Parral, Chih		1250	0.25	
Parral, Chih	\dots XEJR	1490	0.1	Anastasio Gomez Gallardo
Irapuato, Gt	YERO	1330	0.6	
Irapuato, Gt		1420	0.0	
		1420	0.1	
Jalapa de Veracruz		6090 sw.	0.1	Pedro Caronel Aburto
Jalapa de Veracruz	XEKL	550	0.1	
	XEJA	1400	0.25	
La Paz, Baja Calif	XEPX	550	0.25	
Leon de Guanajuato		1270	0.1	Sucs R. Ortiz Gonzalex
Leon de Guanajuato		1030	0.25	Duob at, Ortiz domaich
Linares		1410	.25	
Los Algodones, Baja Calif		560	0.1	
Los Mochis, Sin	XEOX	1280	0.25	Felipe G. de Leon
		1450	0.1	
Magdalena de Sonora				Enrique Sorolegui
Matamoros, Tam	ALU	970	0.75	
		$1450 \\ 1400$	$0.1 \\ 0.25$	Manuel L. Salinas
Matamoros, Tam			1.0	
Los Mochis, Sin		1350	0.6	Francisco Perez H.
Mazatlan, Sin		$1320 \\ 1420$	0.5	Oscar Perez E.
Mazatlan, Sin				Alexander A. Schober
Merida, Yuc		1450	0.1	Manuel Zapata Espinosa
Merida, Yuc		1240	$0.25 \\ 0.1$	
Merida, Yuc	AEMII	1400		A 16 T
Mexicali, B. C		990	5.	Alfonso Lacarra
Mexicali, B. C		910	0.25	Chavez y Castro, Soc.
Mexicali, B. C		1340	0.25	Alberto Gonzales
Mexico City, D. F		6119 sw	0.1	Partido Nac. Revolucionario
Mexico City, D. F	ALAA	6175 sw.	0.1	Depto, de Publicidad y
		00.00		Propaganda
Mexico City, D. F		6000 sw.	0.5	El Buen Toro S. A.
Mexico City, D. F	\dots XEDP	940	50.	
Mexico City, D. F		1000	10.	Ignacia Diaz R.
Mexico City, D. F		1060	50.	
Mexico City, D. F	XEQW	1030	1.	
Mexico City, D. F	XEQK	1350	1.	Angel Ferreiro
Mexico City, D. F		1290	1.	Augusto Garcia Diaz
Mexico City, D. F		1590	5.	Dolores G. Estrada de F.
Mexico City, D. F		620	5.	•
Mexico City, D. F		590	5.	
Mexico City, D. F		1470	5D	Salvador San Martin
Mexico City, D. F	XEL	40	1N	
	****	1260	0.75	Financiera de Inversiones
Mexico City, D. F	XEBS	4.440	0	S. A.
		1410	0.75	Maria Remedios Delgado
		0.11		

	Call	Frequency	Power	Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Mexico City, D. F		1380	0.5	Alfonson Traslos
Mexico City, D. F	.XEOF			Leros Avolos
** *** **		560	1.	
Mexico City, D. F		890 95 00 sw	100.0 . 10.	
Mexico City, D. F	XEWW	730 SW	150.	Radio Panamericana
Mexico City, D. F	XEQQ	9680 sw		1tadio 1 anamericana
Mexico City, D. F		1220	100.	
	XEET	6000 sw	. 1.	
Mexico City, D. F		660	0.5	
Mexico City, D. F		830	1.	
Mexico City, D. F		1110	20.	
Mexico City, D. F		690 860	5. 5.	
Mexico City, D. F Mexico City, D. F		1550	3. 1.	
Mexico City, D. F		790	1.	
Mexico City, D. F		1440	1.	
Mexico City, D. F		1500	0.5	
Mexico City, D. F	.XEJP	1150	6.	Antonio Verandez
Mexico City, D. F		1320		
Mexico City, D. F		990	0.5	Arturo Martinez
Minatitlan, Ver	XEDW	$1260 \\ 1050$.25 150.	Hector Silva Canto
Monterrey, N. L		1140	50.	Cia. Industrial Universal
Monterrey, N. L		990	5.	Pregonero del Norte
Monterrey, N. L		1420	1.	
Monterrey, N. L		630	.5	Jesus Quintanilla
Monterrey, N. L		1370	0.5	Enrique Serna Martinez
Monterrey, N. L		1280	0.5	El Heraldo del Comercia
Morelina, Michoacan		6030 sw		Jose Martinez Ramirez
Morelina. Michoacan	.ALKI	6030 sw	. 5.	El Nee di Nichosaan desde Morelia
Morelina, Michoacan		1270	0.1	~ - ~
Morelina, Michoacan		1400	0.25	Carlos Gutierrez
Morelina, Michoacan		$600 \\ 1270$	$0.25 \\ 0.5$	Fausto M. Gomez
Navojoa, Son		1400	0.3	Emilio Manzanilla
Navojoa, Son.		570	0.1	
Nogales, Son		1370	1.	Francisco G. Elias
Nogales, Son		1010	0.25	
Nuevo Laredo, Tam		960	1.	Rafael T. Caranza
Nuevo Laredo, Tam		790	0.5	C. Carinala a M. M. Carrina
Nuevo Laredo, Tam		1340 1380	$0.1 \\ 0.25$	G. Guajardo y M. M. Cortes
Nuevo Laredo, Tam Nuevo Laredo, Tam		1410	0.25	
Nuevo Laredo, Tam		1260	.25	
,	XELH	1460	.1	
Oaxaca		1270	.15	Alvaro Rodriquez A.
Orizaba, Vera Cruz		580	1.	TT 4 G 4
Orizaba, Vera Cruz		1450	0.25	Hector Sotomayor
Orizaba, Vera Cruz	.XETQ	1370	0.25	Francis Campos H.
Piedras Negras, Coah	.XEMU	580	0.25	
Piedras Negras, Coah	.XEMJ	920	0.2	
Progreso, Yuc	.XEOK	1430	0.1	Arturo Pina Perez
Puebla		1090	0.25	Manuel R. Canale
Puebla de Puebla		6185 sw		Ricardo Vazquez A.
Puebla de Puebla	.XECD	1170	0.35	
Queretaro	.XEJX	1450	0.25	
Queretaro		1300	0.1	
Reynosa, Tam	.XEAW	1570 sw 1010	. 100. 50.	Cia. International Reynosa
	XEKN	1390	0.25	Carlos V. Rodriguez
		942		-
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STATIONS OF MEXICO

Location Reynosa, Tam	Call Letters	Frequency Kcs. 590	Power Kws. 0.25-N	Owner or Operating Agency
Rosarito, B. C	.XERB	1090	5D 50.	Radiodifusora Internacion
Sabinas, Coah	XEBX	610	.25	Radiodifusora Internacion— Miguel B. Rodriguez
Saltillo, Coah	.XESJ	1250	1D 0.5-N	
Saltillo, Coah	XEDE	1330 1400 1490	0.1 0.25 1.	J. Antonio de la Pena Arrelio G. Zaragoza
San Luis Potosi	XEBM	1450 1370 1260 1400	0.1 1.0 0.15 0.1	Ceferino Z. Jiminez Benjamin Briones
S. Luis Rio Colorado		1450	0.25	Lucinda Arenaxde de M. M.
Tampico	XETU	810 1460 980	50. 1.0 1.	
Tampico Tapachula, Chiapas Tapachula, Chiapas	XETS	1300 630 1450	0.25 0.1 0.25	Difisora Portena S. de R. L.
Tepatitlan, Jal	XEXT	1150 980 1450	0.1 1. 0.15	Dario Mondragon
Taxiutlan, Puebla Tijuana, B. C	.XETZ	1450 1360 1470	0.1 0.25 5.0	H. Ayuntamiento Manuel Acuna Varela
Tijuana, B. C Tijuana, B. C		860 1010 1550 sw	5.0 1. . 5 .	Fern. Fes. Ferreira
Tijuana, B. C Tijuana, B. C Tijuana, B. C	.XEAC	119 0 690	5. 5.	Cia. R.A.D. de Piedras Negras Jorge Rivera
Tijuana, B. C	.XEGM	950	1 D 2.5-N	Rita Mayans y Gustavo Faist E.
Tijuana, B. C Tijuana, B. C		1420 1270	2. 0.5-N 5D	Cia Radio Mexicana
Tijuana, B. C Tlaxcala		1310 148 0	.25 5.	Luis E. Enciso
Tlaxcala	XEXS	2410 1340	0.1 0.1	Gobierno del Estado Instituto Científico y Leiter
Toluca de Mexico	XETB	1490 1350 600	0.25 0.5 1.	Rodolfo Llamas Aurelio G. Zaragoza
Torreon, Coah. Torreon, Coah. Torreon, Coah.	.XEJZ .XEBP	920 1260 1450	0.1 0.25 0.25	Alejandor O. Stevenson, Jr. Maria Refugio A. De
Torreon, Coah	.XEDN	600 1390	1. 0.25	Valdiviesco Higinio Gonzalez Calixto Almazan
Tuxpam, V. C Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chiapas. Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chiapas.	XEXJ XFBK	1280 534 0	0.1	Govt. of State of Chiapas
Urapan, Mich	XEFT XEUW	550 9550 sw 6020 sw	. 0.02	Ignacio Navarro Jose Rodriguez Lopez Fernando Taxos Sosa
Vera Cruz Vera Cruz Vera Cruz	.XEU	1310 960 12 50	1. 0.5 0.5	Radiodifusora Veracruzana Fernando Pazos y Cia. Jose Rodriguez Lopez
Vera Cruz	XEXF	1490	0.1	- -

Location	Call Lette rs		ower Kw s .	Owner or Operating Agency
Villa Acuna, Coah	XEAB	1600 sw.	5.	
Villa Acuna, Coah	XEDH	1340	0.25	Vicente Hernandez
Villa Acuna, Coah	XEAQ	1430	0.1	
Villahermosa de Tabasco	XAGB	5250	0.075	Cia. Areonautica del Sur
Villahermosa de Tabasco	XERE	9515	0.1	Juan T. Trujillo
Zacatecas de Zac	XELK	1280	0.1	Jose Macias Gerrero
Zamora, Mich	XESC	1450	0.1	Guillermo Calzada
Zamora, Mich	XEGT	1490	0.25	Juan T. Trujillo

Radio Programas de Mexico, S. A.

Head Office: Ayuntamiento 52 General Offices: J. M. Marroqui 11

P. O. Box 1324, Mexico City, Mexico

Phones: Head Office: L-13-73, 12-72-34 General Office—J-29-01, 12-65-44

-PERSONNEL-

President	Emilio Azcarraga
Vice-President and General Manager	
Sales Manager	Juan M. Duran y Casahonda
Continuity Department	Antonio Eufracio Ontiveros
Engineering Department	Carlos Camacho
Accounting Department	Horacio Nino Medina
Advertising Department	Daniel Esquivel
International Division	Homero Rios D.

Key Stations: XEW-XEWW-XEQ-XEQQ-Mexico City

AFFILIATED STATIONS IN MEXICO

XEW-Network

XEBI A XEA Ca XEFQ Ca XENC Ca XEBA Ci	ampeche, Camp. ananea, Son. elaya, Gto. udad Guzman, Jal.	XEFE XEAX	City Morelia, Mich. Monterrey, N. L. Navojoa, Son. Nogales, Son. Nuevo Laredo, Tamps. Oaxaca, Oax. Orizaba, Ver.
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RADIO PROGRAMAS DE MEXICO

Call Letters XETR XEBJ XERL XESA XEFI XEE XEHL XEBH XEBO XEKL XERZ XECF XEAM XERJ XEME XEME	City Ciudad Valles, S. L. P. Ciudad Victoria, Tamps. Colima, Col. Culiacan, Sin. Chihuahua, Chih. Durango, Dgo. Guadalajara, Jal. Hermosillo, Son. Irapuato, Gto. Jalapa, Ver. Leon, Gto. Los Mochis, Sin. Matamoros, Tamps. Mazatlan, Sin. Merida, Yuc. Mexicali, B. C.	Call Letters XEJR XEMU XEHR XEJX XERT XEBX XEDE XECZ XETU XERK XEC XEBP XETL XEUF XEUF XEUF	City Parral, Chih. Piedras Negras, Coah. Puebla, Pue. Queretaro, Qro. Reynosa, Tamps. Sabinas, Coah. Saltillo, Coah. San Luis Potosi, S. L. P. Tampico, Tamps. Tepic, Nay. Tijuana, B. C. Torreon, Coah. Tuxpan, Ver. Urugpan, Mich. Veracruz, Ver. Zacatecas, Zac.

XEQ-Network

Call		Call	
Letters	City	Lette rs	City
XERO	Aguascalientes, Ags.	xeja	Jalapa, Ver.
XEOX	Ciudad Obregon, Son.	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{F}\mathbf{M}$	Leon, Gto.
XEAG	Cordoba, Ver.	XER	Linares, N. L.
XEY	Cuernavaca, Mor.	XEDS	Mazatlan, Sin.
${f XEBL}$	Culiacan, Sin.	XEFC	Merida, Yuc.
XEBU	Chihuahua, Chih.	xelq	Morelia, Mich.
XEPF	Ensenada, B. C.	XEMR	Monterrey, N. L.
XEMA	Fresnillo, Zac.	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{M}\mathbf{J}$	Piedras Negras, Coah.
XELW	Guadalajara, Jal.	\mathbf{xesj}	Saltillo, Coah.
XEJT	Guanajuato, Gto.	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{m}$	San Luis Potosi, S. L. P.
XEHQ	Hermosillo, Son.	XETS	Tapachula, Chis.
XEWE	Irapuato, Gto.	XEXT	Tepic, Nay.
XEDN	Torreon, Coah.	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{H}\mathbf{v}$	Veracruz, Ver.
		XEDH	Villa Acuna, Coah.

AFFILIATED STATIONS IN CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

Call Letters	City	Cal l Lette rs	City
YSR	San Salvador, El Sal.	OAX4F	Lima, Peru
HRN	Tegucigalpa, Hond.	HJCH	Bogota, Colombia
YNOW	Managua, Nicaragua	HJCS	Bogota, Colombia
TIGPH	San Jose, Costa Rica	HJDA	Medellin, Colombia
HOC	Panama, Panama	HJDQ	Medellin, Colombia
HOK	Colon, Panama	HJAH	Barranquilla, Col.
YV5RA	Caracas, Venezuela	HJAN	Barranquilla, Col.
YV5RG	Caracas, Venezuela	HJEB	Cali, Colombia
YV1RF	Maracaibo, Venezuela	HJER	Cali, Colombia
YV1RK	Maracaibo, Venezuela	CX14	Montevideo, Uruguay
HCQR	Quito, Ecuador	CX18	Montevideo, Uruguay
HC2AJ	Guayaquil, Ecuador	HIN	Trujillo, Rep. Dominicana

STATIONS OF CENTRAL——— AND SOUTH AMERICA

ARGENTINA

*	Call	Frequency		Owner or
Location Bahia Blanca	Letters	Kcs. 900	Kws. 5.0	Operating Agency Camilio V. Bertorini
Bahia Blanca		1150	10.0	Camino V. Bertorini
Bahia Blanca	.LU7	1240	2.5	Filomena Z de Cennari
Buenos Aires (Banfield)	.LS2	1190	15.0	Teodors Prieto
Buenos Aires (Ciudadela)		670 750	12.0	Juan G. Gonzales Speroni
Buenos Aires	LRA LRA-1	9690 sw.	10.0	Dirrection General de Correos, Telegrafos
	LRA-5	17720 sw.		relegialos
Buenos Aires (Florida)	.LR2	910	6.0	Alfred Schroeder
Buenos Aires (Florida)	.LS10	590	6.0	Victor J. Ruano
Buenos Aires (Florida)	.LR9	1030	5.0	Gregorio Echavarria
Buenos Aires (Hurlingham)	.LR6	870	25.0	S. A. La Nacion
Buenos Aires (Hurlingham)	.LRY sw.	9640	5.0	
	LR3	950	90.0	Jaime Yankelevich
Buones Aines (Mante	LRY1 sw.	•		
Buenos Aires (Monte Grande)	T C1	710	50.0	Municipalidad de la Capital
Buenos Aires (Monte	.1101	710	50.0	Municipandad de la Capital
Grande)	.LR5	830	25.0	Alfred B. Dougall
Buenos Aires (Rivadavia)		990	50.0	Antonio C. Devoto
	LRS			
Buones Aires (Disselation)	LRS1		- 0	
Buenos Aires (Rivadavia) Buenos Aires (Vicente	LS5	1110	5.0	Enrique Caride
Lopez)	T 50	1270	6.0	S. A. La Voz Del Aire
Buenos Aires (San	. 1729	1270	0.0	S. A. La Voz Del Alle
Fernando)	.LR1	1070	50.0	Empresa Editorial
	LRU*	15290 sw.		Haynes Ltda., S. A.
-	LRX	9660 sw.	7.0	
Catamarca		730	1.5	Hector Tavella, Rivadavia 751
Catamarca		1360 640	0.5 1.5	Cia Broadcasting de la Pata-
	.1.04	040	1.0	gonia
Cordoba	LV3	620	15.0	Alberto P. Brouard (Station
				suppressed by Argentine
Cordoba	T 379	960	5.0	Gov't.) Luis Maunier
Cordoba		1330	1.0	Luis Maumer
Cordoba	.LW1	790	15.0	
Corrientes		1340	1.0	Gobierno Prov. Corrientes
Jujuy		1130	1.5	
San Luis	-	1250	1.0	
La Plata	LR11	1390	0.5	Universidad Nacional de la
La Plata	T C11	1310	$\frac{1.5}{30.0}$	Plata Cobiorno Brow B A Bossia
La Liata	ווטעו	1910	อบ.บ	Gobierno Prov. B.A. Pasaje Dardo Roche

_	Call	F r equ e ncy	Power	Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Mar del Plata	LU6	1300	1.5	Jose Zaccagnini
Mendoza (Cuyo)		1210	2.5	Marcelino Aparicio
Mendoza (San Rafael)		690	1.0	Julio Silva
Mendoza		630	10.0	
Mendoza				
Necochea		1440	0.5	
Neuquen		1130	1.5	
Neuquen		1370	0.5	
Parana		1470	0.5	
Posadas		1010	1.5	
Posadas (Misiones)		1460	0.5	
Resistencia (Chaco)		1080	1.5	Jose M. Noveri
Santa Cruz		680	1.5	Cia. Broadcasting de la Pata-
Rosario				gonia
		1230	15.0	
Rosario (Santa Fe)		780	10.0	Fernando Maliandi
Rosario (Santa Fe)		1160	5.1	Soc. Rural Cerealistas
Rosario (Santa Fe)		840	3.0	Alfredo B. Dougall
		9 70	1.0	Govierno Prov. Salta
San Juan		560	5.0	S. A. Graffigna, Ltda.
San Juan		1090	1.5	Soc. C. Rodriguez Vila y Cia
Santa Fe		1320	0.5	
Santa Fe		1200	1.0	Roca Hermanos y Cia.
Santa Fe		1260	1.0	
Santa Rosa (Pampa Centra		1250	0.5	
Santiago		1170	2.0	S. A. El Liberal
Tucuman		580	5.0	Soc. Reps. Lda. Radio Acon-
Tucuman		000		quija
La Rioja		820	2.5	Gonzalez Acha y Munoz
Buenos Aires	LS6	1350	6.0	Ricardo A. Bernotti

BOLIVIA

CochabambaCP28	1360 9570 sw.	0.150	Gottret y Cia.
CochabambaCP44	580	0.05	Victor Veltze
Cochabamba	1090	0.05	Raul Montecinos
Cochabamba	6160 sw.	0.25	
La PazCP3	1390	5.00	Costas Hermanos
CP38	9480 sw.	5.00	
La PazCP4	1040	10.00	Dept. of Communications of
CP5	6200 sw.	1.00	Bolivian Govt.
La PazCP8	1450	0.05	Sejas and Co.
La PazCP10	1090	0.05	C. Munoz
La PazCP12	6150 sw.	0.25	Owned and operated by
(Colegio San Calixto) CP29	1350	0.1	Catholic priests.
La PazCP16	1230	0.02	-
OruroCP18		0.25	
(Colegio San Calixto)			
Oruro	1250	0.05	Javier Romero (Sociedad
Oruro	1510	0.05	Anonima-Radio La Noche)
OruroCP31	975	0.05	
Oruro	770	0.05	
La PazCP19	950	.05	Augustin Aspiazu
La PazCP20	930	1.0	Romon Pelaez
CP15 sw.	6120 sw.	.25	
La PazCP32	620	.05	Cia. Internacionale de Radio Bolivia (Juan C. Salinas)

		uency I		Owner or
La PazC		cs. 380	.15	Operating Agency Buillermo Teran
		700 sw.	.25	Bullerino Teran
OruroC		100 SW.	.05	Enrique Wanting
OruroC		100 sw.	.25	Enrique Wanting
Oruro		170 sw.	.25	
Potosi		130 sw.	.25	L. Camacho
Potosi	_	300 sw.	.05	Alfredo Ossio L.
Santa Cruz	= -:	250 SW.	.05	L. Canedo Reyes
		135 sw.	.25	L. Canedo Reyes
Sucre		120 sw.	.05	C. Torres
Sucre			100.	Jose Comacho B.
SucreC			800.	Jose Comacno B.
TarijaC		190 sw.		
Turija	120	200 211.	110	
	BRA	VII	1	
Aracaju (Sergipe)P		630	1.	Jose Nunes Rebello
Aracatuba (Sao Paulo)P		460	0.5	Joao Ferraz S. br.
Araguari (Minas Gerais)P		970	0.25	Dr. Arcino Santos
Araraquara (Sao Paulo)P		370	0.5	Romulo Lupo
Assis (Sao Paulo)Z		550	0.1	Rolling Papo
Barretos (Sao Paulo)P		530	0.1	
Darretos (Sao Faulo)	1.00	030	0.1	
Bauru (Sao Paulo)P	RCS 1	210	0.23	Joao Simonetti
Belem (Para)P		450	2.	Roberto Camelier
Belefii (Tata)		865 sw.	4.	Toberto Camener
Belo Horizonte (Minas	1	500 SW,		
Gerais)P	BC7	690	3.	Dr. Alberto Deodato
Belo Horizonte (Minas			••	21, 111,0110 2004410
Gerais)P	RH6 13	340	3.	Lauro Souza Barros
Belo Horizonte (Minas				
Gerais)P	RI3	880	25.	Luis Bessa
Blumenau (Santa Catarina) P		330	0.25	Joao Medeiros, Jr.
Botucatu (Sao Paulo) P		530	0.1	Emilio Pedute
Cambara (Parana)Z	YA3 1.	590	0.1	
Campinas (Sao Paulo)P	RC9 1	170	1.	Antonio Tepedino Pagino
Campos (Rio de Janeiro)P	RF7 1.	330	0.5	Dr. Marro Ferraz Sampaio
Campo Grande (Mato				
Grosso)P		510	0.1	Dr. Antonio A. Campos
Caxambu (Minas Gerais)Z		550	0.1	
Corumba (Mato Grosso)Z		470	0.5	Teodomiro Serra
Cruzeiro (Sao Paulo)P		640	0.5	Romoaldo Canevari
Curityba (Parana)P	RB2 1	440	5.	Epaminondas Santos
Curityba (Parana)		=		
Formiga (Minas Gerais)Z		530	0.1	W 11 G + 1
Fortaleza (Ceara)P		320	2.	Waldemar Cartolano
		105 sw.		
France (Cae Baula)		165 sw. 240	0.25	
Franca (Sao Paulo)P Goiania (Goias)Z		410	0.20	
Itanatinings (Gos Daule)	110	970	0.25	
Itapetininga (Sao Paulo)P		550	0.25	
Itarare (Sao Paulo)Z Jaboticabal (Sao Paulo)P		250 250	0.25	Oswaldo Fernandes
Joao Pessoa (Parahyba)P		110	10.	Dr. Abelardo Juruema
Joinville (Santa Catrina)Z		600	0.1	Di. Abelardo surdellia
Juiz de Fora (Minas G.)P		010	0.5	Pedro Goncalves de Oliveira
Jahn (Sao Paulo)P		010	0.25	Ulisses Newton Ferreira
Limeira (Sao Paulo)P		550	0.1	Ary Levy Pereira
Lins (Sao Paulo)Z		550	0.1	J Loty I Ololla
Manaos (Amazonas)P		895 sw.	0.1	Dr. V. Pareto Neto
Natal (Rio Grande de Norte) .Z		270	1.	
Nictheroy (R. J.)		320	1.	Jose Augusto Mendes
		470	1.	Tte. Custodio Fontes
Paranahyba (Pianu)P		470	0.5	Dr. Joao Tavares de Carvalho
Patos (Minas G.)Z		530	0.1	-
	(48		
	,			

Call	Frequency	Powe r	Owner or
Location Letters	$\hat{K}cs.$	Kws.	Operating Agency
Pelotas (Rio Grande de Sul) .PRC3	580	0.25	Carlos G. Sica
Petropolis, L. (R. J.)	1320 1480	0.5 1	Atakualpa Dias Carlos Rodrigues Viana
Pocos de Caldas (Minas G.)PRD6	820	0.25	Joao Sampaio Goes
Ponta Grossa (Parana)PRH5	1160	0.25	Benedito Meira Borges
Porto Alegre (Rio Grande PRJ2	1250	.5	Manoel Machuca
de Sul)PRH2	600	25.	Dearios Associados
Porto Alegre (Rio Grande de Sul)PRF9	640	5.	Arthur Pizoli
Porto Alegre (Rio Grande de Sul)PRC2	680	5.	Dr. Lelis Espartel
Pouso Alegre (Minas	4500	0.4	
Alegras)PRJ7	1530	0.1	Jose Nunes Rebello
Marilia (Sao Paulo)PR12	1090	0.5	Oscar de Moraes Barros
Prudente (Sao Paulo)PRI5	970	0.25	Manoel Bussacos
Recife (Pernambuco)PRA8	720 6012 sw.	25. 5.	Oscar Moreira Pinto
Ribeirao Preto (Sao Paulo)PRA7	730	0.5	Jose da Silva Bueno
Ribeirao Preto (Sao Paulo)PRH7	1170		Lonzado Bueno
Rio Claro (Sao Paulo)PRF2	1460	0.25	Waldemar Cartolano
Rio de Janeiro			
Distrito FedPRA2	800	25.	Ministerio Educacao Saude
PRA3	860	10.	Dr. Rolpho Estevan de
Rio de Janeiro Distrito FedPRA9	1220	25.	Siqueira Edmar Machado
Rio de Janeiro		_	
Distrito FedPRB7	900	5.	Alceu Mario de Sa Freire
	6200 sw. 9610 sw.		
	15370 sw.		
Rio de Janeiro	10010 SW.	20.	
Distrito FedPRC8	1360	5.	Guilherme Manes
Rio de Janeiro			
Distrito FedPRD2	1060	10.	Mario Villaca Meyer
Rio de Janeiro	1.400		Townsian Green
Distrito FedPRD5	1400	1.	Francisco Gomes- Maciel Pinheiro
Rio de Janeiro			
Distrito Fed	1430	5.	Dr. Placido de Melo
Rio de Janeiro			
Distrito FedPRE3	1180	7.5	Dr. Elisio Dantas
Rio de Janeiro Distrito Fed	980	25.	Dr. Gilberto de Andrade
Rio de Janeiro	900	45.	Dr. Gilberto de Andrade
Distrito FedPRF4	940	10.	Ernesto Fereira Carneiro
Rio de Janeiro	0.25	- • •	
Distrito FedPRF5	9500 sw.	12.	Dr. J. V. Pareto Neto
	9600 sw.		
	10220 sw.		
	15190 sw.		
Rio de Janeiro Distrito Fed	1000	10	De Martila de Desse
	1280	10.	Dr. Teofilo de Barros
Rio de Janeiro Distrito Fed	9505		Brazilian Govt.
PRL8	11720		
PRL7	17850		
Rio de Janeiro	1100	0 =	
Distrito FedPRH8	1130	0.5	Francisco Xavier Filho
	949		

Call Location Letters		Power Kws.	Owner or Operating Agency
Rio Grande (Rio Grande de	1103.	II.W.S.	Operating ligeneg
	1510	0.1	
Sul)ZYC3	640	0.25	Andrassy Ribeiro
Rio Breto (Sao Paulo)PRB8	1450	1.	Hermenegildo da Rocha Brito
Santos (Sao Paulo)PRB4		0.75	Carlos Baccarat
Santos (Sao Paulo)PRG5	580		Carlos Baccarat
Sao Carlos (Sao Paulo)ZYA6	1590	0.1	
Sao Carlos (Sao Paulo)ZYA6	1590	0.1	T Dil District
San Luiz (Maranhao)PRJ9	1490	5.	Jose Ribamar Pinheiro
Sao Manuel (Sao Paulo)PRI6	1510	0.1	Vitorino Ribeirro
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRB9	1000	25.	Dr. Paulo Machado de Carvalho
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo) PRE7	1410	5.	Dr. Joao Ferreira Fontes
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRF3	960	5.	Dr. Ubiratan Silveira
			Pamplona
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRG2	1040	25.	Dr. Antonio Herman Dias Menezes
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo) PRG9	1100	25.	Mons. Dr. Francisco Bastos
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRH3	620	5.	Pedro de Camargo
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRH9	840	5.	Jose Niccolini
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo) PRA5	1260	5.	Joao Baptista de Amaral
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRA6	890	10.	Dr. Oswaldo Costa, Director
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRB6	1200	5.	Oscar P. Seckler
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)PRE4	1300	5.	Olavo C. Fontoura
Sao Paulo (Sao Paulo)ZYB7	6095 sw.	25.	
	11765 sw.		
Sao Sebastiao Paraiso ZYA4	1510	0.1	
(Minas G.)			
Soracaba (Sao Paulo)PRD7	1080	0.5	Orlando da Silva Reitas
Taubate (Sao Paulo)ZYA8	1590	0.1	
Uberaba (Minas G.)PRE5	1390	0.5	Quintiliano Jardin
Ulberlandia (Minas G.)PRC6	1510	0.1	Aristides Figueiredo
Varginha (Minas G.)ZYB2	1590 sw.	0.1	3 .
Vitoria (Epirito Santo)PRI9	1350	0.1	Dr. Ciro Vieira da Cunha

BRITISH GUIANA

GeorgetownVP3BG 6130 0.065 British Guiana Broadcasting Co., Ltda.

BRITISH HONDURAS

BelizeZIK-2 10600 0.2 Government

CHILE

Antofagasta CAI41 Antofagasta CAI27 Chillan CCI38 Chillan CC127 Concepcion CC141	1410 1270 1380 1270 1410	1. 0.25 0.15 0.1 0.1	Angel Garcia y Cia. Ltda. Horus Predreny Palma Adriana Pagueguy de Logos Rafael Barrios Chilena de Communicaciones (rented for 1 year to Rafael Ariona N.)
Concepcion CC117 Concepcion CC64 Coquimbo CA96 Curico CC96 Iquique CA63 La Serena CA108	1170 640 960 960 630 1080	1.0 1. 0.3 0.1 0.25	Arjona N.) Federico Sanchez Mario Saez Lagoa Cesar Nieme Abey Alberto Guerra Antonio Cajiao Ed. Encina Arancibia
Osorno	840	1.5	Soc. Agricola y Granadera de Osorno

Call	Frequency	Power	Owner or
Location Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Puerto Montt	1010	1.	Chilena de Communicaciones
		0.1	Ernesto Riedel
Puerto Montt			
Punta Arenas	1030	0.1	Ramon Verde Ramos
((CD103 cancelled-moved without	authorization	and rer	ported ship movements)
		0.1	Emilio Turina
Punta Arenas			
Punta Arenas	1130	1.	Chilena de Communicaciones
Punta Arenas	1360	0.45	Victoria Iglesias de Biancilla
QuillotaCB113		0.1	Leopoldo Cirando G.
Rancagua	630	0.6	Manuel Massoni
Rancagua	1090	0.1	Jorge Romero Ramirez
Rancagua		0.1	Alan Rojas
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
S. Antonio (Puerto Viejo)CB140	1400	0.1	Soc. Radiodifusora Onda Azul
			Ldta.
Santiago de ChileCB66	620	1.	International Machinery Co.
	570	7.5	Soc. Nacional de Agricultura
Santiago de ChileCB57			
Santiago de ChileCB76	760	14.	Cia. Chilena de Communica-
			ciones S. A.
Santiago de ChileCB82	820	1.	
			Camlas Dainens
Santiago de ChileCB89	890	1.	Carlos Briceno, owner.
			Rented for five years to
			Antonio Zarate Andreu
Continue de Chil-	070	1	
Santiago de Chile	970	1.	Soc. Chilean de Radiodifu-
			sion y Propaganda
Santiago de ChileCB101	1010	1.	Chilena de Communicaciones
		5.	Manuel Casablanca Latorre
Santiago de ChileCB106			
Santiago de ChileCB114	1140	50.	Corp. Chilena de Radio
Santiago de ChileCB126	1260	10.	Soc. Chilena Radiodifusora
Samuago de Cimerri			S. A.
G 1 G1.11 GD000	0.000		
Santiago de Chile			Horacio Hevia Labbe
CB130	1300	2.0	
Santiago de ChileCB134	1340	2.	German Holtheuer Valdivia
Santiago de ChileCB138		5.	Empresa Periodistica "El
CB118	5 11850 sw.	. 5.0	Mercurio"
Santiago de ChileCB142	L.W.	1.	Jiles Y Cia.
Santiago de ChileCB144		2.	Clark Hnos.
Santiago de ChileCB144	C 1440	0.2	Oscar Moraga Fuenzalida
Santiago de ChileCB150	1500	1.	
Santiago de ChileCB118		. 1.	Soc. Nacional de Agricultura
Santiago de ChileCB117			Otto Becker, Ltda.
Santiago de ChileCB93	930	8.	Orlandini y Raggio Ltda.
CB117	'4 11740 sw.		
TalcaCC96	960	.25	Alberto Guerra Cruzatt
Talca	840	0.1	Francisco Morales Castillo
Talca	670	0.1	Ramon Abasolo
Temuco	700	1.2	De Mayo Hnos.
Temuco			
	690	1.2	Daniel De Mayo Levi
Temuco	1250	1.5	Soc. Radio Emisoras Sur de
			Chile
Tananilla CA00	900	0.1	Hilda Cuellar
Tocopilla			
Valdivia	640	1.0	Chilean Communications Co.
CD59	590	1.0	
ValdiviaCD132		1.0	Carlos Cockbaine
ValparaisoCB78	780	6.0	Soc. Coop. Vita.
CE970	9700 sw	. 10.0	
ValparaisoCB90	900	.4	Emp. Periodistica "El
* u_paramo	000	. 1	
** * .			Mercurio"
ValparaisoCB103		0.75	Cia. Chilena de Communica-
CE910	9730 sw.		ciones S. A., Radio la Co-
CE615			operativa Vitalicia Valpa
CEOL	0100 SW	•	
** •			raiso, Chile
ValparaisoCB116	1160	1.	Patricio Edwards Linares
ValparaisoCB120	1200	1.	Angel I. Prieto Andreas
	051		

Location	Call Letters	Frequency Kcs.	Power Kws.	Owner or Operating Agency
Valparaiso		1240	0.25	Ramon Y Fernando Garcia y Cia.
Valparaiso		1320	1.	Sociedad Wallace y Cia.
	(Vina del Mar)CB64	640	3.0	Adriano Iz.
	(Vina del Mar)CB63	680	.5	Renard y Garcia Tello
	(Vina del Mar) .CB111	1110	0.75	Joaquin Venegas

COLOMBIA

Aguadas		1500 1540	.025 1.	Roberto Florez Bernardo Santacoloma and D. Julio Rondon E.
Armenia	.HJFH HJFM	4 875 sw. 1210	.6 0.6	Botero Y Cia. (Braulio Botero Londono)
Barranquilla Barranquilla Barranquilla Barranquilla	.HJAG HJAH .HJAI	1330 4905 sw. 1050 1370 1310	0.5 .45 .4 0.25 0.35	Alfonso Rosales Navarro Emisora Atlantic S. A., Angel M. Ruiz, owner Julian Melendez Vassallo Hinos y Mendez (Clemente Vassalio Gomez,
Barranquilla Barranquilla Barranquilla Bogota	HJAN .HJAS .HJAT	4785 1190 sw. 1500 1275 1105 6160	1. 1. 0.4 .5 .8	owner) Eliecer Velasco Miguel A. Ruiz Delfina v. de Haayen Colombia Broadcasting S. A. (Robt. Ramirez, Enrique Ramirez & Jorge Alford)
Bogota	.HJCC HJCE HJCF	870 1220 6073 sw.	5. 1. 0.75	Gustavo Uribe Th.
Bogota		1060	0.5	Julio Bernal
Bogota		4895 sw. 810	0.75 .5	Manuel J. Gaitan
Bogota	.HJCJ	1380	0.2	Manuel J. Gaitan
Bogota		1290	0.5	Anez & Tobon Sierra
Bogota		1335	0.5	Roberto Laignelet
Bogota		1160 4945 sw.	1. .75	Jesus M. Garcia
Bogota	.HJCQ	4955 sw.	0.15	Ministerio de Economio Na- cional
Bogota	.HJCR HJCT	1200 6260 sw.	3.0 2.5	Colombian Govt.
Bogota	.HJCU HJCA HJCY	720 4855 sw. 1460	5. 1. .35	Cristobal Paez G. y Cia. Ltd.
Bogota	.HJCX HJC Z	6018 sw. 1040	0.75 1.0	Cipriano Rios Hoyos
Bogota	.HJCS	920	50.	Cia. Radiodiffusion Colombi- ana—Jose V. Arias, owner
Bucaramanga	.HJGE	1130	.5	Gustabo Sorzano Jimenez
Bucaramanga	.HJGB HJG K	4775 sw. 1280	1.5 0.25	Francisco A. Bueno
Buenaventura	.HJES	1525	0.05	Heriberto Quintero
Buenaventura	.HJEW	1 3 55	0.22	Jorge E. Berrio
Buga		1410	0.1	Bernando Buena Delgado
Buga	.HJEP	1485	0.5	Sociedad Voces de Occidente —Hernando Azcarate M., owner

		Frequency		Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Cali	.HJEB	1150	1.0	Eduardo Cordoba
	HJED	4825 sw	. 1.0	
Cali	.HJEC	1300	0.3	Rafael Angulo
Cali	.HJEE	1090	0.2	Jose T. Calderon N.
Cali		1340	0.5	Hernando Bueno Delgado,
our	HJEL	1260	0.5	owner
Cali		1395	0.5	Cesar Mendoza Mazuera
Can				Cesal Mendoza Mazuela
a 1:	HJEX	4865 sw		m:
Cali	.HJET	1510	.5	Dirreccion de Educacion del V.
Cali	HJEN	1370	0.5	Alfonso Mese Vargas
Cartagena		4965 sw		Laboratories Fuentes.
Curuagena	HJAF	1240	0.252	Rafael Fuentes, owner
Cartagena		4925 sw		Lequerica Hermanos
Cartagena		1400	0.3	Lequerka Hermanos
G	HJAR			Caulal Dames
Cartago		1230	0.5	Saniel Dozman
Ciencga		1460	.25	Elvira de Pereira
Cucuta		481 5 sw		Pompilio Sanchez
	HJBC	1 27 0	0.5	
Girardot	.HJCL	1460	0.25	Carlos J. Sanchez G.
Girardot	HJCV	1420	0.1	Maria Teresa Ramirez R.
Tbague	.HJFC	1500	0.1	Vicente Vaitan Rondon
Tbague	.HJFL	1440	0.1	Luis E. Martinez
Thague	.HJFP	1550	.075	Mario Cadavid
Libano (Tolima)		1520	.05	Hector Enrique Giraldo
Magangue	HIAC	1420	0.1	Manuel Agustin Varela
Manizales		6105 sw		Cia. Radio Manizales
Wallizares	HJFD	1390	0.75	
Manizales				Alberto Hoyos A., Dir.
		600	1.	Antonio Pinzon H.
Medellin		1285	0.42	Humberto Restrepo A.
Medellin		1360	0.6	Francisco Cuartas
	HJDX	4795	.6	
Medellin	.HJDE	61 45 sw	. 5.	Cia. Colombia de Radiodiffu-
	HJDK	1250	.5	sion-Luis Ramos, owner
Medellin	.HJDL	1480	0.5	Jaime Tobon R. (leased to Hernando Gomez)
Medellin	HJDM	1520	0.5	Prospero Aguirre
Medellin		1320	0.75	
Medelilli				Cia. Antiquena de Radiodifu-
	HJDP	4885 sw	6	sion (Fernando Restrepo Alvarez, owner)
Medellin		1380	0.3	Ramirez & Cia. Ltda.
Medellin	.HJDT	1150	0.25	Alfonso Jaramillo, Hernando Tellez, Jaime Garcia
Medellin	.HJDZ	1490	0.25	Universidad de Antioquia
	HJDU	4805 sw.		omversidad de minoquia
Medellin	TICE	W\$ GUOF		Harmanda Walle- D
Monteria		1405	0.5	Hernando Tellez B.
Mauricella	·IIJAL	1465	0.5	Julio Cesar Patino
Neiva	.HJFN	1420	0.1	Helidora Tamayo
	HJFP	1520	.1	Teodulo Camacho, G.
Ocana	.HJBF	1525	0.1	Luis Linero
Palmira	HTET	1460	0.3	
				Rafael Angulo
Palmira		1180	0.5	Regulo Benitez
Pamplona		1400	0.1	Gonzalo Vargas
Pasto		1350	0.35	Sociedad Radio Narino—Sra. Elisa de Pesantes, owner
Pasto	. НЈНВ	1170	0.5	Bernardo Bueno Delgado
Pereira		6054 sw.		Cesar and Mario Arango M.
= == 20000 11111111111111111111111111111	HJFE	1470	0.499	Cook and Maily Atango M.
	HJFQ	1120	.5	

Location	Call Letters	Frequency Kcs.	Power Kws.	Owner or Operating Agency
Pereira		6097 sw		Sociedad "La Voz Amiga"
rerena	HJFF	1350	1.	Antonio Giraldo C. & Son
Danayan		1500	.5	Jesus Hernando Hormaza
Popayan				
Popayan	HJEG	1450	0.3	Mercedes M. De Valencia
Quibedo	HJDG	4805 sw	5	Intendencia del Choco
				Cultural
Santa Marta	HJBH	1410	0.5	Manuel C. Conde
Santa Marta	HJBJ	1140	0.5	Julio A. Sanchez
Santander	HJEH	1 550	.025	Escuela Rafael Tello
Sevilla	HJET	1510	0.25	Daniel Benitez
Tocaima	HJCP	1530	0.092	Ruperto Aguilera Leon
•				(Catholic station)
Tulda	HJEK	1420	.1	Hernando Bueno Delgado
Tunja,	HJGA	1425	.25	Pedro Martinez

COSTA RICA

Alajuela	575 735 710	.8 0.75 0.75	Emilio E. Martinez J. Mario Cardos Amanda Cespedes M.
HerediaTIWS	9692 sw. 6065 sw.	0.75 0.3	Manuel Campos J.
PuntarenasTIJMP	690	1.0	Jose Maria Pinaud
San JoseTIGPH	605	6.5	Gonzalo Pinto H.
TIGPH2	800	3.	Gonzalo Pinto H.
San JoseTIPG	625	5.0	Perry Girton
	9615 sw.	2.5	
San JoseTIGH	690	2.	Jose Maria Pinaud
San JoseTIVP	750	0.5	Narciso Garcia
San JoseTILJ	775	0.5	Lola Monje M. de Jimene
San JoseTIEP	6700 sw.	1.	Eduardo Pinto H.
	830	3.	
	1225	3.	
San JoseTIRS	920	.4	Rogelio Sotela B.
San JoseTIOS	940	0.5	Rafael Sotela
San JoseTIRH	970	1.0	Rafael Hine Chavarria
	6150 sw.	0.25	
San JoseTTFA	1000	0.25	Francisco Arie
San JoseTISMG	1045	0.5	Guilermo Zniga
San JoseTINBC	1070	2.0	Perry Girton
San JoseTIHZ	1150	1.	Heli Zuniga
San JoseTIRRC	1200	0.5	Carlos Borge
~ -	6180 sw.	0.3	
San JoseTIBAS	650	2.5	Gonzalo Pinto H. (same as for TIGPH)
San JoseTILS	880	5.	Luis Saenz Mata
2000	6165 tw.	2.	nan pacina mana
San Jose TIMACHO	1100	.5	Maximo Chaves Arias

CUBA

Artemisa	X 660	.25	Juan de Dios Careno y Valdes
Bayamo	X 1090	.25	Oscar Vidal Benitez
CaibarienCMH	D 1560	5. 0.2*	Manuel Alvarez *Present authorized power
Camaguey	920	10.0	Circuito CMQ
Camaguey	V 740	1.	Cadena Azul, S. A.
Camaguey			Jones Castrillon y Cia.

	a	-		2
Location	Call	Frequency Kcs.	Power	Owner or
~	Letters		Kws.	Operating Agency
Camaguey		1060	0.25	Rafael Valdes
Camaguey	.CMJE	1230	0.25	
Camaguey	.CMJF	1300	0.25	Gertrudis de la Cruz Perez
Camaguey	.CMJW	1400	0.25	Andres M. Cisneros
Camaguey	.CMJC	1340	0.25	Fernando Terron Bolanos
Cardenas		1470	0.25	Geraro Sabater
Cerro		1330	0.25	Metropolitan Radio de Cuba
			0.20	S. A.
C:f	CRATTRA	1450	0.25	
Cienfuegos				Jose Ramon Remenias, Jr.
Cienfuegos		1350	0.25	Romauldo Ugalde Cordero
Ciego de Avila		1370	0.25	Luis Marauri Mendoza
Ciego de Avila		1440	0.25	G. Gessa Lopez
Ciego de Avila	.CMJM	1270	1.	
Ciego de Avila	.CMJO	1470	0.25	Benifacio Ildefenso
Cruces, L. V	.CMHK	1380	0.25	Virgilio Villanueva
Guanabacoa		1540	5.0	Vicente Espinosa
Guanabacoa		910	3.5	Radio Internacional
Guantanemo, Orte		900	0.25	Candido Savon Suarez &
dualitationio, Ofte	·CMILD	000	0.40	Martinoll
Cuentanama	CMIZH	1130	0.25	Virgilio Arciero Maffei
Guantanamo				_
Havana		1580	0.25	Rafael Rodriguez
Havana		1580	0.25	Juan Gonzalez y Seneriz
Havana	.CMCA**	1490	0.25	Augusto Testar y
				J. M. Gonzalez
Havana	.CMCG**	1460	0.25	Dr. Miguel Angel Campos
Havana	.CMCQ	1420	.25	Andres Martinez
Havana	.CMBX**	1390	0.25	Vicente Espinosa
Havana		1360	0.25	Juan Fernandez Duran
Havana		1360	0.25	Rafael Valdes
Havana		1390	.25	John L. Stowers
Havana		1290	.25	Jose Custodio Milagro
navana		1290	.40	
TT	CMCH	1990	0.5	Rumbaut y Lenza
Havana		1230	.25	Jose Vilarino
Havana	.COK	11616	1.0	Cuban Natl. Sports
				Department
Havana		1190	.25	Jorge Garcia Serra
Havana	.CMZI	7190	0.5	Govt. of Cuba—Ministry of
				Natl. Defense
Havana	.CMBQ	1150	5.	Jose Castro Veiga
Havana	.CMBY	1110	.25	Pages y Cia.
Havana		1060	.25	Cia, Transradio Columbia
22474114	COCM	9833	1.0	
Havana		1010	10.	Francisco A. Lavin
navana	COCX	11650 sw.		1 Taricisco II, Lavini
Havana		950	1.0	Manuel y Guillermo Sales
navana		9030 sw		Mander y Guinerino Sales
TT	COBZ			Pounts Montiel
Havana		830	.25	Fausto Montiel
Havana		690	25.0	Circuito CMQ
Havana		590	15.	RHC Cadena Azul S. A.
	COCY	11740 sw.		
Havana	.CMW	550	2.5	Adolfo Gil y Miguel Troncoso
	COCW	6325	0.1	
Holquin	.CMKV	600	1.	
Holquin	.CMKF	1490	.25	Manuel J. de Gongora
Holquin	.CMKJ	970	1.0	Circuito CMQ
Holquin	.CMKO	1220	.25	Manuel Angulo Farran
Jovellanos		1310	1.	
Marianao		730	1.2	Cia. Radio Universal S. A.
Mariano		1260	1.2	
**************************************	COX	9640	1.4	Ministry of Education, Govt.
	CMZ1	7190	.3	of Cuba
	CIVIZI		٥.	
		~~~		

	Call	Frequency	Downson	Owner or
Location	Letters	Kcs.	Kws.	Operating Agency
Matanzas	.CMGH	1440	0.6	Garcia Alvarez and heirs
Matanzas		1240	0.25	Bernabe R. de la Torre
	COGF	11800 sw.		
Manzanillo	.CMKE	1320	0.25	Cia. Radioemisora Manzanillo
Manzanillo		560	0.25	Raimundo Comas Doler,
				Merchan y P. Figueredo
Neuvitas	.CMJQ	1580	.25	Casper Estevez
Palma Soriano, Orte	.CMKZ	1430	.25	Joaquin Venero Obregon
Piner del Rio	.CMAB	1450	.25	Francisco Martinez
Piner del Rio	.CMAQ	810	1.0	Circuito CMQ
Piner del Rio		1300	1.0	RHC
Placetas, L. V	.CMHP	1320	.25	Candido de Los Angeles,
				Guevara Perdome
Puerto Padre		1350	0.1	Pedro Zacca Cheda
Rancho Boyeros		980	5.0	Luis y Ernesto
	COCO	8700	2.0	Casas Rodriquez
	COCK			
Rancho Boyeros		790	1.0	Domingo Fernandez Cruz
<b>.</b> .	COBC	9363 sw.		T - TT - 1.1 At - 0 A
Regla		630	5.0	La Voz del Aire S. A.
Commenter Commenter	COCD	6130	1.0	Obstanta Managa
Sagua La Grande		1280	.25	Obelardo Menocal
Sancti Spiritus		1310 570	.25 15D	V. E. Weiss y O. Ramirez Isla RHC
Santa Clara	COHI	6455	1.0	RHC
Santa Clara		800	10.0	Circuito CMQ
Santa Clara		950	1.	RHC
Santa Clara	CMHN	960	1.	Riic
Santa Clara		1250	.25	Enrique Lasanta
Santa Clara		1480	.25	Francisco Chavarry Fuster
Santiago de Cuba		930	1.	RHC
Santiago de Cuba		640	1.0	Circuito CMQ
Santiago de Cuba		1000	1.0	Ricardo Miranda, Cortes y
		2000	2.0	Raul Soulary Exchevarria
Santiago de Cuba	CMKC	1250	.25	Roberto Miguel Gonzalez
Santiago de Cuba			.25	Jaime Nadal
Santiago de Cuba	.CMKD	1290	1.	Otto Juan Vinas Gimeno
San Luis, Oriente		1460	0.5	Angela Viciedo Quintero
Trinidad		990	.25	F. E. Soto del Valle
Vedado	.CMOX**	1490	.25	Perez y Chisholm
Vedado	.CMCO	1230	.25	Enrique Lasanta Oliver
Vedado	CMBD**	1460	.25	Luis Perez Garcia
Vedado	.CMBS	1090	.25	Enrique Artalejo Fernandez
	CMKG	1050	.25	Emilio Gran Medina
Oriente	COKG	7058	1.2	
** Share time.				

#### **DOMINICAN REPUBLIC**

Ciudad Trujillo	HIZ	1350	0.2	Frank Hatton
a: 1 1 m ::::	HIIZ	6316 sw.	0.1	Frank Hatton
Ciudad Trujillo	HIJ	1190	.075	
Ciudad Trujillo	HI4M	1150	.02	Jorge L. Rodriguez
Ciudad Trujillo	HI7P	1300	.25	J. M. Roques Roman
Ciudad Trujillo	HIN	1090	0.15	Partido Dominicano
	HI1N	6243	0.07	
Ciudad Trujillo	HIX	950	0.25	Dominican Govt.
	HI3X	11960 sw.	0.25	
	HIIX	6340 sw.	0.25	
Ciudad Trujillo	HIG	900	0.05	A. Cordero Puello
		6280 sw.	0.04	
Ciudad Trujillo	HI1G	6120 sw.	0.25	A. Cordero Puello
- · · · · · · · · ·	HI2 <b>G</b>	9140 sw.	0.25	
Ciudad Trujillo	HIL	6175 sw.	.08	J. C. Pellicer

Call Location Letters	Frequency Power Kcs. Kws.	Owner or Operating Agency
200atton		
Ciudad TrujilloHIT	6630 sw. 0.1	F. A. Sanabia
	1050	
Ciudad Trujillo	1475 .025	Julio Garcia Alardo
Ciudad TrujilloHI6H*	6115 sw. 0.1	Emilio Garden
Ciudad TrujilloHI8T*	6122 sw03	Raul Henriquez S.
Ciudad TrujilloHI2D*	6026 sw15	Accion Catolica Dominicana
•	6900 sw.	
	†4500 sw.	
† It is reported that this station communications station.	is being operated by	the Govt. on 4500 kc. as a
Ciudad TrujilloHI7P	6800 sw.*	J. M. Roques Roman
Ciudad TrujilloHI6Y	6660 sw.* .025	Alfonso Cuervo
Ciudad Trujillo	6122 sw.* .003	Raul Henriquez S.
Monsenor Nouel, La VegaHI2T	6480 .20	Jose Arismendy Trujillo
SantiagoHI1A	6190 sw .25	Rafael Western
SantiagoHI3U	6015 sw1	Fernando Bertran
SantiagoHI9B	6383 sw25	Jacinto L. Sanchez
Puerto PlataHI9T	6170 sw10	Luis A. Pelegrin
HI9U	1010 .025	Dais II. I cicgiiii
Puerto PlataHI5P*	6565 sw03	J. M. Modesto
San CristobalHIIR	6420 .20	Luis Alberti
San Pedro de MacorisHIH	1420 .15	Domingo Diminguez
HIIJ	6025 .25	Fausto Donastorg
San Pedro de MacorisHIH	6025 sw25	
		Fausto Donastorg
RomanaHI3C	6690 sw1 <b>5</b>	Antonio Herrero Hernandez

#### **ECUADOR**

•			
AmbatoHC1VT	6550 sw.	0.1 Mu	nicipio de Ambato
CuencaHC1AO	4200 sw.	.0015 Hur	nberto Espinosa
CuencaHC1CC*	7461 sw.	.004 Con	nunidad Salesiana
GuayaquilHC2CW*	900 sw.	.0025 Alfo	onso Silmot
• -	8400 sw.		
GuayaquilHC2OAD	9400 sw.	0.2 Oda	lia Aruz de Garcia
	900	0.1	
GuayaquilHC2AJ	1050	1.0 Cia.	Radiodifusora del Ecua- or
Guayaquil	1250	0.2 Jua	n S. Beher
	7854 sw.*		
GuayaquilHC2RB	1250	0.1 Eric	: Williams
GuayaquilHC2CM			
GuayaquilHC2ET	9200 sw.		Santiago Castillo
HC2GI	1165	0.1	
GuayaquilHC2DC			
GuayaquiIHC2AU	1350		gusto Alvarado Olca
GuayaquilHC2RL	6647 sw.	0.2	e totata y 91
Ibarra	4020 sw.		Iunicipio de Ibarra
PortoviejoHCJB4	3645 sw.		rence W. Jones
QuitoHCJB	974		rence W. Jon <b>e</b> s
	4108 sw.	0.150	
	12455 sw.	7.0	
	9958 sw. 28040 sw.	.7	
	7285 sw.	.025 .14	
	27850	1.0	
	14200	1.0	
	7068	1.0	
		1.0	
	957		

Location         Call Letters           Quito         HC1PM           Quito         HCQRX           Quito         HCBT           HCBS         HCK*           Quito         HCIGP           Quito         HC1AD           HC1AB         HC1AB           Quito         HC1BF           Quito         HC1BD           Riobamba         PRADO	Kcs. 5725 sw. 1330 5970 sw. 1304 9350 sw. 5885 sw. 7874 sw. 1410	0.3 0.3 0.25 0.25 0.3 0.2	Owner or Operating Agency Leonardo Ponce Carlos Mantilla O. Carlos Mantilla O. Cesar Mantilla  Miguel Olugel Gonzales, owner; Padre Elias Brito, Dir. Operated by Cia. Anterandina de Broadcasting—Vincente Ordonez Pellares, Enrique Arrengui R.  Adriano Jaramillo
Ittobamba ItADo	0010 SW.	0.5	
ET. S	SALVAI	DOR	
San SalvadorYSR	6520 sw.	0.8	Alberto Cevallos
San SalvadorYSS	990	2.5	Alberto Cevalios
San SalvadorYSS HUB	640 4795 sw.	$0.5 \\ 0.3$	Direction General de Communicaciones, Govt. of El
YSD	7894	0.5	Salvador
YSM San SalvadorYSP	11710 780	0.4 .115	Fernando Alvayeros Sosa
YSP-1	1560 sw.		Terrando III y ay er es posta
YSP-A* YSP-B San Salvador	760 10400 sw. 6150 sw.		
<b>ANT</b> I		T A	
GU.	ATEMA	LA	
Guatemala CityTG1 TG2	1310 6220 sw.	$0.3 \\ 1.$	Govt. Department of Communica-
TG3	2320	.015	tions
Guatemala CityTGW TGWA	640 15170 sw.	10.0 1 <b>0.</b>	Guatemala Govt.
TGWB TGWC	6480 sw. 1520 sw.	1. 1.	
Guatemala CityTGX	1415	.05	Miguel Angel
QuezaltenangeTGQ	1450	1.	Mexicano Novales Govt.
TGQA	6400 sw.	0.2	
	HAITI		
Port-au-Prince	9550		
Leogane	6200	25.	Haitian Govt.
	9620 sw. 1820 sw.		
	17850 sw.		
	21670 sw. 920		
Port-au-Prince	10135 sw.	0.5	Ricardo C. Widmaier, Jr.
HHW HH2W*	1230 6135 sw.	<b>0</b> .25 <b>.</b> 03	

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Location	Call Letters	Frequency Kcs.	Power Kws.	Owner or Operating Agency
	HH2S	5945	0.4	T 1 G M N
	off the air by FBIS.	6167 sw	r. 0.1	Frank C. Magliore

#### **HONDURAS**

CeibaHRD2	6235 sw.	0.2	Ing. M. R. Moncada
San Pedro SulaHRP1	6351 sw.	0.15	Filiberto Diaz Zelaya
TegucigalpaHRN	6875 sw.	.2	Rafael Ferrari

#### **NICARAGUA**

Granada	YNFT	7500 sw.	0.1	Jose F. Tercero Z.
Granada	.YNLAT	7625 sw.	0.1	Leonidas A. Tenorio
Granada	.YNWW			
Leon	.YNJA <b>T</b>	5758 sw.	0.6	Jose Agustin Tijerino
Leon	.YNDG	6850 sw.	8.0	Dionisio E. Gallo
Managua	.YNLG	1530		
Managua	.YNDS	6610 sw.*	1.	
Managua	.YNPS	8590 sw.*	8.0	
Managua	.YNOW	1230*		
Boaco	.YNBO	6760 sw.	1.0	La Voz de Nicaragua (Govt.)
Managua	.YNCQ	6850 sw.*	8.0	Mendoza y Hermanos
* Reported off the air by	FBIS.			

#### **PANAMA**

Colon .		6005 sw	0.2	Jose Jaen y Jaen
	HOK	640	0.25	
Panama	HP5G	11780 sw.	.6	Radio Panamericana
	HOA	1000	.4	
Panama	НОС	1440	.025	Jose Jaen y Jaen
Panama	HP5A	11700 sw.	.3	Jose Jaen y Jaen
Panama	HOQ	1250	0.25	Fernandez Jose Herrera, Jr.
Panama	HP5B	6030 sw.	0.15	Ernesto de la Guardia, Jr.
	HP5C	730	.4	
Panama	HP5H	6122 sw.	0.15	M. Lombardo Vega
Panama		9600 sw.	0.2	Servicio Publica de Radio,
	$^{ m HP6J}$	1358 sw.	0.1	Manuel Doce

#### **PARAGUAY**

Asuncion		6010 970 730 11850 sw.*	2.5 0.1 0.1 0.1	Official Govt. Station Atilio C. Bajac Iseru and Scarello
Asuncion	ZP6	1300	0.1	Emilio Jordan Livieres
Asuncion	ZP9	970	1.2	A. C. Bajac
Asuncion	ZP10	1330	0.1	Victor Noriega
Asuncion	ZP11	1200	0.1	Juventus Antoniana
Asuncion	ZP13	1430	0.1	Julio Picossi Villagra
Asuncion	ZP17	1030	0.1	Jose Hanemann
Asuncion	ZP3	700	.6	Teleco Paraguaya S. A.
	ZPA3	sw.		

Location	Call Letters		ower Kws.	Owne <b>r</b> or Operating Agency
Asuncion	ZPA2	11721 sw.*	5.	Teleco Paraguaya S. A.
	ZPA6	7890 sw.*	5.	
	ZPA7	15780 sw.	5.	
	ZPO3	13333 sw.*	5.	
Encarnacion	ZP5	920	5.0	Philips Argentina, S. A.— operator; Jaimie Yankele- vitch—owner
Encarnacion	ZP7	900	0.1	Julio Cormillot
Villarrica	ZP15	700		
Villarrica	ZP6	1300	0.1	Emilio Jordan Livieres
• Reported off the air	r by FBIS			

#### **PERU**

ArequipaOAX6B ArequipaOAX6C	6035 sw. 0.15 1370 0.25	
OAX6E	6055 sw. 0.3	
OAX6D	9500 sw. 0.25	
ArequipaOAX6A	6050 sw. 0.1	Jorge E. Olazabal Benavides
CallaoOAX4C	1160 0.3	Alvarada & Urteaga
ChiclayoOAX1A	6150 sw. 0.2	J. Carlos Montoy D'
CuzcoOAX7A	6128 sw. 0.1	Carlos Lizarraga Fisher- Montero
HuancayoOAX4P	6200 sw. 0.25	Alfredo Elejalde Granados
HuanucoOAX3A	6116 sw. 0.4	Victor Priano Storace- Castilla
IcaOAX5B	1460 0.2	Luis de los Heros y de los
OAX5C	9590 sw. 0.2	Rios
LimaOAX4H	6095 sw. 1.	Armando Ortiz Lambert
OAX4F	1080 0.25	
LimaOAX4B	1200 0.25	
OAX4G	6190 sw. 0.25	
LimaOAX4Z	6082 sw. 15.	Gobierno del Peru
OAX4A	854 10.	
OAX4T	9562 sw. 10.	
OAX4R	sw.	
LimaOAX4E	960 0.2	Ing. Juan P. Goicochea
OAX4K	9545 sw. 0.25	
LimaOAX4I	1320 0.25	
OAX4J	9520 0.2	
LimaOAX4X	0.3	Dianderas Samanez
OAX4Q	0.2	
LimaOAX4L	1250 0.2	
LimaOAX4U	1030 5.	
OAX4V sw		
OAX4W sw		
TrujilloOAX2A	6000.57 sw. 0.25	Rafael Larco Hoyle
OAX2B	1400 0.25	

#### **SURINAM (DUTCH GUIANA)**

	•	,
ParamariboZPH	586 <b>5</b> 0.1	50 J. C. Herrenberg, Chairman,
		of private radio club
		"AVROS." Tech. equip.
		owned by Surinam Govt.

#### **URUGUAY**

Canelones	CW47	1470	0.3	Julio J. Rabassa
Canelones	CW3	<b>5</b> 80	0.3	Diario Rural S. A.
Cerro Largo-Melo	CW53	<b>15</b> 80	0.25	Ruben D. Lucas
Colonia		550	4.5	R. Berotti & R. Montellano
Colonia	CXA8	11840	3.0	Jaime Yankelevich
Colonia	CXA14	6055	1.0	Jaime Yankelevich
Durazno		1430	0.5	Artola, Evangelisti y Cia.
Florida	CW33	1200	0.075	Omar F. Barreiro
Lavalleja-Minas		1420	0.5	Juan R. Volante
Maldonado		1560	0.5	Hector Lamaison
Montevideo		610	5.0	Direccion Agronomia (Min-
Monte video	0111	010	0.0	istry of Agriculture)
Montevideo	CY6	650	20.0	Servicio Oficial D. R. F.
Montevideo	C210	000	20.0	(Ministry P. E.)
Montevideo	CVO	690	0.5	Ramon Puyal
Montevideo		730	1.0	Batlle y Gestoso
Montevideo		770	20.0	Luis A. Artola
		810	15.0	Difusoras del Uruguay
Montevideo		850	50.0	
Montevideo				SADREP Ltda.
Montevideo		890	5.0	Difusoras El Espectador Ltda.
Montevideo		930	2.0	Carlos L. Romay
Montevideo		1010	<b>2</b> .5	SADREP Ltda.
Montevideo		1090	5.0	Walfrido Figueira Moran
Montevideo		1130	2.0	Silva y Larrea
Montevideo	CX32	1170	0.5	Comp. Uruguaya de
				Publicidad
Montevideo		1250	1.0	Vazquez y Walder
Montevideo	CX38	1290	5.0	Servicio Oficial <b>D.R.E.</b>
				(Ministry P. E.)
Montevideo		1330	0.5	Julio J. Rabassa
Montevideo	CX42	1370	1.0	Hector Vernazza
Montevideo	CX44	1410	0.25	Julio J. Rabassa
Montevideo	CX46	1450	1.5	Guzman Bertachi
Montevideo	CXA3	6075	2.5	Leon y Landeira
Montevideo	CXA4	6125	5.0	Radio Electrica
Montevideo	CXA6	9620	20.0	•
Montevideo		11900	20.0	(Ministry of P. E Uruguay-
				an Govt.)
Montevideo	CXA18	15300	20.0	
Montevideo		11705	4.0	Difusoras El Espectador Ltda.
Montevideo		6170	1.0	Julio J. Rabassa
Montevideo		6035	1.0	Silva y Larrea
Paysandu		1240	0.25	Alfonso M. Ordoqui
Paysandu		1320	0.1	Miguel Penna
Rivera		1480		
			0.75	Walfrido Figuiera Moran
Rivera		1340	0.06	Jorge Dowton Garcia
Rocha		1340	0.05	Abel Machado
Salto	CW23	820	0.25	Domingo Giordano
Salto	CW27	660	0.25	Luis Batlle Berres
Salto	CW31	1120	0.25	Salvador E. Pera
San Jose		1360	0.05	Pedro Brucoleri
San Jose		1510	0.05	
Soriano-Mercedes				Fasola Rios y Tibori
Soriano-Mercedes	CASZ	1570	0.5	Anibal Frabaside, Juan Or-
				lando Kelly, Jose Pedro
				Iragaray, y Florencio Do-
Carlon 35 and 1		1,00		nato Montero
Soriano-Mercedes		146 <b>0</b>	<b>0</b> .05	Roberto Tarucell
Tacuarembo		140 <b>0</b>	2.0	Luis S. Dini
Treina y Tres	CW45	1390	0.25	Marroche y Lacurcia
		061		

#### VENEZUELA

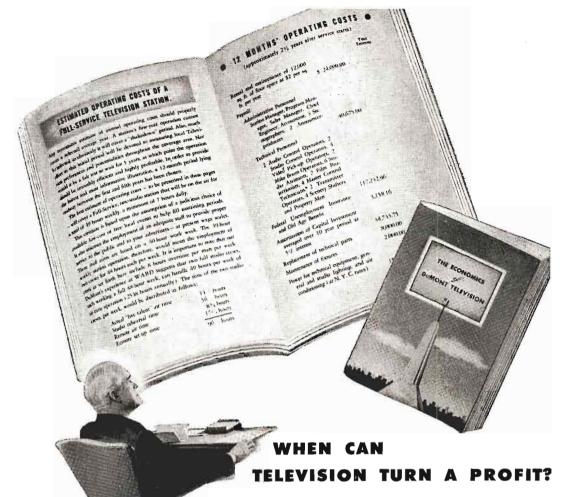
Ac <b>a</b> rigua		3490 sw. 3450 sw. 1080	.104 1.5 .25	Pausides Sigala L. J. Arreaza
Barquisimeto		1475 4990 sw.	.775 .300	Amilcar Segura
Barquisimeto	YV3RS	3490 4920 sw.	.65 5.0	Rafael A. Segura Ricardo Espina, Dir.
Caracas	YV5RA	960 790	10.0 4.72	Almacen Americano Dogowitzle Sidlitz
Caracas	YV5RM	6150 720	2.3	H. Deewitz, Dir. Pbro. J. M. Pallin
	YV5RX	3430 sw.	.75	(Catholic Church)
Caracas	YV5RU	1010 4860 sw.	.96 5.0	Compania Anonina C. E. Riskel, Dir.
Caracas	YV5RY	590 3380 sw.	1.138 1.96	Oscar Vincentelli, Director
Caracas	YV5RW	1160 3400 sw.	1.0 1.15	Ponce & Benzo Scs.
Caracas	YV5RS	882 3360 sw.	1.182 2.1	Cia. Anonima H. Deewitz, Dir.
Caracas	YVKA YVKO	630 4950 sw.	.88 5.	National Govt. National Govt.
	YVKB	6172 sw.	2.2	National Govt.
	YVKC	9640 sw.	2.2	National Govt.
	YVOR	11725 sw.	2.2	National Govt.
Ciudad Bolivar	YVPX	15315 sw.	2.2	National Govt.
Cludad Bolivar	YV6RU	1400 4790 sw.	.68 .96	E. Torres Valencia Sucs. E. Torres Valencia Sucs.
Coro		3300 sw.	.175	J. Romero
Coro		4770 sw.	.30	Roger Leyba
	YV1RW	1370	.193	Roger Leyba
Cumana	.YV7RA	1200		L. J. Arreaza
	YV7RB	3470 sw.		L. J. Arreaza
La Guaira	YV5RV	1050	.75	Carlos L. Perez
Maracaibo		4760 sw. 1300	1.05 .09	Carlos L. Perez Luis Garcia N.
	YV1RV	4750 sw.	.30	Buis Garcia IV.
Maracaibo	.YV1RC	1400	.52	Pedro Bermudez
	YV1RT	3370 sw.	.45 <b>5</b>	
Maracaibo		1150	.2	L. G. Govea
Maracaibo	YVIRU	3440 sw.	1.0	L. G. Govea
Maracaibo	YV1RX	1120	.55	N. Vale Quintero
Maracaibo		4800 sw. 4810 sw.	$\frac{2.0}{.300}$	J. A. Higuera
	YV1RK	1250	.437	J. A. Higuera
Maracay	.YV4RK	3390 sw.	.465	Atilio Ormezzano
	YV4RL	1430	.193	
Maracay	.YV4RX	3310 sw.	.1	Luis Croquer
Merida	YV4RD	1150	.1	4 35 October
Pt. Cabello	VV4RR	3420 sw. 1490	.60 .520	A. M. Quintero
rt. Cabello	YV4RQ	3480 sw.	.885	Rafael A. Segura
San Cristobal	.YV2RN	4820 sw.	2.0	J. Diaz Gonzalez
Trujillo		980	.325	
	YVIRO	3310 sw.	2.0	Pedro J. Torres
Valera		4840 sw.	.30	Jorge L. Ferbes, owner; Pedro Flores I., Dir.
Valencia		4780 sw.	.30	H. & G. Degwitz
Valencia	YV4RA	1350 <b>346</b> 0 sw.	.8 <b>3</b>	Miguel Ache
Valuate	YV4RP	1400 sw.	1.0 1.1 <b>38</b>	Miguel Ache
		062	_,	• •

#### For the BEST IN NEWS

For the

## BEST IN PROGRAMS BASED ON NEWS



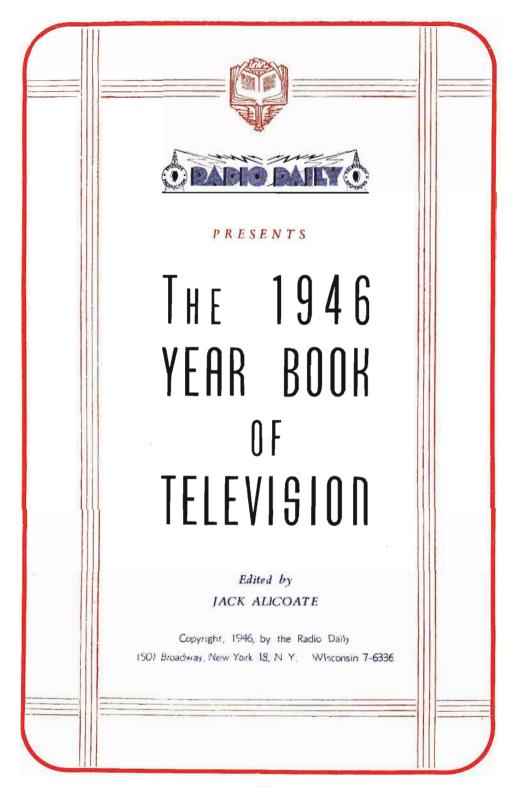


Facts, figures and "television know-how" are needed when considering this important question. Du Mont is qualified to help you find the answer. Du Mont has marched in the forefront of radio and electronic progress for the past 15 years. Du Mont has contributed importantly to television broadcasting and receiving equipment design Du Mont has built more tele-stations than any other company. Du Mont has operated Station WABD and commer-

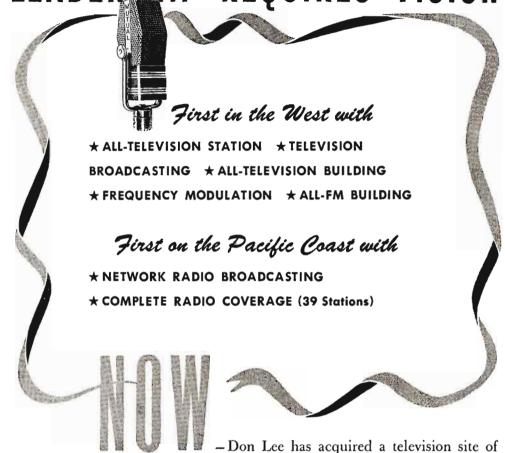
cially programmed its time since 1942.

From this deep reservoir of television experience, Du Mont has drawn a pattern which you can use to plan your television future. This pattern is presented in detail in our new booklet, "The Economics of Du Mont Television." This booklet sharpens but one axe—the tested superiority of Du Mont station equipment. This is another Du Mont contribution to the development of a great new medium. Please request it on your firm letterhead.

111 Precision Electronics and Television



### LEADERSHIP REQUIRES VISION



the height considered most advantageous for both Television and Frequency Modulation Broadcasting. Don Lee's purchase of a site on the top of Mount Wilson, home of the world-famous Mount Wilson Observatory, will give KHJFM and W6XAO a transmitter height of 5,900 feet for Television and Frequency Modulation Broadcasting. No finer location could be obtained in all Southern California.

**Broadcasting System** 

### TELEVISION

Radio Daily presents the first edition of the Year Book of Television . . . a mellowed reflection of the past, a colorful show window of today and a happy preview of things to come.



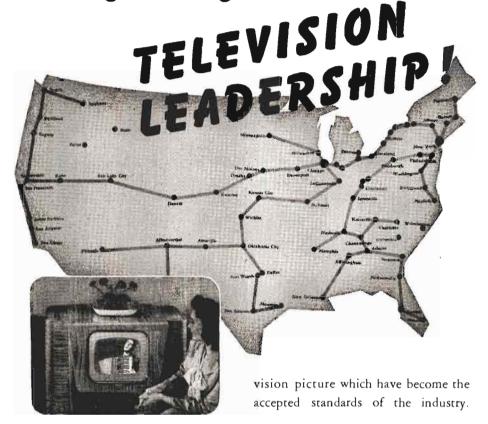
We believe that Television will soon break through the dam of reconversion difficulties. . . . Its place in the sun, alongside of the stage. screen and radio is already assured.



In the meantime it is hoped that the pages that follow will be of help to the explorer in the field of video . . . To those who have helped we are indeed deeply appreciative.

JACK ALICOATE
Editor

#### Setting the Stage for



Since 1928, Philco's pioneer contributions have played a leading part in the progress of television.

In television reception, perhaps the most important factor will be the quality of the picture. And Philco scientists and engineers... more than any other research group... have been responsible for constant improvement in the clarity, sharpness and detail of the tele-

In television transmission... Philco engineers designed and constructed the world's first multiple-relay television system to link two major cities... Washington and Philadelphia. Rapid development of nationwide networks can follow the pattern of this Philco relay system... thus bringing television entertainment to national audiences!

Look to Philco for continued pioneering . . . for leadership . . . in television.

### PHILCO

Tamous for Quality the World Over

# Television To-Day —and Tomorrow

By FRANK BURKE, Editor, RADIO DAILY

TELEVISION—lusty infant of the electronic age—which suffered growing pains during 1945 now stands on the threshold of a boom era.

Despite the production setbacks and delays incident to channel allocations, television progressed during 1945 with leaders laying the foundation for network development, standardizing equipment, and educating the public on the

potentialities of the new visual art.

Among the important developments of the past year was the FCC's action in allocating television channels in 140 major markets throughout the country, the completion of a coaxial cable network linking Washington and New York and the experimental networks using microwave relays and booster stations.

Applications received by the FCC indicate approximately 150 television stations are sought by broadcasters throughout the country. Most of the applications come from key center cities, and if production of transmitters gets underway it is expected that at least 10 new television stations will take to the air during 1946.

Television set manufacturers view 1946 as a banner production year with OPA difficulties eased. One manufacturer predicts that 200,000 new television receivers will be in the hands of consumers before the end of the year and that a potential market of millions of receivers awaits production and sales schedules.

The battle of frequencies continues with two schools of thought airing their views on whether television should develop immediately in the low frequencies with an acceptable black-and-white-image or wait until ultra high frequency color television is fully developed for commercial acceptance. In the black-and-white field RCA recently demonstrated an excellent image using the new image orthicon camera and improved receivers. On the other hand CBS staged press previews of color television using a new

transmitter and a vastly improved mechanical scanning system.

Production Gets Underway

While the battle of the frequencies is being waged RCA, Philco and General Electric are going right ahead with the manufacture and merchandising of black and white receivers which are expected to range in price from \$150 to deluxe models as high as \$1,000. Proponents of color, while not geared at present to produce receivers, forecast that color television sets will be available within six months and that the cost of these receivers will not exceed 10 per cent more than the conventional black-and-white sets.

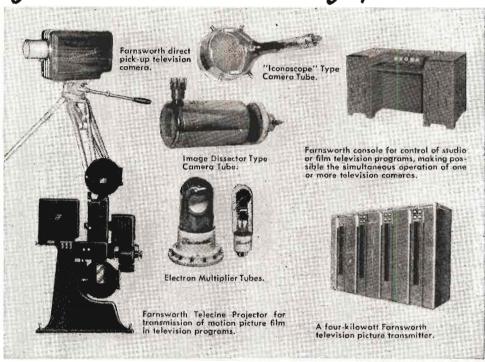
As the industry gets in the stride the ranks of the so-called "experts" continues to grow. Television institutes and schools are springing up in New York, Chicago and the west coast and layman interest in video continues to grow. In many instances "experts" have talked and written themselves out on the subject of television and left advertising agency executives, potential sponsors and others wanting more specific information on the visual art.

Intra-store television looms as an important phase of video merchandising with experimental installations having been tried out in Philadelphia and Jamaica, L. I. The Philadelphia demonstration, staged by Gimbel's store in collaboration with RCA, attracted large crowds and proved that visual merchandising was practical. Similar results were obtained in Jamaica with the demonstration operating on a smaller scale.

In conclusion the best appraisal of the future of television was made by Paul Porter, ex-FCC chairman, during the inauguration of the coaxial link between Washington and New York on Lincoln's Birthday. Porter said that communications, including television, would become a \$6,000,000,000 industry, would create many new jobs and carry "a great reconversion load in the next few years."

# Look to the pioneer... FARNSWORTH...

for Better Television Equipment!



Farnsworth! The name you think of first in television! With a rich heritage of eighteen years of experience in electronic television, with increased plant facilities, with war-acquired skills and techniques, Farnsworth is ready to meet the industry's need for communications, broadcasting and television transmission and reception units, including technical equipment for laboratory use.

### FARNSWORTH Television · Radio Phonograph - Radio

FARNSWORTH TELEVISION & RADIO CORPORATION, Fort Wayne 1, Indiana

Farnsworth Radio and Television Receivers and Transmitters • Aircraft Radio Equipment • Farnsworth Television Tubes Halstead Mobile Communications and Traffic Cantrol Systems for Rail and Highway • the Farnsworth Phonograph-Radio the Capehart • the Panamuse by Capehart

### Television Gains Via Wartime Use

By D. F. SCHMIT, Director of Engineering, RCA Victor Division

INLIKE many of the newer wonders which are ushering in the Electronic Age, television is not a "war baby." Television graduated from the laboratory to the state of a limited public service some years before the war. Many public demonstrations were given, transmitters went on the air in several of the larger American cities, and television receivers were purchased and used in some 10,000 American homes.

It has been during the war and the few months since its close, however, and partly as an outgrowth of wartime research for military purposes, that television has come of age. Having now attained its majority, it promises in the next year or two to become at least one of the most important, if not the most important, of all electronic services, in point of both its economic significance and its effect on the living of America.

Major Developments Several major developments contributing to the technical advancement of black-and-white television have come out of the RCA Laboratories and the various engineering development laboratories of the RCA Victor Division of the Radio Corporation of America during the war years. These include a new super-sensitive camera, new picture tubes that greatly increase the brilliance and clarity of the televised image, a large-screen projection system for home receivers, and new tubes and circuits which improve image quality and, at the same time, make it possible to design cameras, studio and control equipment, and receivers that are smaller, lighter in weight, and more compact than pre-war units.

Before the war, outdoor program material was limited by weather and the time of day, and indoor material required intensely brilliant artificial lighting. A screen image of adequate brilliance could be obtained only in a darkened room, and even then, definition left something to be desired. Home receiver viewing screens, occupying the face of the picture be desired. tube, were restricted in size by physical

limitations on the size of tube it was practicable to build, with the usual screen size about 7 by 9 inches.

Program Possibilities

Today, with the super-sensitive RCA Image Orthicon in a lightweight, compact field camera, television producers have entered upon a vast new field of program possibilities, encompassing round-theclock coverage of news and special events in any kind of weather, by sunlight, twilight, streetlight, or the ordinary indoor lighting of theaters, auditoriums, schools, churches, courtrooms, concert halls, and sport arenas.

With the new and improved RCA Kinescopes, set-owners may see television images possessing brilliance, definition, and contrast equal to those of motion pictures in a normally lighted room.

Prospective set-owners contemplating the purchase of de luxe television receivers for large rooms or relatively large family or social groups of observers may look forward to a screen image approximately as large as a full page of a newspaper, provided by the RCA Victor large-screen projection-type re-

The RCA Image Orthicon is possessed of light-sensitivity 100 times greater than that of prewar camera tubes and approaching that of the human eye. This extreme light-sensitivity is achieved by interposing a series of electron multiplier stages between the photocathode on which the light image is focused and the signal output, thereby amplifying the initial response to low light levels.

The vastly improved brilliance and definition of images obtained on new RCA Kinescopes have been achieved through advances in the design of electron guns and the development of luminescent materials providing increased efficiency and picture contrast.

Large Screens

RCA Victor's projection-type receivers employ a reflective optical system, consisting of a spherical mirror, which picks up the image from the face of the picture tube, and a molded plastic aspherical lens, which brings the reflected and enlarged image to a sharp focus on a rear-projection type viewing screen built into the receiver cabinet.

In the new RCA Projection-Kinescope to be used in these large-screen receivers, light losses are minimized by means of a very thin metallic film behind the fluorescent screen, which acts as a mirror to keep light generated by the fluorescent screen, which acts as a mirror to keep light generated by the fluorescent material from radiating back toward the inside of the tube.

Although color television cameras and receivers employing mechanically driven color filters have been demonstrated experimentally by RCA, and promising results have been obtained, the company feels that this phase of television is still in the laboratory stage. RCA does not plan to market equipment in this field until a non-mechanical, all-electronic color system can be perfected to provide images equal in clarity to those obtained with the present RCA black-and-white all-electronic system.

Present uncertainties in the manufac-

turing situation preclude the fixing of a specific date for the begining of distribution on new RCA Victor television receivers, but it is expected that the first table models will come off the production lines about the middle of this year, with console models following next autumn.

RCA Victor's manufacturing schedule embraces a variety of television receivers, ranging from a direct-viewing type employing a 7-inch kinescope (picture size about 4½ x 6 inches) to a de luxe large-screen projection-type console providing a picture about 15 x 20 inches. Auxiliary services such as AM and FM radio reception and record reproduction will be included in some models. Prices are expected to range from about \$200 for a table model to approximately \$500 for a large-screen projection model with AM and FM reception.

RCA Victor, which has supplied more television broadcast equipment than any other company in the world, expects to have the first of its new television transmitters and other station equipment items ready for distribution by late summer or early autumn of this year.

## Be Wise... FILMS DON'T TELEVISE

produced by the methods and techniques required for Telescanning, as against the present form of "movie" production that has been unsuccessfully applied, they will not conform to technical and electronic requirements and the exacting standards that should govern quality Television presentation.

As pioneer producers of Television Film Transcriptions, exclusively, TransVideo is prepared to place at the disposal of sponsors, agencies and stations, its unique "know how" in the production of films for Television.



#### TransVideo Film Productions

INCORPORATED

112 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

MUrray Hill 4-6628

# Color Television Of Tomorrow

By DR. PETER C. GOLDMARK, Dir. Engineering Research-Development, CBS

THE science of radio has continually probed for realism. In the aural field the fidelity of the sound has been improved bit by bit over the years until we can transmit over the air the full frequency range of the sound just as it would be heard by a listener on the spot. In the development of television, we have been following the same path. Now we are able to transmit a picture of a scene faithfully and completely, in natural colors, as it would appear to an observer on the spot.

In the field of electronics, the impulses carried on the air waves have been developed from the comparatively simple vibration of the wireless telegraph instrument, until today in the ultra-high frequencies around 500,000,000 impulses per second we are able to transmit the full, natural colors of objects before the

television camera.

War research and employment of electronic discoveries, plus prior experience in field and laboratory, are the ingredients that make possible the new television in full color which the Columbia Broadcasting System has demonstrated and brought to the point of public commercial practicability.

By imposing the three primary colors one on top of the other in a rapid succession of impulses, the exact hues of the original object are transmitted to the eye of the viewer at the home re-

ceiver.

The ultra-high frequencies not only have brought us high definition color television, but because they permit the use of highly directional receiving antennas, they have made possible the absolute elimination of secondary images, known as "ghosts."

On the lower frequencies, these "ghosts" are the result of reflections. The image-carrying beam from the transmitter, strikes a high building or other obstruction and "bounces" off. In many instances both the primary wave, as well

as the image that has bounced off the obstruction, are picked up by the antenna and shown on the television screen at the receiver, thus giving a blurred image.

The directional antenna consists of a ten-inch horizontal bar, and a parabolic reflector six feet wide by eighteen inches high. The antenna can be turned in an arc to obtain the best image. The rotation of the antenna is controlled automatically by the station selector switch. On the low frequencies a directional antenna of similar properties would have to be sixty feet wide—obviously too heavy and clumsy to be practical.

The same characteristic of the ultrahigh frequency which makes possible compact directional receiving antennas also makes it possible for us to achieve high gain in the transmitting antenna. Again the physical dimensions of the antenna are in favor of the ultra-high frequency. On the 71st floor of the Chrysler Building we now have installed an antenna with a gain of twenty which gives an effective power of 20 kilowatts to the CBS one-kilowatt ultra-high frequency transmitter.

On the subject of color fidelity of the CBS system, a number of questions have been raised as to the relative color quality of electronic and so-called mechanical systems. At the present time the CBS system includes mechanical elements. We have been and are working on an electronic system as well, but for the near future we see little hope of successful results. Moreover, it can be proven mathematically that the color quality of any electronic system cannot be superior to that inherent in the present CBS system. The reason for this is that the colors are today produced by filters of high mathematical and optical precision.

Moreover, when and if an electronic color system arrives, there is no reason why it need make obsolete any color receiver employing the CBS color system

and in use at that time.

## TALK ABOUT IMPACT!...

Just recently we invited the press to a preview of full color television in the ultra-high frequencies. Of course, we had planned running an ad on the event. What we hadn't planned was that the ad should be entirely (and glowingly) written for us. Here's what the press says about CBS color television.

### SAYS "TIDE"

... CBS did not overlook the increased advertising potential of color. A women's style show, almost meaningless in monochrome, came to life in color. Even little things, like packages of cigarcttes, do much better when seen in their familiar colors....

...The significance to the television industry of last week's demonstration would be hard to overstate....

The general reaction: "THIS IS IT!"

### SAYS THE "DAILY NEWS"

...the demonstrations prove that 3 great obstacles, once regarded by many as insuperable, have been overcome. First, CBS is able to generate sufficient power in frequencies above 300 megacycles to transmit satisfactory color images. Secondly, it modu-

lates a 10 megacycle video band, which most authorities said could not be done. Third, it has eliminated the bothersome reflections known as "ghosts", which have hitherto marred television pictures.

Ultra-high frequency color television, without annoying "ghost" reflections, is a reality....

### SAYS THE "WORLD-TELEGRAM"

CBS color video, in debut, proves beautiful beyond description.

...The image is sharp, distinct and completely realistic. Dr. Goldmark has given us a magic casement, and the vistas it will open should have a profound effect on every phase of the advertising and entertainment business, not to mention the arts, letters and sciences. It is a medium that

### here's how CBS full color television struck the press

calls for the best in all these fields.
...those who watched the CBS demonstration feel sure there will be a mad rush to buy television sets as soon as the public has a glimpse of natural color video.

### SAYS THE "HERALD TRIBUNE"

There were several new things about the demonstration. The signal was being transmitted in a full 360-degree arc from the Chrysler Building, rather than in a directional beam; one transmitter was sending both sight and sound, instead of a separate transmitter being used for each; there were no multiple reflections, or "ghosts" on the viewing screen; the colors appeared real. There was clear definition in the images as well....

#### SAYS "TIME"

It was clearly—and colorfully—the most notable television demonstration of the year....The reception, as vivid as a Van Gogh painting, made black-and-white television look antiquated....

### SAYS THE "WALL STREET JOURNAL"

Television in color is a lot closer than most people had believed, it was conceded over the week-end by experts in the industry....

The pictures shown by CBS were clear and the color contrasts as good as those of the best color moving pictures....

The CBS demonstration left little doubt that color television has reached the perfection of black and white....

### SAYS "P. M."

The long-awaited press showing of CBS color television demonstrated without doubt that they have achieved a dramatic refinement on image transmission....



THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM

## TELEVISION C



### FTOMORROW



Now Operating
Chicago—Two
Los Angeles—Two
New York—Three
Philadelphia—One

### Tele Sportscasting

By BILL SLATER, President, Sportscasters Assn.

S I started to say in an earlier article A in this Year Book, television has become so good in catching the sports picture that many sports executives are beginning to develop fears. In this field we may easily fall into what has become almost an occupational disease of the modern, scientific era-namely we can produce more than we can market without upsetting the economic apple

Such an academic-flavored statement should be brought down to cases. That is easy. Consider the men who own professional baseball clubs. Their business has been built up through two generations of devising ways and means of getting John Q. Public to plunk down his money and make those turnstiles click. To these persons the question of whether or not television will keep fans away from the game is a vital matter.

Granting that it might be hard to find sponsors rich enough to pay the bill for a heavy loss in gate-receipts, and you have the makings of a first-rate impasse. On the question of what effect telecast baseball might have on the gate, there are, of course, two sides and you will find groups able to defend each side strenuously and with some logic.

There naturally follows the question of how feasible it might prove to have the games telecast from the park into movie houses, where it is easy to tax the customers as they come in.

Mike Jacobs has hopes of telecasting his fights-the best of all video sports bill-of-fare so far-into a string of the-

However it all works out, both radiowise and video-wise, there are busy days ahead for sports spielers. And these days will be more than just busy ones.

CHARLES STARK

THOMAS CARR

### CARR-STARK, INC. RADIO-TELEVISION

**PRODUCTIONS** 

366 Madison Avenue

New York 17, N. Y. Murray Hill 2-2636

### Video Variations— Facts and Figures

Tomorrow's television holds promise of getting in stride during 1946 with boom years ahead. The following is factual data on this new electronic industry:

E STIMATED 7,500 to 8,000 pre-war television receivers now in use in the United States with about 5,000 of these located in Greater New York.

Applications for new commercial, television stations reached 143 on January 1 with the FCC adopting an allocation plan providing for 400 transmitters in the first 140 markets.

Leading manufacturers estimate new television sets will be priced from \$200 to over \$1,000 and it is anticipated that from 250,000 to 300,000 will be sold during 1946.

Seventy-five manufacturers, according to TBA, are ready to manufacture television receivers, transmitters and their components.

Network television developments include the opening of the Philadelphia-New York coaxial cable link of A.T. & T. on December 1 and the recent completion of the coaxial line between New York and Washington.

Television surveys indicate that the service will reach 64,754,900 persons within two years of full commercialization and over 72,000,000 persons with five years.

Paramount Pictures is expected to demonstrate large screen television for theaters in New York in August of 1946.

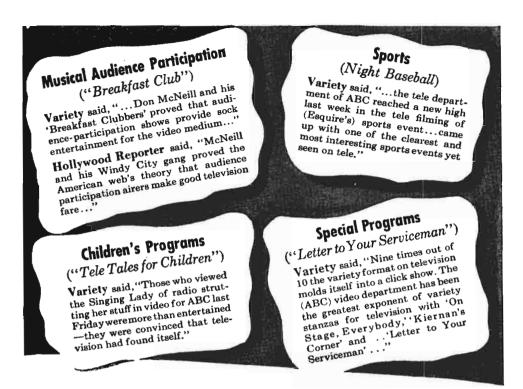
Use of television in education already being undertaken by the public school systems of New York and Chicago.

Television in Great Britain, discontinued in 1939, has been resumed on the 405-line standard.

Number of new television stations going on the air in 1946 is dependent upon availability of equipment from manufacturers and action by FCC in approving construction grants.

Controversy on merits of black-and-white television as compared to the ultra high frequency color television continues with RCA declaring monochrome ready and CBS reporting color past the experimental stage.

Programming schedule on nine operating commercial stations calls for 28 hours a week per station beginning in July, according to FCC regulations.



### Trade reviews tell you...

# Why ABC is on the

When we started in television, we knew that to make a success of it we had to establish a basic pattern in order to build television that was above all practical. In outline, it was something like this:

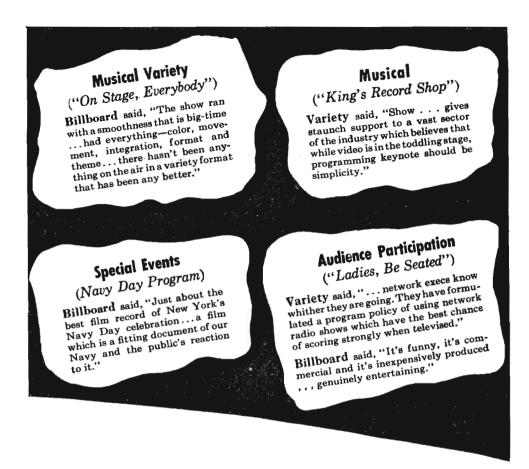
America's advertisers had a lot to do with making radio the success it is today. By competing among themselves for larger audiences, they made programs increasingly better, with the result that they, the public and the radio industry all benefited.

Advertisers and their agencies will play just as important a part in commercial television. For that reason,

the best approach to television is from the standpoint of making it a practical, economical medium for advertising.

The logical place to begin the development of television is with what has already been learned about listening audiences. New and costly experimental work in new types of programs will play its part. But right now the adaptation of proved, successful, economical radio shows with assured listening audiences is the industry's best bet in developing practical television.

Shows should be televised on regular weekly schedules, just as they are in radio, in order to build and hold television audiences. Just as radio listeners



### Right Track in Television

look forward to hearing their favorite shows every week, so will video audiences expect continuity in their entertainment.

### The Plan Really Works!

How far that philosophy has taken us in just the past few months is test told in trade reviews of ABC video shows. Some of them are on this page. Read them closely. What they say, in effect, is that in all types of video programs—audience participation, children's shows, night baseball, special events—ABC is not only on the right track, but off to a good start as well. That's why advertisers who want to get into television on a practical, economical basis are getting set on ABC today.

Schenectady folks enjoyed special ABC Christmas television programs
December 21, 24, 26, 27 and 28 on Station WRGB.

## American Broadcasting Company

A NETWORK OF 195 RADIO STATIONS SERVING AMERICA

### Television Status In Great Britain

By H. BISHOP, Chief Engineer of British Broadcasting Corp.

IN 1943 the British Government appointed a Committee under the chair-manship of Lord Hankey to prepare plans for the reinstatement and development of the television service after the war. The Committee submitted their report early this year, and the Government have now announced that they have given general approval to the Committee's recommendations. The Committee conducted a comprehensive review of the pre-war television service, war-time re-search, and the steps which should be taken to provide and develop a post-war service.

Committees

A similar Committee was set up in 1934 by the Government of the day to report how a television service might be started in Great Britain. It was as a result of this Committee's report that a regular daily service of high definition television was started by the British Broadcasting Corporation on the 2nd November 1936 from a television station erected at Alexandra Palace in the north of London. Two systems employing different technical standards were used, the Marconi-EMI and the Baird. They were using them during alternate weeks until February 1937 when it was decided that the technical standards used in the Marconi-EMI system should be adopted for all public transmissions from the London station. From February 1937 to the 1st September 1939, when the service was closed down due to the war, the standards remained unchanged, and were 405 lines, 50 frames interlaced, giving 25 complete pictures per second. The number of lines are a measure of the definition of the picture, and the number of frames, or complete pictures, determines the absence or otherwise of flicker.

These standards were chosen to give adequate picture definition with imper-ceptible flicker for ordinary domestic viewing. If a worthwhile improvement in definition is required, then the number of lines must be considerably increased, and this means that the technical complication, both at the transmitting and receiving ends, is also increased. The standards we adopted were a compromise and represented what was economically practicable from the technical point of view at that time.

#### Development

It may be of interest to say something about the development of television in Great Britain. With the aid of apparatus developed by Baird, the BBC started daily television transmissions of a somewhat primitive kind as far ack as 1929. Research from that date to 1936 permitted the establishment of a television service which the Television Committee of 1934 felt would be acceptable to the public. The system employed and the design of the London Television Station at Alexandra Palace have been fully described in technical literature (principally in BBC publications and in the Journal of the Institution of Electrical Engineers) published before the war. The period between 1936 and 1939 was itself one of development, but of rather a different kind. The apparatus remained substantially the same but there were big improvements both on the technical and program sides in the utilization of the medium for the presentation of public entertainment.

Over 21/2 hours' program a day was regularly transmitted, the time being divided between afternoon and evening sessions. In addition there were morning test transmissions for the set retailers. A wide variety of programs was produced both in the studios and outside in the grounds of Alexandra Palace. Initially these programs were of a simple character, but as time went on they became more ambitious, and producers learned how to make the best use of the technical facilities at their disposal. The studio programs ranged from tap-dancing and the lightest type of variety act to grand opera and drama. They included illustrated talks, music, ballet, revue, art exhibitions, fashion parades and frequent appearances in person of people in the news. Current newsreels were shown daily and cartoon films were frequently included.

**Topicality** 

Topicality is one of the essentials of a television service. With the development of the necessary technical equipment, it became possible to transmit a wide range of entertainment from places in the London area where intresting events, both in buildings and in the openair, were taking place. There were for example successful transmissions Royal Processions, the arrival of distinguished visitors at Victoria Station, the international tennis championship Wimbledon, boxing, cricket and football matches, performancs from London theaters, and many other notable events.

For these outside events two sets of mobile equipment mounted in trucks and completely self-contained were in constant use. The programs were conveyed to the transmitter at Alexandra Palace by land line or mobile radio link. For the former a special cable was laid round London, but where the point of broadcast did not lie on the route of this cable a method of using ordinary 40-lb. telephone pairs was developed to give the wide band-width necessary for television transmission.

This was the stage that television in Great Britain had reached at the beginning of the war. We were on the point of increasing substantially the studio facilities in London, and it was also our intention to extend the service as quickly as possible to provincial cities such as

Birmingham and Manchester.

The war put a stop to it all, and it was the task of the Hankey Committee to recommend how the service should be restarted. There are two principal ways in which this might be done. It could begin again as it was in September, 1939, with minor improvements which have become possible since that time, or the resumption of a public service could be delayed until such time as a new and improved system could be brought into service.

Guiding Delay

At first sight, it seems obvious that, provided the delay is not too great, the opportunity should be taken to restart with a new and improved system so that the public may have the benefit of a better service at the earliest moment and not be persuaded to buy sets which wil be unsuitable for the improved system which will come eventually. However, the crucial point is whether in fact there is an improved system ready to be put into public service now. The answer is that there is not, although experimental systems are being tried out. The Hankey Committee considered that it

was of the utmost importance that there should be no avoidable delay in restarting a service in Great Britain and consequently they favored opening on the basis of the pre-war system rather than waiting for the development, manufacture and installation of a new system.

Critics will say that this new system has in fact already arrived and has been demonstrated. This is true, but as every engineer knows there is a vast difference between a laboratory demonstration and the operation of a regular service for reception by the public. The Committee quoted several reasons for their decision to start up again on the old system. They felt that th pre-war transmissions had achieved a high degree of reliability and afforded a consistently good entertainment value in the home. Moreover, with certain minor refinements and particularly with receivers of better design and quality, the good entertainment value of the 1939 service would soon be surpassed. It is a fact too that radio developments during the war, great as they have been, have not materially affected the television position. War developments are not immediately applicable to the production of a better picture in the home, and, consequently, if the reopening of the service were to be delayed until an improved system were available there might be a long gap without any service at all. Finally, the Alexandra Palace equipment fortunately escaped damage by bombing and can soon be made ready for service when the skilled staff (both program and engineering) again become available.

#### Recommendations

The Hankey Committee recommended that plans should be made for extension of television to possibly six of the most populous provincial centers as soon as possible after the reinstatement of the srvice in London. These extensions would of course employ the London system. While this work was in progress they hoped that vigorous research on an improved system, having a standard of definition approaching that of the cinema and possibly incorporating color and stereoscopic effects, would be pursued with the intention that, when the new system was available, it should be introduced side by side with the existing system and evntually replace it. Finally the Committee discussed the financing of the television service, the aim being to make it self-supporting as soon as possi-

These are the recommendations which the British Government have accepted. It will not fall to the BBC, with the guidance of an Advisory Committee, to carry out the work. It is inevitable, of course, that television should be compared with the cinema. Technically the definition of a cinema picture is far greater than a 405 line television picture, but on the other hand television has an actuality value which is lacking in the cinema. Moreover it is available in one's own home by the turn of a switch.

Problems

The problem which confronted the BBC and the radio trade before the war will certainly confront them again. The number of television receivers sold in the London area before the war was about 30,000. Remebering that the Alexandra Palace station gave up a service up to a radius of about 40 miles embracing a population of some 10 millions, the number of those who bought receivers was small. Several reasons can be suggested for this slowness to buy on the part of the British public, but there were certainly two important ones. The first was that there was an unjustified air of experiment surrounding television. People were inclined to hold back until teething troubles had been overcome and until they thought that the service had been fully established. The second rason was the comparative high cost of a television receiving set. It is true that in 1939 receivers with a screen measuring about 7" by 5" and cost about \$100 were beginning to come on to the market, but a receiver with a screen af about 10" by 8", in my opinion a much more suitable size, cost about \$200 or more. This was a large sum for the British listener to spend, and he was unwilling to do so because he felt, quite wrongly that there was a doubt about the service being a permanent one and that there was a possibility that the set would become out of date in a very short time.

However, few of those who spent their money regretted their decision. Television was a nightly source of entertainment; it appealed to both grownups and children and its unique character took an increasing hold on those who participated in it. In passing I might mention that in my experience it was not easy to convert a doubtful purchaser by just one or two demonstrations. Visitors who came in to see the programs expressed great interest, but did not rush to their radio dealers the next day to play an order. Those, however, who eventually did so became confirmed television fans when they had had the set in their own homes for a week or so. This experience suggests that some kind of extended trial period in the home of the prospective purchaser will be necessary, at any rate, until television sets become more common than they are at present.

#### Technical Standards

When television begins again in 1946 the British viewer will find that the service will not have changed because the technical standards will be the same as before the war. There will undoubtedly be developments in the design of television sets within the limits of the present standards. Pre-war receivers did not always make full use of the whole of the transmitted band width and the picture suffered accordingly. One looks forward to improved cathode ray tubes, more reliable components, larger screens, and perhaps the application of miniaturization to enable the overall size of television sets to be made smaller without reducing the size of the picture. There are many difficulties to be overcome in extending television to the provincial cities.

#### **Question of Costs**

Apart from technical problems, the over-riding question associated with television is cost. In Great Britain we consider, as a yardstick, that everything connected with television, programs, equipment, number of staff and so on, is ten to fifteen times as expensive as the equivalent requirement for sound broadcasting. Before the war, the BBC operated sound broadcasting and television with the income received from receiving licenses which all listeners have to have. During the war, special arrangements were made and the BBC was financed by grants voted by Parliament. No decision as yet been made on postwar finance, but whatever is done provision for meeting the cost of television must be included. The Hankey Committee recommended that the aim should be to make television self-supporting as early as possible, but they felt that the pecise manner by which this was to be achieved was one for further consideration. There is certainly some hard thinking to be done on this subject. The prewar television frequencies were 45Mc/s for vision and 41.5Mc/s for sound. It is our intention to restart the service on the same frequencies so that no changes will be necessary to the receivers already in the hands of the public. When an improved system is introduced, higher frequencies will be used. Vigorous steps are being taken to overcome electrical interference with reception and it is hoped that there will soon be legislative powers to enforce suppression.

## Television Ready For Biggest Year

By JOHN F. ROYAL, V.-P. in Charge of Television, NBC

TELEVISION is fast shaping up for its 🗘 biggest year. Programmers are readying for the day when 28 hours of telecasting a week will be routine. Receiver manufacturers are gearing up for the largest sale of sets in the industry's history. Hundreds of new groups—advertising agencies, sponsors, cooperating groups—either now are in television or preparing to enter it soon. Networks and stations are recruiting personnel for jobs in an expanded industry—an industry that will doubtless come nearer its full flowering in 1946 than in any year prior to this.

This is the status of television today: there is in existence a complete television system, capable of being flung across the nation to form a countrywide network. Black-and-white network television is no longer a dream. Telecasts between long distances have already been made and are out of the laboratory, experimental stage. There is a known system of television transmission, of television distribution, of television reception. Vast new electronic developments in transmission —like the RCA Image Orthicon camera in distribution, like the Bell System's coaxial cable-and in reception-like the greatly enhanced black-and-white sets recently demonstrated by RCA-assure the viewer of greatly improved pictures comparing favorably with home movies.

Through television in 1946 we will become familiar with every gesture of our Congressman as he rises for debate on Capitol Hill, we will learn to know and respect our neighbors in other lands, we will see the televising of important news events, of great Broadway plays, of developments in science, in education.

Turn for a moment to two recent new program developments that will find their way to the television screen through the facilities of NBC's television station WNBT. Look first at the first permanent series of regularly-scheduled educational programs ever attempted in television. These are being produced in cooperation with the New York City Board of Education and stress the fields of physical sciences. Groups of students and teachers each week witness these programs in our studios and comment upon them with an eye toward giving the broadcaster and the educator an indication of how the

two agencies can cooperate.

Second of these new developments is the recent agreement made between NBC and the Dramatists Guild. This series, expected to start in the fall, will be titled "Broadway Preview" and will have a two-fold aim: to expand the market for new writers who otherwise would be unable to bring their plays to the attention of Broadway stage producers, and to provide needed material for television by good writers. Material—good material is the bread-and-butter of any entertainment medium. Nowhere is this more true than in television-which will doubtless eat up material even faster than any of its predecessors in the entertainment

Under the agreement, NBC will televise plays written for Broadway production by members of the Dramatists Guild. Producers will be invited to attend these previews of plays by television.

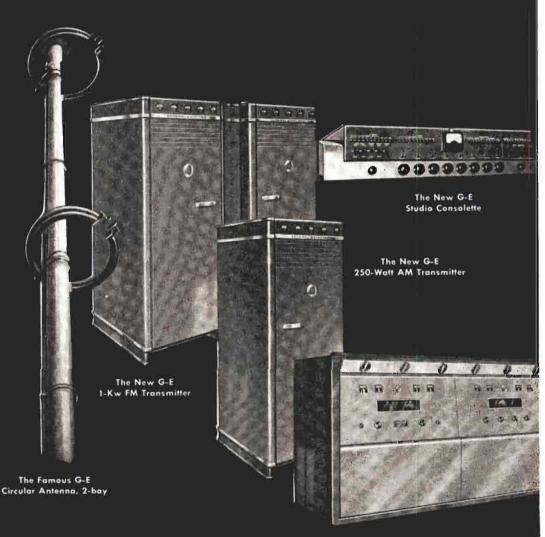
With these immediate new developments-and a host of others in preparation-NBC Television is well-prepared to pioneer further and to expand its program operations. Last year, the station more than doubled its time on the airjumping its weekly output from ten to twenty hours. This is more than twice as much as any other operating station in the country. This year, 1946, will see a steady accretion of program time which will reflect an increase in all three types of television broadcast techniques: studio, outside pickup and films.

The Dramatists Guild arrangement, as well as numerous other dramatic plans will bring an appreciable increase in variety, dramatic, and educational shows from the studio.

This is the outlook for the year 1946 the year that is certainly providing the springboard for the greatest activity in television this country has ever seen.



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### TELEVISION TALK

### A MODERN GLOSSARY

(Courtesy Caldwell-Clements, Inc.)

AMPLITUDE-The magnitude of any quantity, particularly voltage or current. AMPLITUDE MODULATION-The periodic variation of the voltage or current in a circuit in accordance with some signal being transmitted.

ANTENNA -- An electrical circuit for radiating or receiving electromagnetic waves

(radio).

ASPECT RATIO-The ratio of picture width to picture height. Now 4:3.

AUDIO-(I hear.) A term applied to any part of a radio or electrical system handling frequencies in the audible range.

BAND-PASS FILTER—An electric circuit which will transmit frequencies between two limits and reject others outside those limits.

BANDWIDTH-The number of cycles per second required to convey the informa-

tion being transmitted either visual or aural.

BLACKER-THAN-BLACK-A portion of the television signal devoted to synchronizing. These synchronizing signals are transmitted at a higher power than the blackest part of the picture, so that they will not appear on the screen.

BLANKING-The process of cutting off the cathode ray during the time it is not forming a part of the picture. This occurs when the spot returns from the far right to begin the next line and from to bottom to the top of the picture.

BLOCKING OSCILLATOR—A type of oscillator which generates intermittent

signals used for scanning in cathode ray tube.

BLOOM—The condition of overall bright illumination of the picture tube obscuring

any picture detail.

BOOSTER ANODE-A conductive coating placed inside a cathode-ray tube near the screen and because of a high positive voltage applied to it, causes a brighter picture.

BRIGHTNESS CONTROL-A control on the receiver for regulating the overall

brightness of the picture.

CAMERA TUBE—The electron tube used to translate a scene into electrical

CARRIER-The term applied to the high frequency radio wave which is modulated by the audio and video signals.

CATHODE-The electrode in a tube from which electrons are obtained, usually

by heating or by photoelectric effects.

CATHODE RAY TUBE-An electron tube in which streams of electrons from a cathode are formed into a pencil-like beam and directed by means of electric or magnetic fields over a target, usually a fluorescent screen which glows wherever the beam strikes.

CHARACTERISTIC IMPEDANCE—The input impedance of a transmission line infinitely long or a short line terminated in its characteristic impedance. The impedance is independent of length and depends on size of conductor and spacing.

CLIPPER—A circuit used to separate sigals of different amplitudes. In television these circuits are used to separate the synchronizing pulses to the video and signal.

COAXIAL CABLE—A particular type of cable capable of passing a wide range of frequencies without the usual prohibitive losses. Such a cable in its simplest form consists of a hollow metallic conductor with a single wire accurately confined along the center of the hollow conductor.

CONTRAST-This refers to the ratio of black to white portions of a picture. Pictures having high contrast have very deep blacks and brilliant whites, while a

picture with low contrast has an overall gray appearance.

CONTRAST CONTROL—A control on the receiver which regulates the video signal strength. This has the effect of changing the ratio of the black and white portions of the picture. It corresponds to the volume control in an aural receiver. is performed.

CONTROL ROOM—Studio facilities from which television cameras, lighting, shading and mixing is performed.

CYCLE—One complete set of values in any series of phenomena which repeats periodically. In radio this usually refers to one complete range of values for either voltage or current.

D

DAMPING CIRCUITS—These circuits are used to prevent high voltages from being induced in the deflection coils when the current changes suddenly.

DC RESTORER—This circuit regulates the average brightness of the television picture tube to correspond with the average brightness of the scene being transmitted.

DC TRANSMISSION—This term applies to circuits which will pass zero frequency

DEFLECTION—The movement of the cathode ray beam by electric or magnetic fields.

DEFLECTION YOKE—The combination of coils uesd to direct the cathode ray up-and-down and right-and-left to form the image.

DELAY SCREEN—A fluorescent screen used in cathode ray tubes, which has the property of phosphorescence. The light intensity of any particular spot dies out gradually after the ray moves to a new position when this material is used.

DIFFERENTIATING CIRCUITS—These circuits respond to the rate of change

of a pulse and are used in synchronizing the receiver scanning.

DIODE—A vacuum tube having two elements, one of which emits electrons (the cathode) and the other the anode. It is used for rectification (detection), that is the conversion of alternating currents into direct currents.

DIPOLE ANTENNA—An antenna consisting of two conductors, usually of equal length extending in the same straight line, with a pair of lead or feeder wires connected at or near the inner ends, is known as a doublet. For short waves the physical dimensions are such that self-supporting metal rods or tubes can be used.

DIRECTOR—A section of an antenna used to increase the pick-up from the side

on which the director is placed.

DISSECTOR TUBE—The special type of television tube used in the pick-up camera in the Farnsworth system.

DISTORTION-Any change in the original frequency, amplitude or phase of a

radio signal.

DIVERGENCE—The spreading of a cathode ray stream due primarily to the mutual repulsion between the electrons that compose it. The function of the focusing arrangement in the tube is to counteract this effect.

DOLLY-The movable stand upon which the television camera is mounted.

DOUBLE SIDE BAND—When a carrier is modulated by a plurality of signal frequencies, two distinct bands of frequencies appear, due to the modulation process, one o neach side of the carrier frequency.

E

ELECTRODE—A metallic conductor introduced into a vacuum tube for a specific purpose. It must be electrically connected t othe external sircuit. In general each electrode is referred to by its specific use, such a cathode, grid, anode, etc.

ELECTROMAGNETIC FOCUSING—A system in which magnetic fields parallel

to the motion of the electrons are used to confine them to a narrow beam.

ELECTRON GUN-That part of a cathode ray tube in which the electrons are

emitted, formed into a beam and deflected.

ELECTRON LENS—A systematic arrangement of electromagnetic or electrostatic fields, having symmetry about the axis of a cathode ray tube, as to their radial components, established for the purpose of controlling the divergence and convergence of the electron ray.

ELECTRON MULTIPLIER—An evacuated amplified tube in which one or more anodes have photoelectric surfaces which are exceedingly active as to secondary

emission. The original electron emission is cascaded by the secondary effects.

ELECTRON TUBE—A device employing a cathode, an anode and possibly additional electrodes for controlling the volume and direction of flow of electrons which constitute electric current.

ELECTROSTATIC FOCUSING-A system in which electric fields are employed

to confine the electrons into a thin stream.

EMISSION—The continuous liberation of electrically charged particles, either ions or electrons, into space (usually evacuated) from a surface. The most important case practically is where these particles are negatively charged, i.e., electrons.

EQUALIZING PULSES-These are signals transmitted after each vertical

synchronizing pulse to insure correct start of horizontal sweep circuit.

E

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION—The electrical transmission over wires or radio circuits of printed records and pictures. While this term originally referred to black-and-white reproductions only, it is now considered to include processes producing half-tone and shaded effects as well.

FADE-OUT—A camera technique in which a scene is gradually dimmed from view. FIDELITY—The faithfulness with which a system reproduces audio or video

signals.

FIELD—This term refers to one set of scanning lines making up a part of the final picture. In present standards, pictures are transmitted in two fields of 262½ lines which are interlaced to form 30 complete frames per second.

FLUORESCENT SCREEN-A chemical coating on the inside of a cathode ray

tube which emits light at the point where a cathode ray beam strikes.

FLYBACK—In scanning, the spot is moved across the screen at a definite rate in one direction for each scanning line, thereupon, it is necessary to restore it to start of the next line in a very short interval of time, say three or four millionths of a second. This return time is termed flyback.

FOCUS—In a cathode ray tube this refers to the size of spot of light on the screen. The tube is said to be focused when the spot is smallest. This term also refers to the optical focusing of the camera lenses.

FRAME—One of a series of complete pictures that are succesively viewed so as

to simulate moving scenes.

FRAME FREQUENCY—The rate at which frames are sent each second in the various moving picture and television applications.

FRAMING CONTROL—This control on a receiver adjusts the picture repeat rate to that of the transmitter. It is also called the vertical hold control.

FREQUENCY—A term applied to the rate of repetition of voltage or current or other reviodic functions.

FREQUENCY MODULATION—A process by which the carrier frequency is

modulated in accordance with the information to be transmitted.

FUNDAMENTAL—The basic frequency of a wave or sound. It is sometimes referred to as the "first" harmonic.

ß

GAS-FILLED TRIODE—A type of vacuum tube in which the elements operate in

an atmosphere of gas, such as mercury, argon, helium, etc.

GHOST—A secondary picture formed on a television receiver because the signal from the transmitter reaches the antenna by more than one path. Ghosts are usually caused by the radio signal being reflected from objects within approximately one mile of the receiver antenna.

H

HALATION-The ring of illumination which surrounds the point at which the

electron beam strikes the fluorescent screen.

HALFTONE—A method whereby photographs having various degrees of lights and shadows can be reproduced in ordinary printing, using a system of dots which are substantially undistinguishable to the unaided eye. However, the dots are graded as to size or density so as to produce the highlights and shadows of the pictures.

HARMONICS—In electrical and radio circuits the fundamental current waves are usually accompanied by others whose frequencies are equal to some whole number

multiple of that fundamental. These multiples are also called harmonics.

HEAVISIDE LAYER—The ionosphere. A region of ionized air some fifty miles above the surface of the earth. Its lower boundary acts as a reflective surface or "mirror" for radio waves. Rapid changes in the height of this lower boundary and its contour causes much of the radio interference and fading.

HETERODYNING—The process of changing frequency by combining the received

signals with the output of an oscillator tube in the receiver.

HORIZONTAL CENTERING—The position of the picture with respect to the axis of the cathode ray tube. This is accomplished by a control on the receiver.

### TELEVISION TALK

HORIZONTAL HOLD CONTROL—A control on the receiver for adjusting the number of lines per second to correspond with that of the transmitter.

Ι

*ICONOSCOPE*—A designation used by RCA for a particular type of cathode ray tube developed for the purpose of picking up the scenes to be televised. It is the essential part of a studio camera.

IMAGE DISSECTOR-A television camera tube developed by P. T. Farnsworth

in which the photoelectrons are moved past pickup aperture by deflection circuits.

INTEGRATING CIRCUITS—Circuits used to add up the energy of a number of

repeated pulses. These circuits are used in the receiver for synchronization.

INTERFERENCE—Random electrical signals which cause noise in the audio system and disrupt the picture in television. This includes automobile-ignition impulses, some diathermy apparatus, neon signs, etc.

INTERLACING—A system whereby the odd numbered lines and the even numbered lines of a picture are sent as two separate fields and superimposed to create one

frame or complete picture.

ION SPOT—A discoloration on the center of the screen of a cathode ray tube caused by heavy negative ions striking it.

K

KERR CELL—A chemical solution which changes its light transmission characteristics when electric fields are applied to the solution. An early form of a television reproducer system no longer used.

KEYSTONE EFFECT-A distorted field or background noticed in some cases

with television pictures, where the opposite edges are not parallel.

KINESCOPE—A name applied to the cathode ray tubes used in the television receivers built by RCA.

 $\mathbf{L}$ 

LENS—A radial field (electrostatic or magnetic) applied concentric with a cathode ray to concentrate the diverging electrons into a single slender beam, is called a lens.

LINE—The path covered by the moving electron spot. The intensity of the spot along this path is altered to create that portion of the picture. In present system 525 lines make up the complete picture.

LINEARITY—A term used to refer to the straightness of a characteristic curve, or a portion of that curve, that shows the relation between two quantities or circuit

factors. The uniformity of distribution of a regular pattern on a picture tube.

LINE FREQUENCY—The number of lines scanned each second. In any system it is equal to the number of scanning lines per frame, multiplied by the framing frequency.

LINE OF SIGHT—A straight, unobstructed path between two points.

LIVE TALENT—"On-the-spot" televising of events and people in contrast to

transmission of film material.

LUMEN—A lumen is a unit of light flux. A foot-candle is equal to the illumination that falls on a screen that is placed one foot away from a standard candlepower. One foot-candle is equal to the lumen per square foot of surface.

M

MEGACYCLE—A total of one million cycles.

MICROPHONE BOOM—The arm which carries the microphone above the area being televised.

MICROWAVE—This term generally refers to radio waves having a wavelength of less than one meter, that is, one having a frequency greater than 300 megacycles.

MODULATION-A process of altering the amplitude, phase or frequency of a radio

carrier in accordance with the information to be transmitted.

MODULATION GRID—An electrode interposed between the cathode and focusing electrodes in a cathode ray tube, to control the amount of emission and thereby the brilliance of the spot. This controlling effect is produced by altering the voltage of this grid with respect to the cathode.

MONITORING -- The technique of controlling, at the transmitter, the picture shading, and other factors involved in the transmission of both the scene and the accompanying sound.

MONOSCOPE—A television camera tube which contains a simple picture or pattern

used for test purposes.

MOSAIC—The screen used in an Iconoscope so called due to its similarity to that form of art wherein a great many bits of colored tile are combined so as to form

MULTIGRAPH TRANSMISSION—The condition in which the radio signal from the transmitter travels by more than one route to a receiver antenna usually because of reflections from obstacles. This condition usually results in ghost pictures.

NEGATIVE GHOSTS-Ghost pictures in which the black and white areas are

opposite to those of the real picture.

NEGATIVE TRANSMISSION—This has to do with the polarity of transmission of a television signal, or the direction of modulation to produce the light and dark parts of the picture. In negative transmission a white area corresponds to a decrease in the carrier amplitude.

0

ORTHICONOSCOPE—A television camera tube combining some of the features of the image dissector and Iconoscope.

PANNING-(From panorama). A camera technique in which a large arc of the scene is shown by swinging the camera around a central point.

PEAKING—A technique of increasing the response of amplifiers at some particular

range of frequencies. PEDESTAL—A portion of the television video signal used to brank out the cathode

ray beam as it flies back from the right edge of the picture to the left.

PHASE—A term used to designate the time relation between the maximum points of two recurrent electrical quantities such as voltage, current, etc. It is expressed in degrees of a circle, one complete revolution of which represents one cycle of one of the waves.

PHASE SHIFT—Any change in the phase relations of current or voltage. PHOTOELECTRIC EMISSION—The phenomena of electrons being emitted from certain materials when they are exposed to light.

PHOTOELECTRIC TUBE-A tube in which electrons can flow to a charged

anode when light falls on the tube causing emission.

PICTURE ELEMENT-A small section of a given scene as reproduced by the cathode ray spot at any instant.

PICTURE NOISE—Interference signals causing spots of light and other irregular

patterns on the received picture.

POLARIZATION-A term usually applied to the position of the transmitting antenna, that is horizontal or vertical. The receiver antenna should correspond in most instances to that of the transmitter. At the present time horizontal polarization is

POSITIVE TRANSMISSION-A television system in which maximum radiated power from the transmitter corresponds to maximum white area in the picture. Not used in this country.

RADIO CHANNEL-The "space" in the frequency spectrum allotted to each station. In present television standards the channel is 6 megacycles.

RASTER—A term applied to the group of lines appearing on the cathode ray tube

in the absence of an incoming video signal.

REFLECTOR-A part of an antenna system used to prevent pick-up of signals in one direction and increase it in the opposite direction.

RELAXATION OSCILLATOR—A type of circuit which oscillates periodically. Used to generate scanning voltages.

RETURN TRACE-The lines on the cathode ray screen formed as the cathode day beam moves back to its starting position.

### TELEVISION TALK

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SAW-TOOTH—A voltage or current whose variation with time follows a saw-tooth outline.

SCANNING—The process of forming a picture by a spot of light of changing intensity moving at high speed from left to right and in a sequence of rows or lines from top to bottom.

SCANNING LINE—One line from left to right of a picture being transmitted.

SENSITIVITY—A measure of the ability of a receiver or other device to produce a given output for a given input.

SHADING—The process of correcting the light distribution of the image produced by the television camera. This is a part of the station monitoring job.

SIDE BANDS—The groups of frequencies higher and lower than the carrier which contain the information being transmitted and produced by the process of modulation.

SIGNAL—The electrical impulses which represent the sound or picture elements being transmitted.

SPECTRUM-A band or range of frequencies.

SPOT—The light produced by the slender beam of electrons on the fluorescent screen. SWEEP—The uniform motion of the electron beam across the face of the cathode ray tube.

SYNCHRONIZATION—The process of keeping the moving beam of electrons at the picture tube in the exact relative position with the scanning process at the transmitter.

Т

TELEVISION—Literally, seeing at a distance. A system of transmitting a scene by dividing it, by a scanning process, into a great number of elemental areas and representing each area by an electrical signal. The electrical signals are received and used to control the intensity of a spot of light to correspond to the light and shade of each original picture area as the spot is moved over a screen, in synchronism with the scanning at the transmitter.

TELEVISION CAMERA TUBE—A cathode ray tube used to convert light and shade portions of a scene into electrical signals.

TELEVISION PICTURE TUBE—A cathode ray tube in which a picture being transmitted is recreated by a moving beam of electrons.

TEST PATTERN—A drawing containing a group of lines and circles, etc. transmitted for receiver and transmitter test purposes.

TRAP—A circuit used to reject unwanted signals.

TRIMMER—A device which permits a resonant circuit to be tuned over a limited frequency range.

v

VESTIGIAL SIDE BAND TRANSMISSION—A method of suppressing part of one side band to limit bandwith requirements.

 $VERTICAL\ CENTERING$ —The control which regulates the position of the picture vertically on the screen.

 $VERTICAL\ HOLD$ —A control on the receiver to adjust the field rate of the scanning to that of the transmitter.

VIDEO-(I see.) The portion of the television signal which contains the picture information.

VIEWING MIRROR—A mirror used to reflect the image formed on the picture tube at a convenient viewing angle.

Y

YOKE—A set of coils used around the neck of a cathode ray tube to produce horizontal and vertical deflection of the electron beam.

### American Tele. Society Awards For 1943-4-5

1943 PLAQUES

To WRGB, General Electric, Schenectady
For the station contributing most to programming in 1942
To WNBT, National Broadcasting Co., New York
For the station contributing most to television as a public service

1944 PLAQUES

To WABD, DuMont, New York

For the station contributing most to the art of commercial television To WRGB, General Electric, Schenectady

For the station contributing most to the art of television programming To W6XYZ, Television Productions, Inc., Los Angeles

Honorable mention for adaptation of motion picture techniques to television To Norman D. Waters, ATS President, 1941-1944 Special Service Award

1945 PLAQUES

To Ruthrauff & Ryan, Inc., New York, for Lever Bros. show For the most consistent effort in developing effective television commercials To WNBT, National Broadcasting Co., New York

For the most consistent sports programming or the outstanding television program "Man in White

For the outstanding television program, "Men in White," directed by Ed Sobol

To WCBW, Columbia Broadcasting Co., New York
For the best educational program, "Opinions On Trial"
For the outstanding news program, "CBS Newscast," with Everett Holles

#### 1945 SPECIAL AWARDS

To WABD, DuMont, New York

For the development of television commercially To W6XAO, Don Lee, Hollywood

For making television facilities available for commercial development on the West Coast

To WBKB, Balaban & Katz, Chicago

For preparing the midwest for commercial television

To Klaus Landsberg, W6XYZ, Television Productions, Inc., Los Angeles For constant technical excellence in television production

To WRBG, General Electric, Schenectady

For the best institutional commercial, "Conquest Over Darkness"
For the outstanding contribution to children's programming
To Paul Alley, WNBT, National Broadcasting Co., New York
on the outstanding editing of news films "The War As It Happens

For the outstanding editing of news films, "The War As It Happens"

To WPTZ, Philco, Philadelphia

For developing football television technique
To Paul Mowrey, American Broadcasting Co., New York
For preparing the American Broadcasting Co. for television
To Dan Halpin, ATS President, 1944-1945

Dan Halpin, ATS President, 1944-1945 Special Service Award

# Television Acting Viewed by Expert

By DR. JOHN REICH, Dir. of Video, Studio Dramatic Arts, N. Y.

THERE are two principal groups of radio actors today: a larger and younger group which grew up in radio and has little stage experience or none at all; and a smaller and older group which received its training on the legitimate stage, but has grown rusty in many years of radio work. The number of radio actors who are also active on stage and in pictures is small, indeed.

Television today is like a theater an hour before the performance: Money in hand, the audience is waiting to obtain seats. The technicians are ready. The stage is set. As yet the curtain is down, but already the cashier is lighting the box office. Sooner than the public expects, the play will begin—only to reveal the

inadequacy of the actors.

### Situation Analyzed

The present situation of the radio actors is not as bad as was the plight of the silent picture actors when sound was introduced; for unlike the silent film, the old, blind, simple medium will continue alongside the new, visual complex one. Yet there are similarities between screen players then and radio players now. Just as some silent picture stars were not really actors but merely photographic models, so many radio performers today are not actors but merely "voices." Then as now, the advent of the new medium favored those who had learned their profession the hard way: on the legitimate stage. Television's coming of age will force radio "voices" to study acting, or else restrict them forever to the narrowing confines of sound broadcasting alone.

New Skills Needed

Whereas radio's dramatic performers can use in television little more than a certain intimacy of speech and a sense of timing, they have to acquire new skills which cannot be mastered overnight. The radio "voice" must develop into an actor who "acts all over," i.e. with his emotion, his intellect, his body, and his voice. The television actor's principal skills to be acquired through careful instruction and constant practice are: Memorization, physical behavior, concentration, imagination, observation, co-ordination, and communion.

The first time the radio player sur-

renders his script and starts acting, he feels like a student of swimming when the teacher slackens the rope: Reproducing every speech from memory seems as difficult as remaining affoat. Not only are there one's own lines to memorize, but also many of the partners as well as gestures, movements, the handling of props and costumes. Like every serious student of acting, the radio player soon finds out that it is not a part the way he learned a poem or geography lesson at Those actors who claim they knew their lines at home but cannot remember them on the stage are not lying. The strain which results from being watched by colleagues and directors, together with the manifold distractions in the studio, account for a considerable loss in the memory's efficiency. Only with a 150 per cent sure-fire memorization can proper performance of the memory be assured.

#### Physical Attitude Important

For his characterizations the radio player need not develop a physical attitude beyond watching his distance from the microphone. In television he is faced with the task of making his body both receptive and suggestive of thought and emotion. The sheer physical task is considerable. He must learn how to sit, to stand, to walk gracefully, to be well poised and balanced in every movement as seen from every angle. Unlike the human spectator, the television camera checks up on the placing of the feet, the gesture of the hand, the carriage of head and shoulders. The "voice" turned actor needs to acquire a sense of space, the ability of maneuvering between pieces of furniture and of expertly handling objects which seem like as many gremlins to the beginner. And all these requirements are only preliminary to the creation of behavior patterns not one's own, but suggestive of a character in a play. More specifically, television's standards of physical behavior are set not only by the actor's expressive body and by the requirements of his part, but also by certain studio conditions which vary not only with the studio but also with each program at the same studio. Thus, the actor's performance may be influenced

by the number and position of cameras and floor lights, the nature of the preceding and following programs, the size and number of locations, and the size and number of studios available for the production.

Concentration Essential

Reading a well-typed script to a microphone in a comfortable sound studio is one thing; living a part before the cameras under the pressure of time and technical difficulties, is another. Only the exercise of full concentration can insure good video acting. Any scattering of concentration may produce a derailment of the actor's train of memory which cannot be rightened because there is no prompter. The player in television has to maintain his concentration despite many distractions of both an acoustical and a visual nature. The sound and music on the floor, whispered conversa-tion in the corner, and the signal lan-guage of the floor manager; the evershifting cameras and individual lights; the cramped space and the (now improving) heat from the lamps: all that makes it hard, especially for radio actors, to maintain the artistic discipline so necessary for the delivery of their parts. While following prearranged directions, signals on the floor and, to a certain extent, the movements of all cameras, the performer must at all times stay completely in character, either in his own or in the one suggested by the author.

Imagination, Observation Needed

In a blind medium which tends to characterize by voice and diction only, the radio actor's imagination is often content to suggest barely the speech habits of a dramatic character. In training for television, the broadcaster needs to develop his powers of imagination and observation in order to create all the physical aspects of a dramatic character: facial expression, posture, movement, gesture, attire, and the mode of handling properties. These physical aspects must be closely integrated with the character's speech and inner life. The radio actor has to learn how to create an image derived from the playwright's material and his own sum of instinctive and experi-enced emotions. Then he must transform himself into that image, so that the character's situations, objectives, and adaptations become his own. Seasoned with selected bits of observed reality, the imaginative approach by which the actor puts himself into the character's place, will make for honest and natural television acting. Radio's speech cliches will not work in television because the new medium exposes any insincerity of emoting, any crude pretension to being somebody else. If the actor lives the part, he will forget his own stage fright and all the distractions around him. Only then will the camera be his friend.

"Motor Responses" A Factor

The radio actor is not obliged to heed certain laws of psychophysics to which we are subject in our daily lives and which must be recreated in truthful acting. Because of his nearness to the reality of the viewer's home, the video actor—more than the stage actor—must learn how certain motor responses precede speech and how a sudden shock may freeze it. He must be able to reproduce that perfect co-ordination of emotion, thought, speech, and physical reaction which we easily possess in our daily lives but which is so difficult to obtain in acting. Because of the viewer's nearness to the set, and because of the frequent camera closeups, every flaw in the actor's co-ordination is easily detected on the home screen.

Must Forget Mike

The average radio actor's real partner is the microphone. Most of the time he addresses that static little machine and gives but scant attention to the members of the cast. A radio performer of this type cannot become a good television actor unless he learns the art of communion; for by a constant stream of give and take the video actor, even more than the stage performer, keeps in everchanging rapport with an animate or inanimate partner. The statement that the theater calls for action, the screen for reaction applies also to the television The better the video player's nervous system is attuned to that of his partner or else pitched against it, the more convincingly will his reaction register on the magic tube. To be most effective, this communion of actor and partners must be physical, mental, emotional.

### Actors Must "Think"

Some radio actors will soon find out how dangerous television is to those who speak without thinking and think without feeling. The finest speech, the most graceful gesture, the keenest mind will fail to please unless the actor also exhibits an essential human quality of his own. Not only must he play the instrument of his personality with expert coordination; his personality must be a fine instrument. On the screen a face which fails to reflect an ever-changing kaleidoscope of thought and emotion like a still picture can hold attention only for three seconds. If radio actors can be made to act not from the depth of their voices but from the depth of their hearts, television may give us what the movies so rarely offer: a face mirroring a great emotion, a body transparent with the soul shining through.

### Chicago And Its Television Future

By BILL IRVIN, Staff Correspondent, RADIO DAILY

"CHICAGO has a television future if it realizes it. It has every possibility New York has for becoming a tele center. It just got started a little later, that's all. With the advent of a few hundred more tele receivers in Chicago we'll be in the

big time in television here."

In those words no less an authority than William C. Eddy, director of television and FM for Balaban and Katz, sums up the Chicago television outlook. In his capacity as B&K tele director, Bill Eddy supervises tele station WBKB with a daily schedule which adds up to approximately 11 operational hours weekly. A television pioneer and long noted for his wizardy in radio and electronics, Bill Eddy knows whereof he speaks when he predicts a bright outlook for television in Chicago. His words also command attention when he says:

"It's more logical for Chicago to be the television center of the country because of its geographical location."

Aside from the geographical factor, Eddy points out that Chicago has the vitality, the wherewithal and the talent

to make it a television center.

"We have set our goal to be the biggest and most important television station in the country," says Eddy, speaking of his plans for WBKB. "We at B&K are showmen. Our angle is not selling receivers. We are going to be salesmen of shows. We're taking advantage of every possible thing to increase quality and standards of programs. We have found a marked increase in sponsor interest, and also a marked increase in the use of professional talent. In the near future 90 per cent of the shows over WBKB will be commercial."

In line with his announced objective of making WBKB the biggest and most important tele station in the country, and indicative of his faith in Chicago's future place in television, Bill Eddy took the first step in his wide-scale expansion program for WBKB immediately after his retirement from the Navy a couple of months ago with the rank of captain. Until he put away his Navy

blues for the second time, the job of helping to make Chicago a television center second to none had had to wait while Bill Eddy finished his wartime job of training three-quarters of a million American boys in the intricacies of radar. His efforts after Pearl Harbor to get back into the Navy a second time met with repeated failure because of several physical defects, including deafness. It was the deafness, incurred during experimental depth diving tests after his graduation from the U.S. Naval Academy at Annapolis, that caused a naval board to put him on the retired list in 1932. It was his suggestion, however, that the navy needed a radar training center which finally paved the way for his return to navy blues for the second

Eddy's first move after returning to his civilian job at WBKB was to add a new hour-long program to its daily schedule, Mondays through Fridays. The time period is devoted mainly to experimental commercial and sustaining shows, with emphasis on spot plugs. The new period was added primarily to aid manufacturers in the Chicago area in the development of new type receivers. Increased demands for time as a result of greater agency interest in the development of new video programming techniques also was a factor, according to Eddy.

Another step taken by Eddy was the signing of a five-year pact between B&K and the management of the Chicago Coliseum for the exclusive televising by WBKB of all events taking place there during the next five years, particularly sports events such as ice shows, prize fights, basketball tourneys, roller derbies and wrestling matches.

Further assurance of Chicago's future dominant role in television is found in the FCC's allotment to the city of seven tele channels. As one television executive pointed out, that action by the FCC is a "challenge to Chicago to be a major television center."

Chicago also is a major link in a proposed television network in the middle west, the first step in the establishment of which the American Telephone and Telegraph Company recently took with the filing of applications with the FCC for authorization to build and operate micro-wave relay stations which would link the Windy City with Milwaukee. Such a system would cost approximately \$500,000 and, in the event of favorable FCC action on the applications, would probably be ready for tests early in 1947. Terminals of the system would be the Illinois Bell Telephone Company's long distance center in Chicago and the Wisconsin Telephone Company's toll building in Milwaukee. Three radio repeater stations would be built along the way, one near Barrington, Ill., another in Illinois but near Wilmot, Wis., and the third near Prospect, Wis. During the experimental period the system would be used for tele transmission in cooperation with tele station WMJT in Milwaukee and any other broadcaster who might be able to use the facilities.

Paul Mowery, director of television for the American Broadcasting Company, said that the network's plans for television activity in Chicago, while hinging on FCC action, are ready to be put into operation with the greatest possible speed. "We are prepared to give television service in Chicago just as fast as possible," said Mr. Mowery.

How fast that will be is more a question of mechanics than training, he emphasized. The training of skilled television crews already is under way, so there will be no delay from the standpoint of competent personnel.

Station WGN long has had experimental television equipment on order. The date for starting such experimental operation, station officials said, depends wholly on when the equipment becomes available.

Marshall Field and Company, Chicago department store, has a post-war top priority for the purchase and installation of a General Electric tele system to be used as an intra-store selling and promotion medium. The Chicago store was the first to order a tele system of the non-commercial type. However, plans for the installation of the intra-store system have not yet been made. But store officials have indicated a strong interest in the possibilities of television as a sales medium. They believe it holds tremendous potentialities, both inside the store as a service to customers and outside as an advertising medium to consumers.

FOR PHONE LISTINGS—OF IMPORTANT TELEVISION NUMBERS IN N. Y.-LOS ANGELES-CHICAGO-WASHINGTON PLEASE TURN TO PAGES 100-107

## TELEVISION HIGHLIGHTS-1945

(From the Files of RADIO DAILY)

A review of the past year's television events indicates the tremendous possibilities of the sight-and-sound medium. Increasing momentum is evident from the upward surge of activity reported in the columns of RADIO DAILY.

#### JANUARY

- 10—Keen interest in television as an important factor in displaying and merchandising goods as leaders in the industry discussed its various phases at the National Retail Dry Goods Association convention in New York.
- 12—A last minute request for permission to televise the inauguration of President Roosevelt was turned down by the White House because arrangements for press, radio and pix coverage had already been worked out.
- 16—Slicing by one-third the number of six-megacycle channels for television, the FCC announced that it believed the current monochrome service should not be scrapped on the promise that a new color tele system would someday be ready. Instead of the present 18 channels below 294 megacycles, there would be 12 according to the allocation system announced by the commission. These channels would be shared with non-interfering services.
- 17—Approval of the action by the FCC in its "decision favoring the continuance of commerical television in that portion of the spectrum currently used by television broadcasters" was voiced by J. R. Poppele, president of Television Broadcasters Association.
- 22—Tele and FM applications will not be served on a "first come, first served" basis, FCC Chairman Paul A. Porter told the FCC Bar Association.
- 26—Robert L. Gibson, vice-president and member of the board of directors of TBA resigned because his firm, GE, had shifted him to another department in the company. F. J. Bingley, chief television engineer for Philco, and a TBA board member was elected to the post of vice-president. The board vacancy was not filled.
- 30—At a meeting of Canadian Broadcasting Corp. governors, Dr. Augustin Frigon, general manager, in discussing television prospects in Canada, said that CBC had obtained a site in Toronto for the purpose of building a television station and, he added,

that other stations would be established across Canada in due time.

#### **FEBRUARY**

- 2—Juan Trippe, Pan-American World Airways president announced the sponsorship of a new 15-minute world-travelogue television show titled, "Wings of Democracy."
- 7—Forecasting the possibilities of subscription television as a method of creating "box-office" for video, Arthur Levey, president fo Scophony Corp. of America, announced that SCA was contemplating production of home tele receivers for that purpose.
- 9—Technical employers of CBS were accorded the privilege of attending a special 60-week course in the operation of television studio and transmitter equipment beginning Feb. 12. Arranged in three 20-week segments, the tripartite course was given by the Division of General Education and College of Engineering of NYU under the direction of Dr. Peter Goldmark, CBS director of engineering research and development department, and Robert Serrell, member of CBS' television engineering operations, assisted by Mason Escher, technical staffer representing the IBEW.
- 14—Development of a new television technique known as "Tele-Minicatures" affording greater speed in production and increased economy, was announced by Patrick Michael Cunning, head of P. M. Cunning Tele. Products.
- 19—Newsreels and television were on an equal footing insofar as release dates of footage from the War Department was concerned. Only reason the tele pool received War Department footage later than the newsreel pool was that the department, in order to speed handling, did not copy the film itself.
- 20—Television, discontinued in Great Britain shortly after the start of the war, was resumed on a private-showing basis.
- 23—Maintaining their position that only the use of wide bands in the higher frequencies could provide television pictures with twice

the detail of television sets operating on prewar standards, CBS filed a brief with the FCC.

27—Blue Network inaugurated television from New York in addition to launching its regular schedule of tele broadcasts with programs from Schenectady. This advent marked the first time a broadcasting company originated and presented regularly broadcast network programs over more than one station.

### MARCH

2—Col. William A. Roberts, appearing for TBA, presented the FCC with a suggested plan for allocation of television facilities in the major market areas of the country to provide at least 398 stations. This plan was designed to utilize the 12 six-megacycle channels proposed for commercial sale.

6—First web V-E Day planning was announced by the Blue Network when it revealed that arrangements had been made with the Du Mont Television Laboratories for the use of the entire facilities of WABD for tele broad-

casts on victory day in Europe.

13—Formation of a company to produce films exclusively for television was announced by the Bond-Charteris Enterprises. The films, to be commercially sponsored, deal primarily with visualization of products for inclusion in televised advertisements. Other tele products will include 15 to 30-minute packaged television entertainments.

15—RCA showed a postwar model television receiver which projects an image of 16 x 21-1/3 inches and with FM and standard broadcast receiving facilities which will cost approximately \$395. The new receiver was a decided improvement over the pre-war sets, and displayed an image of brilliance and clarity indicative of the progress made

in electronic research.

19—Applications for licenses to construct and operate a national network of television and broadcasting stations to be linked via microwave, were filed on March 15 with the FCC by the Raytheon Mfg. Co., a subsidiary of the Raytheon Products Corp. of Boston, manufacturers of radio and tele equipment.

23—DuMont Laboratories highlighted their entertainment of the Television Broadcasters Association with a private showing of a new 20-inch cathode ray tube which had a flat surface and produced a direct view tele

image 18 x 13½ inches.

26—Addressing a joint meeting of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers and the Institute of Electrical Engineers, Dr. C. B. Jeliffe, head of RCA Laboratories envisaged television as a five to ten billion dollar enterprise which would revolutionize the present way of life.

27—CBS stockholders were advised that the corporation had contracted with Federal Telephone and Radio Corp., for the first experimental transmitter for use in color trans-

mission.

28—Television Producers Association adopted a standard form of television script along with a standard cue sheet, the latter using a three-column method.

#### APRIL

- 1—Twentieth Century-Fox leased from General Television Corp., the inactive tele station, WIXBG, Boston. The film company asked for an experimental license to operate the station. Plans include programming and the use of sound films for entertainment purposes.
- 2—Commercial sponsorship of the time breaks on the special V-E Day television programs of the Blue Network on WABD, was announced by Paul B. Mowry, manager of the web's tele department. Sponsor will be Waltham Watch Co.
- 11—Considered the first French-American program in television history, CBS tele station WCBW televised "Soldiers Without Uniforms," a drama based on the Paris resistance movement obtained from material brought to this country by Pierre Schaeffer and Pierre Garrigues, representatives of the French Broadcasting Service.
- 17—First multiple-relay television network in the world linking two major cities was proven technically practical in a demonstration between Washington and Philadelphia. This scientific demonstration revealed that it is entirely practical and possible to connect distant cities for television by a series of micro-wave tele relay transmitters.
- 26—John Ballantine, president of Philco Corp., announced that all Philco telecasting activities would be brought under one head. Ernest B. Loveman was appointed vice-president in charge and with the formation of the television broadcasting division of Philco Radio and Television Corp., every phase of the activity would be centralized under Loveman.

#### MAY

- 1—Paul L. Chamberlain, GE sales exec. told the Ad Club of Boston at a luncheon that television will supplement other forms of advertising to maintain the national income needed to keep American workmen on the job, and that a new dimension will be added to home entertainment which will provide one of the most powerful advertising media ever developed.
- 7—Bell System of the AT & T expects that some 2,000 miles of coaxial cable suitable for television and other long distance transmission will have been manufactured by the end of 1945 and that at least three-fourths of this cable mileage will be under ground by the same time.
- 15—Speaking before the Society of Motion Picture Engineers, Ralph B. Austrian, executive vice-president of RKO Television Corp.,